Cable Steamer " Patrick Stewart."

17. The cable steamer "Patrick Stewart" steamed 6,228 knots, and the engineering staff were absent from head-quarters on cabling work for 66 days during the year. The actual earnings of the ship were R716-6-10.

MEKRAN COAST LAND LINE.

18. The total lengths of this line remained the same as in the previous year, viz., 698 miles of line and 1,392 miles of wire.

The total interruptions (i.e., simultaneous interruptions to both wires) during the year lasted for 5 days, 10 hours, 7 minutes. Partial interruptions (i.e., those not affecting communication) amounted to 826 hours.

The causes of the faults are summarised as follows :-

Definitely traced to preventab	le caus	ses —			(1) (1) (1) (1) (4)	Number.	Duration. Hours.
Faulty construction .			9.61979			_	_
Faulty maintenance .						1	17
Corroded wires				Street		32	545
Working parties . Other preventable causes	Hade 1	chaft Agricus				2	3
(2001) (1912) : - 1000) : - 1000(1) : - 1000 (1) : - 100						-	
Unpreventable causes —							
Cyclones and floods Animals and birds		197.				IO	302
						1	3
Malice						8	82
Unknown causes	•					I	4

General Remarks.

19. Nothing of particular interest occurred during the year; the districts along the line remained quiet and the people friendly.

General Observations.

Great damage was done to the telegraph buildings at Manora by the cyclone which occurred in June 1902. The frontage on the harbour was completely washed away, and the two piers badly damaged. The repairs and renewals needed to put matters right have necessitated considerable expenditure.

PERSIAN SECTION.

TEHERAN-BUSHIRE LINE.

20. The length of this line remains the same as last year, viz., 693 miles of line and 2,079 miles of wire.

No total interruptions occurred throughout the year. The faults from all causes, including contacts between the wires during the past three years, have been—

Year.	1 Wire,	2 Wires.	3 Wires.
Charles Special and Marian and American	Hours.	Hours.	Hours.
00-1901	347 283 172	54 13 6	Nil Nil Nil

							w der				Number.	Duration Hours,
Definitely traced	to pre	venta	ble c	auses	-							
Faulty maint Working par	enanc								•	1980.	_	_
						•						
Inpreventable ca	uses-											
Cyclones and	exce	ptiona	l sto	rms							1	4.
Floods											_	
Lightning											1	3
Snow .											_	
Fires .				S. 100	0100				100		-	-
Trees falling	other	than	those	caus	ed by	cyclo	nes				la de la -	
Animals, bird	ls, an	d dead	d sna	kes							6	56
Malice .								1300		 23-245	IO	99
Other unprev	entab	le cau	ises								2	7
nknown causes											-	-
aults in offices											- 3	0

21. Wilful Damage.—700 acts of wilful damage were reported during the year, being 179 more than last year. They were distributed along the line as follows:—

Sub-	section.	Locality.	No. of Miles.	No. of Acts, 1901-1902.	No. of Acts, 1902-1903.
ıst		Teheran to Soh (68 miles north of	194	126	184
		Ispahan). Soh to Abadeh (180 miles north of	186	77	63
nd rd th		Shiraz). Abadeh to Shiraz Shiraz to Bushire	157 156	22 8 90	· 295

The amount claimed from the Persian Government for damages was Krans 16,456.*

Of this sum Krans 50 were collected locally; the balance, Krans 16,405, has not yet been paid.

General Remarks.

22. There is nothing of particular interest to report during the period under review.

TEHERAN-MESHED LINE.

23. This line is the property of the Persian Government, but maintained by the Indo-European Telegraph Department. It is 568 miles in length. It worked satisfactorily during the year and was interrupted for only 85 hours.

No events of a political nature affected this line during the year

CENTRAL PERSIA LINE.

24. The construction of the line from Kashan to the Eastern frontier of Persia under the terms of the Convention with Persia of 16th August 1901, was commenced on the 2nd December 1902 and 14125 miles had been completed by 31st March 1903. No difficulty other than climatic interfered with the progress up to 25th March 1903, but afterwards the work was somewhat delayed owing to material not arriving from the coast in time.

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

STORES.

25. The principal items of expenditure under this head have been as follows:-

그러 그리고 하고 그렇다는 그 1000 하나 되었다. 없었다. [6]	10. 10 - 10.00								
Stores purchased in India .									9,855
London stores, including freight,	landing	ch	arges	and	excha	nge			6,07,014
Stores from other Departments						4		19	10,258

The following were the principal issues of stores, including adjustments to the end of March 1903:—

Repairs to cable						43,917
Cable steamer .						32,452
Jask-Muscat cable					•	22,822

The issues to repairs and renewals of land line and offices in the Persian Gulf Section amounted to R29,918, and in the Persian Section to R22,521.

H. A. KIRK, Director-in-Chief.

INDIA OFFICE, 25th November 1903.

^{* 31} Krans = 1 Rupee approximately.

Inclusive of Exchange

١	A.
•	4
1	×
4	
	ij
1	ī
•	¢

SUMMARY of EXPENDITURE on CAPITAL ACCOUNT to 31st MARCH 1903.

			Mar Sa			1,22,01,205 13. 7
		CHARGES.	Bess des	CREDITS.	And	
	In India.	In England.*	Total.	Total.	7	
PERSIAN GULP SECTION.	R a. p.	A a. p.	# a. b.	, d		
Works	. 27,937 13 8	Ĺ	27,937 13	: 1		
Do. (expenditure by Public Works Department)	1	1	1	1		ellen.
Stores						•
Advances	10,718 10 6	0,01,370 10 0		ທີ		
Sales				11,350 7 0		
Purchases		1	1,084 13 6	1,700 13 2	less of	
Balance debited to capital	1	1	ı	1		
	1		1	1,40,414 0 5	1,40,414 0 5	
Deposits Scommon	1,10,050 I2 II	6,01,576 10 0	7,11,627 6 11	7,11,627 6 11	12 +60 (41) *	
Works Suspense Heads:	6,67,936 14 2	1	6,67,936 14 2			Control of the contro
Advances	20,283 3 10	1	20,283 3 10	118 800 7 11		
Balance debited to capital		1	1	6,69,329 10 1	6,63,320 10 4	
Total	. 6,88,220 2 0		6,88,220 2 0	6,83,220 2 0		8,09,743 10 6

12

APPENDIX B.

REVENUE ACCOUNT for the Year ended 31st MARCH 1903.

To NET EARNINGS from 1st April 1902 to 31st March 1903.	÷		By Expenditu	By Expenditure from 1st April 1902 to 31st March 1903.	to 31st March 1903.		erange Later of
Net Earnings on Indian, Trans-Indian, and Local Traffic, including mean rate vid Turkey.	-	R a. p.		India.	England.	Total.	
	1,154,403 39673			R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	a a
Total Common Purse.	2,010,027 0976	12,02,171 12 2					
	2,485,995 833		PERSIAN GULF SECTION.				
Fcs. To Companies as share of Department's earnings 1,679,671.878			General Charges	11 8 180,10,1	15,701 10 4	1,16,783 3 3	
To Indo-European Telegraph Company as De-	-		Line Maintenance .	51,257 10 7	ı	51,257 10 7	
to Germany on Indian traffic 3,512'913	3 1-1,711,384 2712	•	Cable Maintenance	2,39,381 11	1	2,39,381 11 1	
Straits 28.100'4711	111		Signalling	2,10,192 13 10	1	2,10,192 13 10	
	774,611 564		Torat .	6,01,913 12 5	15,701 10 4	6,17,615 6 9	
NET TOTAL Cis-Indian Common Purse	· 773,579 16\$	4.64.147 8 0	PERSIAN SECTION.				•
	. 157,211 456		General Charges	79,740 6 0	16,374 10 8	96,115 0 8	
NET TOTAL Australasian Message Fund	-319,903 8512	-1,91,942 5 0	Line Maintenance	73,047 15 9	1	73,047 15 9	
Profit and Loss. Loss by exchange on remittance from Constantinople of Ottoman	man - 921 25	•	Signalling	1,02,624 2 1	0 0 009	1,03,224 2 1	
	408 434		Toral .	2,55,412 7 10	16,974 10 8	2,72,387 2 6	
ToraL Profit and Loss	512 814	-307 11 0	Indo-European Tele-	A COST LAND	1		
Toral	2,463,189 5976		en	8,57,320 4 3	32,0/0 2 0	h	
Gulf. Persia,			Cost of Repairs, P. W. D.	1	1		
P. K	a. p.		Jask Royalty	1	1	7,792 3 4	8,97,754 1
3 2 4,040							

APPENDIX B. (1.)

STATEMENT showing DETAILS of WORKING EXPENSES for past FIVE YEARS.

YEAR.		Account Heads,		Establish- ments.	Apparatus and Plant.	Office Expenses.	Store-keeping Charges.	Repairs to Lines and Buildings.	Repairs to Cables.	Cable Steamer.	ner.	ner. Subsidies.		Subsidies. Miscellaneous.	Subsidies. Miscellaneous.
1898-99	General Charges Line Maintenance Cable Maintenance Signalling			1,87,408 61,072 9,615 2,20,049	PK	5,704 5,704 378 237 24,990	st	23,871 1,970 11,706	83,417		94,076	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #		22,590	22,590 6,171
		Total	• 1	4,78,144	1	\$1,309	514	37,547	83,417		94,076	94,076 22,590	enger in d	22,590	22,590 12,512
1839-1900	General Charges Line Maintenance Cable Maintenance	ce	• • •	1,81,589 62,603 13,430 2,32,406	111)	6,073 790 191 33,675	2,114	27,012 1,270 10,708	1,05,337	1,10,996	966	34,888	en (vin complete production)	34,888	34,888 5,998
		TOTAL	•	4,90,028	1	40,729	2,114	38,990	1,05,337	1,10,996	9	94,888		34,888	34,888 12,166
1900-1901	General Charges Line Maintenance Cable Maintenance Signalling		• • • • •	1,52,930 81,806 14,438 2,31,109	514	6,813 850 182 25,331	1,730	1,713 29,166 2,276 7,428	1,05,343	1,29,080		31,783		31.783	31.783 5.963
		TOTAL	•	4,80,283	514	33,196	1,730	40,583	1,05,343	1,29,080		31,783	31,783 12,765		12,765
1901-1902	General Charges Line Maintenance Cable Maintenance Signalling			1,55,515 80,507 11,178 2,46,048	1111	4.657 818 113 30,851	1,970	1 632 36,193 2,514 10,54	1,04,805	1,18,892		27,108	27,108 11,289		11,289
		TOTAL	•	4,93,248	1	36,439	0/6'1	50,879	1,04,805	1,18,892		27,108	27,108 17,979		676,71
1902-1903	General Charges Line Maintenance Cable Maintenance Signalling		*	1,56,381 81,203 16,361 2,59,205	(71)	11,822 1,716 237 35,672	4489	1,809 41,387 8,391 11,811	82,637	1,31,755		38,348	28,348 10,049		10,049
		ToraL	•	5,13,150	ı	49,447	4480	62.308	82.637	1,31,755		28,348		16,778	28,348 16,778 8,90,002 7,792

NOTE.—The total cost of up-keep of the cable steamer Patrick Stewart, including the pay of her officers and crew, is shown under "Cable Steamer."

The pay of the Cable Conservancy Establishment, including temporary establishment and cost of provisions, is shown under "Repairs to Cables."

APPENDIX C.

JOINT PURSE.

Table A.-Division of Receipts for past Five Years.

			INDIAN MESSAGES.	ESSAGES.					TRANS-II	TRANS-INDIAN MESSAGES.	ES.				TOT	TOTALS.		
Varia		1		PROPORTION FOR	ON FOR		Number			PROPORTION FOR	TON FOR		N. N.			*PROPOR	*PROPORTION FOR	
	of Words.	Total Net Value.	Eastern Company,	Indo-Eu- ropean Company.	Indo- European Depart- ment.	Eastern and South African Company.	of Words.	Total Net Value.	Eastern Company.	1	Indo-European Indo-European Company. Department.	Eastern and South African Company.		Total Net Value.	Eastern Company.	Indo-European Indo-European and South Company.	Indo-European Department.	Eastern and South African Company.
		£ s. d	3 3	£ s. d £ s. d. £ s. d. £ s. d. £ s. d.	2. £ s. d.	£ 8. d.		£ s. d.	s G	d. £ s. d.	" & s. d. £ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ 5. d.	£ s. d. £ s. d. £ s. d. £ s. 2. £ s. d.	3.	· ·
66-8681	2,377,812%	364,471 4 3	2 218,026 13	2,377,812 364,471 4 2 218,026 13 4 80,621 0 9 65,823 10	9 65,823 10 1	1	4,208,273	257,969 7	9 425,173 14 1	4,208,273 527,969 7 9 425,173 14 11 63,514 14 5 39,280 18	39,280 18 5	1	6,586,085\$	392,440 11 11	43,200 8 3	6,586,085\$ 892,440 11 11 643,200 8 3 144,135 15 2 105,104 8	105,104 8	1
0061-6	3,427,2152 3	365,356 15 2	3 218,761 3	1899-1900 3,427,215\$ 365,356 15 2218,761 3 4 80,715 12 2 65,879 19	2 65,879 19 8	1	4,839,343	515,226 13	4 495,c28 1 1	4,839,343 615,226 13 4 495,028 1 11 74,210 14 0 45,987 17	45,987 17 5	1	7,266,5583	80,583 8 6	13,789 5 3	7,266,5582 980,583 8 6 713,789 5 3 154,926 6 2 111,867 17	111,867 17	1
1900-1901	2,599,6644 3	91,569 5 9	234,236 15	2,599,6644 391,569 5 9234,236 15 2 86,615 2 4 70,717 8	4 70,717 8 3	1	5,972,467	721,822 17	5,972,467 721,822 17 7 581,283 19	6 86,835 5 10	86,835 5 10 53,703 12 3	1	8,572,1314 1	113,392 3 4	15,520 14 8	8,572,1314 1,113,392 3 4 815,520 14 8 173,450 8 2 124,421 0 6	124,421 0	1
1-1902	2,754,4773 4	49,345 8 7	266,608 7	1901-1902 2,754,4772 449,345 8 7 266,608 7 2 97,928 7 5 80,000 3 7 4,808 to 5 5,529,278 688,084 4 2 548,578 2	5 80,000 3 7	4,808 10 5	5,529,278	588,084 4	2 548,578 2	1 81,886 6 2	81,886 6 2 50,664 18 0 6,954 17 11 8,283,755\$ 1,137,429 12 9 815,186 9 3 179,814 13 7 130,665 1 7 11,763 8 4	6,954 17 11	8,283,755\$ 1	137,429 12 9	15,186 9 3	179,814 13 7	130,665 1 7	11,763 8
-1903 3	,549,43643	55,510 4 6	208,399 19	6 75,830 5 6	0 161,894 5 9	9,385 14 3	5,282,170%	577,937 8	3 532,445 14	1902-1903 3,549,4361355,510 4 6208,399 19 6 75,830 5 0 161,894 5 99,385 14 3 5,282,1702 677,937 8 3 532,445 14 7 79,385 9 2 49,149 17 1 16,956 7 5 8,831,6074 1,033,447 12 9 740,845 14 1 155,215 14 2 111,044 2 10 26,342 1	49,149 17 1	16,956 7 5	8,831,6074 1	033,447 12 9	140,845 14 1	155,215 14 2	111,044 2 16	26,342

• The sums shown in these columns represent the gross receipts of the Cis-Indian Joint Purse. These receipts are, however, subject to reductions on account of payments to the Eastern Extension Company on account of Australasian Iraffic, and, for the Eastern Extension Company on account of Australasian Iraffic, and, for the Eastern Extension Company or account of Straits Settlements and Java Traffic. See Appendix B.

Table B.—Division of Traffic as actually carried for past Five Years.

1			INDIAN MESSAGES.	GES.			TRAN	TRANS-INDIAN MESSAGES.	SSAGES.			77	TOTALS.		
YEAR.	100.00		PROPORTION	PROPORTION CREDITED BY				PROPORTION	PROPORTION CREDITED BY			10 pg 18	PROPORTI	PROPORTION CREDITED BY	
	Total Net Value.	Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Indo-European Company.	Eastern and South African Company.	I otal 'Net Value.	Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Indo-European Indo-European Company.	Eastern and South African Company.	Total Net Value.	Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company. Department.	A CONTRACTOR OF THE REAL PROPERTY.	Eastern and South African Company.
	3	£ s. d. £ s. d.	£ 3. d.		£ s. d. £ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d. £ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ 3. d. £ 5. d. £ 5. d. £ 5. d.	
. 66-8681	364,471 4	. 364,471 4 2 152,625 19 1	121,135 14 7	9 01 602'06	1	527,969 7 9	527,969 7 9 467,026 3 5	36,261 3 3	24682 1 1	1	892,440 11 11	892,440 11 11 619,652 2 6 157,396 17 10	157,396 17 10	115,391 11 7	1
. 1900 .	365,356 15	1899-1900 . 365,356 15 2 146,316 1 3	123,618 15 10	95,421 18 1	1	615,226 13 4	615,226 13 4 545,181 9 3	41,524 0 1	28,521 4 0	1	980,583 8 6	980,583 8 6 691,497 10 6 165,142 15 11	165,142 15 11	123,943 2 1	-1
1001-	391,569 5	1900-1901 . 391,369 5 9 170,705 0 5	11 61 786,221	97,876 5 5	1	721,822 17 7	721,822 17 7 635,133 0 8	49,829 4 10	36,860 12 1	1,	1,113,392 3 4	1,113,392 3 4 805,838 1 1 172,817 4 9	172,817 4 9	134,736 17 6	1
-1902 .	449,345 8	1901-1902 . 449,345 8 7 174,881 5 8	169,724 5 1	97,865 10 2	6,874 7 8	688,084 4 2	688,084 4 2 616,838 4 3	37,032 9 1	29,750 11 10	4,462 19 0	4462 19 0 1,137,429 12 9 791,719 9 11 206,756 14	11 6 612162	206,756 14 2	127,616 2 0	11,337 6 8
-1903 .	355,510 4	902-1903 . 355,510 4 6 165,338 11 0 113,614 12 4	113,614 12 4	57,992 8 1	57,992 8 1 18,564 13 1 677,937 8 3 624,703 7 11	677,937 8 3	624,703 7 11	22,896 4 9	20,798 15 7		9,539 0 0 1,033,447 12 9 790,041 18 11 136,510 17 1	790,041 18 11	136,510 17 1	78,791 3 8	28,103 13 1

Excess drawn out

32,252 19 2 - R4,83,794-6-0.

APPENDIX C. (1).

STATEMENT showing the WORKING of the AUSTRALASIAN MESSAGE FUND since its commencement.

				100	PAID IN.	100					DRA	DRAWN OUT.			
		Cls-I	CIS-INDIAN JOINT PURSE.	PURSE.	0				Crs-Ind	CIS-INDIAN TOINT	Purse.		•		to Department
Yes		Eastern Company.	Indo- European Company.	Indo- European Department.	Company for non J. P. Traffic.	Eastern Extension Company.	Hall share of loss contributed by Australasian Colonies.	Total.	Eastern Company.	Indo- European Company.	Indo- European Department.	Eastern Company for non J. P. Traffic.	Eastern Extension Company.	Total.	as compared with Traffic of 1889 which was 6,2351.
4891-92 (11 months)		£ 97,592	14,581	810,6	£ 436	45,612	25,114	192,353	109'45	8,158	5,045	£ 346	£ 124,202	£ 192,353	029-
1892-03 1893-94 1894-05		108,168	16,159	9.993	515 854	54,918	23,905	213,658	60,651	090'6	5,603	385	137,959	213,658	-632
1895-96		188,591	28,542	17,782	1,403	107,381	2,085	343,277	97,174	10,035	6,206	426 618	152,797 221,654	236,638	2,024
1897-98		199,209	29,865	41277	1,732	112,089	11	361,590	102,557	17,643	9,528	749	233,470	416,064	4,677
1899-1900		221,511	33,219	20,589	2,405 6,654 1,151 Eastern	103,990 129,289 83,971	111	332,441 411,262 365,620	94,369 116,640 112,945	14,098 17,490 16,872	8,719 10,840 10,436	598 740 85 Eastern	214,657 265,552 225,282	332,441 411,262 365,620	2,484 4,605 4,201
1901-1902 1902 1903	apriles.	218,684	32,642 30,825	20,197	African Company. 2,927 6,581	13,915	11	288,305 223,435	89,210 68,124	13,316	8,239 6,289	and South African Company. 1,178 2,168	176,422	288,365	2,004

APPENDIX D.

SUMMARY of CAPITAL and REVENUE ACCOUNT for the last FIVE YBARS.

		REMARKS.	
		On Capital.	Per Cent. R 6'03 6'02 7'85 7'89 4'50
	, N	Profit or Loss.	6,97,303 6,94,609 9,08,718 9,69,382 5,89,571
		Total Expendi- ture.	R 7,68,522 8,43,502 8,43,657 8,59,653 8,97,794
	ITURE.	Expenditure by other Depart. ments.	8,412 8,412 8,254 8,380 8,333 7,792
	EXPENDITURE.	Persian Section.	2,35,425 2,42,036 2,38,388 2,42,202 2,72,387
NT.		Persian Gulf Section.	# 5,24,685 5,93,212 5,96,889 6,09,118 6,17,615
REVENUE ACCOUNT.		Total Earnings.	# 14,65,825 15,38,111 17,52,375 18,29,035 14,87,365
REVEN		Miscella- neous Revenue.	9.980 14.677 32,780 32,610 13.296
	RECEIPTS.	Profit and Loss.	1391 1358 1358
		Common Purse and Australasian Message Fund.	# -2,76,764 -3,26,581 -3,13,13,210 -1,34,321 2,72,205
		Net Traffic Earnings.	# 17,33,000 18,50,500 20,32,128 19,31,104 12,02,172
ACCOUNT.	Total	Capital Expenditure to end of year.	R 1,15,53,969 1,15,31,047 1,15,75,291 1,23,91,395 1,30,99,949
CAPITAL ACCOUNT.		Expenditure E during year.	18,155 -22,922 44,154 706,004 8,097,744
	YEAR		•••••
	N.		1898-99 • 1899-1900 1900-1901 1901-1902 1902-1903

APPENDIX E.

NUMBER of MESSAGES and WORDS FORWARDED during the year 1922-1903, compared with four previous years, STATEMENT showing the

	ST	STATR.	Ö	COMMERCIAL AND PRIVATE.	D PRIVATE.		Press.	SS.	TIMES.			TOTAL.			GRAND	GRAND TOTAL.	Add or deduct Messages	TOTAL.
•	ŭ	Gulf.	3	Gulf.	Persia.	is.	Gulf		, Gulf.		5	Gulf.	Persia.	ii.			in transit.	
	Messages	Messages. Words.	Messages.	Words.	Messages, Words,	Words.	Messages.	Words.	Messages.	Words.	Messages.	Words.	Messages.	Words.	Messages.	Words.	Words.	Words.
	2				-	10 640							*		4.			
	3,941		99,966 140,907	1,707,7234	1,568	14,238	1,006	43,388	0/1	41,693	146,024	1,982,7704	1,568	12,238	147,592	1,997,0084	-1,268	1,995.740
	4332		117,603 145,436	1,895,2953	621'1	12,654	1,470	70,841	170	38,941	151,408	2,122,7213	1,429	12,654	152,837	2,135,375\$	1,528	2,136,903\$
	. 4716	144,120	144,120 162,349	2,0,5,447\$	1,754	17,478	1,283	71,503	155	38,056	168,503	2,349,126\$	1,754	17,478	170,257	2,366,604}	1,0209	2,367,625
	4,086	140,271	140,271 153,666	2,051,545\$	2,097	20,207	1,090	58,320	139*		22,863* 158,981	2,272,9993	2,097	20,207	161,078	2,293,206	2,2778	2,295,483
	2,807	100,073	189,171	2,204,938\$	2,283	23,6981	1,479	102,799		•	175,967	2,407,800\$	2,283	Balanci Mesephi (1979)	23,6982 178,250	2,431,499	5,1994	2,436,698

Norg.—Under he columns headed "Gulf" are shown messages and words accounted for in Gulf Traffic Accounts.

Under the columns headed "Persia" are shown messages and words originating in Persia to or from Indo-European Company's line, which consequently do not appear in the Gulf Traffic Accounts.

"The "Times" agreement lapsed on 21st December 1601. From January 1902 messages to "Times." London, have been put under "Press" messages.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 a.m. on Thursday, the 10th March 1904, based on the India Daily Weather Reports of the period.

Unsettled conditions have continued to prevail over Northern India during the week under review.

The burst of heavy rain which was reported at the close of last week extended into the present period and on the 4th more or less general rain was reported from the West Himalayas, the West Gangetic Plain, the North-West Dry Area and the Central India Plateau, the largest amounts registered having been 3.25" at Cherat, 2.34" at Roorkee, 2.33" at Lahore, 2.07" at Chakrata and over one inch at Umballa, Ludhiana, Sialkot, Rawalpindi, Dehra Dun, Simla, Peshawar, Khushab and Dera Ismail Khan. On the following day the rainfall decreased both in amount and extent, though it continued moderately heavy on and near the North-West Himalayas. On the 6th the weather was fair over the greater part of the country but thundershowers were reported from Bengal, Orissa and Assam, and rain from a fresh storm had commenced in Sind. On the 7th the storm which lay off the Sind coast on the preceding day had reached the South Punjab and a fresh burst of rain, which continued during the 8th and 9th, occurred over North-West India. The largest amounts registered on these three days were as follows:—on the 7th o.68" at Dera Ismail Khan, on the 8th 4.00" at Cherat, 1.83" at Srinagar, 1.70" at Chakrata and Peshawar, 1.46" at Simla, 1.19" at Khushab and 1.11" at Murree, and on the 9th 1.56" at Chakrata, 1.10" at Lahore and 0.96" at Dehra and Sialkot. On the 10th the weather cleared in the northwest, but over North-East India both on the 9th and 10th the weather was disturbed with thunderstorms and nor'westers, and over one inch of rain in 24 hours was reported from Chittagong, Calcutta, Jessore, Dibrugarh, Burdwan, Ranchi and Hazaribagh during these two days.

At the close of the week the barometer was again falling in the north-west and there were signs of further unsettled weather in that region.

The rainfall table shows that the weather was actually or practically rainless during the week over the Peninsula and Burma, but that over nearly the whole of Northern India effective rain was received, the average actual fall ranging from about 3.38" in the West Himalayas to 0.20" in the Rajkot sub-division, to 0.22" in the Indore sub-division and to 0.23" in the Bahraich and Patna sub-divisions. In nearly all the divisions and sub-divisions which received rain, the fall was largely in excess of the normal.

The seasonal rainfall is in excess in the Calcutta, Burdwan, Lahore, Ranchi, Jubbulpore and Calicut sub-divisions, and in the West Himalayas, North-West Dry Area, Baluchistan, Central India, Gujarat, South India and East Coast (South) division.

		RAINFALL D	ATA FOR WE	EK ENDING	RAINFALL DA	TA FROM 4TH 10TH MARCI	DECEMBER H 1904.	SEASONAL PERCENTAG VARIATION
RAINFALL DIVISION WITH REPRESENTATIVE STATION.	Rainfall sub-division named after repre- sentative station.	Average actual rainfall.	Average normal rainfall.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date.	Average normal rainfall.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.
		Inches.	Inch.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	9.35	
1. Burma Coast (Rangoon) 2. Burma Wet (Bhamo) 3. Burma Dry (Mandalay) 4. Delta of Bengal 5. Brahmaputra Valley (Sibsagar).	Narayanganj . Calcutta	0 0 0 0,60 1,02 0,61	0°15 0°11 0°03 0°64 0°23 0°52	-0'15 -0'11 -0'03 -0'04 +0'79 +0'09	0'73 0'17 0'01 3'12 2'46 3'83	1°30 1°03 0°59 3°16 1°87 3°31	- 0.57 - 0.86 - 0.58 - 0.04 + 0.5) + 0.52	- 44 - 83 - 98 - 1 + 32 - + 16 +
6. Himalayas and Sub-Himalaya, East. 7. Indo-Gangetic Plain, East	Dinajpur Darbhanga Bahraich Burdwan Patna	0 0'23 1'69 0'23	0°15 0°17 0°33 0°12	+0.11 +0.00 +1.30 -0.12	0.13	1°44 1°45 2°44 1°76 1°47	- 0°07 - 1°32 - 1°70 + 0°57 - 0°47	- 5 + - 91 - - 70 - + 32 - - 32 -
8. Himalayas and Sub-Himalaya, West. 9. Indo-Gangetic Plain, West 10. NW. Dry Area (Bikaner) 11. Baluchistan (Quetta)	Simla Ludhiana Cawnpore Lahore	3'47 3'28 0'31 2'54 1'97 1'02	0.64 6.29 0.10 0.19 0.20 0.35	+2.83 +2.99 +0.21 +2.35 +1.77 +0.67	6.29 0.85 3.96 4.39	8-69 5-10 1-87 2-80 2*02 4'98	+ 0.65 + 1.19 - 1.02 + 1.16 + 2.37 + 0.72	+ 7 - + 23 - - 55 - + 41 - + 11 + + 14 +
12. East Coast, North	Waltair Cuttack Ranchi Raipur Jubbulpore	0'01 0'52 1'79 0'24 0'38	0°07 0°38 0°38 0°28 0°09	-0.04	1°25 2'72 0'65	1.37 1.34 1.96	- 1.27 - 0.71 + 0.85 - 0.69 + 1.23	- 36 - + 45 - - 51 -
14. Central India Plateau .	Jhansi . Jaipur . Indore .	0.65 0.38 0.55	0.11	+0.5	8 1.49	1.81 1.02 0.40	+ 0.43	+ 39 +
15. West Coast	Calicut Bombay Ahmedabad Rajkot	0'31 0'01 0'24 0'20	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	+0.1	1 0'01 1 0'94 7 0'83	0°20 0°25 0°25	+ 0.20 + 0.20	$\begin{array}{c c} -95 \\ +270 \\ +232 \\ +\end{array}$
18. Deccan	Bellary Bijapur Hyderabad Mysore Madura	. 0'12 . 0 . 0'04 . 0'04	0°0′ 0°2′ 0°0′ 0°1′	7 -0.0 2 -0.2 5 -0.0 4 -0.1	7 0'04 2 0'04 2 0'52 4 5'27	0°54 0°56 0°46 3°65	- 0.20 - 0.20 + 0.10 + 1.60	93 - 93 - 2 - 93 - 2 + 30 + 2 + 44 +

W. L. DALLAS,

for Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India and Director General of Indian Observator

J. WILSON,

Secretary to the Government of Ind

SIMLA: The 10th March 1904.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 5th March 1904.

Madras.—The rainfall was practically nil during the week. Irrigation supplies are generally sufficient. Ploughing, sowing, and transplanting are in progress in parts. The standing crops are generally fair. Harvests continue with fair outturn. Pasture is scanty in parts of the Circars and the Deccan. Fodder is procurable. The condition of cattle is good. The price of rice is stationary; prices of dry grains have risen in some districts.

Bombay.—There was slight rain during the week in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Surat, Thana, and Khandesh and very slight in parts of the Panch Mahals, Broach, Colaba, Ahmedagar, Nasik, and Bijapur. The standing crops have been damaged by locusts in parts of Colaba, Ratnagiri, and Satara; by rats in parts of Satara and Bijapur; by blight in parts of Dharwar; by frost in parts of Ahmedabad; by hail in parts of Larkana and Hyderabad; and by recent rain in parts of Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, Broach, Wadhwan, and Baroda; and are generally in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops continues in parts of Dharwar and Canara, and threshing in parts of Nasik and Canara. Harvesting of spring crops has been completed in Poona and continues in parts of Gujarat, Ratnagiri, Khandesh, Nasik, Satara, Carnatic, and Rajkot. Threshing continues in parts of Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona, and Satara. Cotton is slightly damaged by blight in parts of Dharwar; by rats and disease in parts of Bijapur; and by rain in parts of Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, Surat, Wadhwan, and Baroda, and is generally in good condition in parts of Larkana, Broach, and Bijapur. Picking is completed in Khandesh and is in progress in parts of Gujarat, Poona, Satara, the Carnatic, and Wadhwan. The fodder supply is sufficient. Agricultural stock and water-supply are generally sufficient. Prices have fallen in two districts, risen in four districts, and are stationary elsewhere.

Bengal.—Light showers are reported from parts of Lower Bengal, Orissa, and Chota Nagpur. Rain is needed in Murshidabad and Bhagalpur. Slight damage to the spring crops has been caused by locusts in Pabna and by rain in Palamau. Prospects are otherwise good. Har esting of spring crops, pressing of sugarcane, and transplantation of summer rice continue. Sowing of early rice and jute has commenced in places. The price of common rice has risen in eight districts, has fallen in one, and is stationary in the remainder.

United Provinces.—Rain has fallen in all but five districts and was accompanied by slight falls of hail in Moradabad, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Shahjahanpur, Fatehpur, and the Bundelkhand districts. Spring crops are maturing and are being harvested in places. Fields are being prepared for extra crops and opium extracting continues. The standing crops have been slightly damaged by hail, rain, and insects in nine districts. Supplies are adequate, but fodder is reported to be scarce in Budaun and Gorakhpur. Prices continue stationary.

Punjab.—There was good rain all over the province during the week. The price of wheat is rising in Umballa and Mianwali, and falling in Jullundur, Amritsar, Shahpur, Rawalpindi, and Mooltan. The prices of other food grains are fluctuating. Pressing of sugarcane continues in Amritsar and Sialkot. Sowings of extra spring crops are going on in Delhi, Umballa, Ferozepore, Shahpur, Jullundur, Lahore, and Mooltan. Ploughings and sowings of sugarcane and cotton are in progress in some districts. The condition of the standing crops is reported good to fair in all districts, except Delhi where the crops are said to be below average. The recent rains have much benefited the standing crops. The outturn of sugarcane is reported to be average in Sialkot. Crops have been slightly damaged by excessive rain in lowlying lands in parts of the Hissar, Lahore, and Amritsar districts. Hail fell in Delhi and Amritsar but did no damage. Cattle are generally in good condition. Fodder is said to be sufficient in all districts except in Delhi and parts of Rawalpindi.

North-West Frontier Province.—Unusually heavy rain varying from half an inch to over four inches has fallen in all districts, which though beneficial for upland dry crops has it is feared caused much damage to lowlying crops. Stocks of food-grains and fodder are ample. Prices are falling.

Burma.—Slight rain fell in Mergui and Myitkyina in Upper Burma during the week. Plucking of the later cotton in Thayetmyo is in progress. Sowing of dry weather paddy conti-

nues and the pulse and miscellaneous crops are being harvested. Hill side clearings have commenced. The price of paddy has fallen in Rangoon, Pegu, Tharrawaddy, Maubin, Bassein and Mandalay, and has risen in Henzada and Myitkyina.

Central Provinces.—Light to moderately heavy rain has fallen generally throughout the provinces, the falls being generally heaviest in the northern districts and the Nerbudda Valley. The damage from rain has generally been slight but high winds and hail storms swept over several districts. In most cases the damage has been confined to small groups of villages but it is reported to be great in the Hoshangabad and Sohagpur tahsils of Hoshangabad. In some cases the damage has not yet been ascertained. The abnormal rain and wind will cause more general damage if it continues. The recent rain has, however, done some good to late sown crops in the Saugor, Chanda, and Jubbulpore districts. The harvesting of spring crops is in progress but is retarded by rain in some districts. The prospects are generally favourable. Prices have risen in Narsinghpur and in the northern districts.

Assam.—There was slight rain in the Surma Valley, Upper Assam, Nowgong, the Naga Hills, and Manipur during the week. Rain is wanted for tea in Kamrup. Tea pruning, sugarcane pressing, ploughing for rice and jute, and gathering of mustard are in progress. The outturn of mustard and sugarcane is fair to good. Sowing of early rice has commenced in Cachar and in the Naga Hills. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Sylhet and in the hills. Water is insufficient in the hills. Prices—common rice—Silchar 19, Sylhet 18, Tezpur 17, Dhubri, Gauhati, and Nowgong 16, Sibsagar 14, and Dibrugarh 12 seers per rupee.

Mysore.—Prices are generally steady. The standing crops are in good condition. Gram, wheat, and sugarcane have been harvested in some parts. The prospects of the season are good. Cattle are healthy except in parts of Chitaldroog. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg. - Rainfall-seven cents. Prices of food grains are normal. Water and fodder are sufficient.

Hyderabad.—Rainfall—three cents. The spring harvest is in progress. Late rice is being weeded. The standing crop is in good condition. Lands are being prepared for autumn sowings. Prices—wheat 12, rice 114, and jowar 31½ seers per halli rupee.

Rajputana.—There was rain in parts during the week. Agricultural operations are generally satisfactory. The condition of the standing crops and of cattle is generally good: Damage has, however, been caused by rain and hail storms in parts and there has been serious damage to the opium crop in Kotah. Fodder is ample. Prices are favourable.

Central India.—Rainfall was general during the week in Bhopal, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand, Malwa, and Bhopawar and partial in Gwalior and Indore. Agricultural operations are in progress. Crops are good in Gwalior, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand, and Bhopawar, fair in Indore, Bhopal, and Malwa, but have been slightly damaged by hail and rain in all agencies except Gwalior. Agricultural stock and pasturage are generally good. Prices are normal in Gwalior, Indore, and Baghelkhand, are rising in Bhopal and are steady elsewhere. Opium is good in Gwalior and fair in Indore, Bhopal, Malwa, and Bhopawar.

Kashmir.—The weather was generally rainy during the week. Snow fell on one day. Prices are stationary.

Jammu.—There was heavy rain accompanied with hail during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 14 to 26, and maize 25 to 30 seers per rupee. The condition of the standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient. Crops have been injured in some villages by hail.

Nepal.—There was no rain during the week. The weather has been bright and cold. The price of rice is 6 seers for the rupee.

J. WILSON, Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. HOME DEPARTMENT.

SANITARY. PLAGUE.

Calcutta, the 3rd March, 1904.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 5th March is published for general information:—

e.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of over 50,000 inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague
	1	Bombay City Dholera Port Ahmedabad City	B., B. & C. I. & G. I. P.	1,082	964
		Gogha Port	B., B. & C. I.	55	33
1		Ahmedabad District		46	4
		Broach Port Broach District		I	
		Panch Mahals District		93 64	57 53
		Mahikantha State	" "	70	37
1		Palanpur State	, ,	1,368	89
Ш		Rewakantha State Bulsar Port.	n n	159	90
		Surat Town and Port	" " : : : : : :	8 8	
	4 (Surat District		115	8
1	Northern.	Bandra Port	B., B. & C. I.		
	lort	Vesava Port			***
	2	Kelva			
		Trombay ,,	B., B. & C. I.		
1		Manori ,			
	1	Mahim " · · · · ·	B., B. & C. I.		
		Bhiwndi ,			***
		Agashi " · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	B., B. & C. I.		***
		Bassein ,	" " · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	
		Kalyan " · · · · ·	G. I. P		
		Umbergaon Port		9	
		Kon	c'i p'a p'a c'a c'		
	ì	Dista	G. I. P. & B., B. & C. I Dhond and Manmad (G. I. P.)	10	9
		Khandesh ,,	B., B. & C. I. & G. I. P	403 954	311 645
	Central.	Nasik "	G. I. P. & N. G. S. M. & G. I. P.	830	580
	ent	Poona District		87	78 150
		Satara ,,	S. M "	238	171
	\	Sholapur District	. S. M. & Barsi .	501	70 377
		Alibag Port		6	6
		Panvel " · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3	1
		Roha			
		Revdanda "	G. L. P.	76	4
		Ratnagiri Port		"	56
		Vizedrug " · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		Rajapur " · · · · ·		14	4
		Vengurla ,,			***
	ath	Dabhal ,			
	S-10005.666/S2-R0036 [A 13]	Joigad " · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		Ratnagiri District	S. M. : : : : : : : :		
200		Hubli Town	S. M.	295	232
		Dharwar District		468	340
1		Akola Port			
10		Kumta Port	s. M. : : : : : :		
		Savantvadi State		4	3
	PARTICIPATION OF THE PARTY OF T		S. M. & G. I. P	814	692
		Karachi Town and Port	N. W	111	81
		Hyderabad Town	N. W. & J. B.	9	8 8
		Hyderabad District	L.B	13	· Io
		Larkhana	N. W		
		Sukkar District	* : : : : : : : :		•••
		Akalkot State			••
	es I	Aundh " · · · · ·		21	21
	har	Tuna Port			•••
168	-0 11	Mundra ,		9	9

or ovince.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of over 50,000 inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	P
		Cutch State	B. B. & C. I.	27	
	1	Cambay State		14	
		Bher	B. G. J. P.		
		Porbandar Port		32	
	The fall of	Jamnagar Town and Port Bhavnagar Town and Port	B. G. J. P.		
		Mongroi Port			
		Jodia ,		5	
d.		Verawal Port	The second secon		
Sind,		Vawania " Kathiawar State	B., B. & C. I., Morvi & B. G. J. P	525	
Presidency and		Wallanas Town		492	
8	Political charges.	Kolhanur and Southern Mahratta Country	B.,"B. & C. I.		
nej	st:	Sachin State	a contract of the contract of	***	
ide	la la	Srivardhan Port			84
res	itic	Murud			
9	Pol	Barimandla ,, Nandgaon ,,			
Bombay		Janjira " · · ·			
3on		Janjira State	169-5066000000000000000000000000000000000		
		Velan Port	B., B. & C. L.	85	
0.1		Billimora ,, Barcda City Baroda State		540	
		Baroda State	." ."	-	1
		Bijapur "		5 4	
		Surat ,			
		Aden	Total	10,135	
		Salem Town.	. Madras	(d)71	
		Salem District	S. M.		
		Bellary Cantonment		(6)336	
			. S. M. & Madras	. 8	
		Coimbatore Town Coimbatore District	Madras, S. I. & Nilgiri	(c)117	
		Nilgiris "	. Madras	(e)114	
		Nilgiris "North Arcot "	S. I. & Madras		
		South Arcot District	[2] [2] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4		
ne		Tinnevelly District	. s. ï	: ::	
ide		Malabar "	Madras	. 53	
iras Presidency.	A.	Cuddapah " Mangalore Port		. 12	
T SI	2000	Ermala "		: (7)4	
dr		Ermala "South Canara District	Madras & S. I.		1
Mad		Madras City Chingleput District	. S. I. & Madras		
		Kurnool "	S. M. & Madras	: "	
		Godaveri " · · ·	. S. I		
		Tanjore ,,	. Madras & S. M	· (a)73	
		Madura " · · ·		: (g)2	
		Cochin State	and the second of the second		- -
	72.9		Total	815	-
	1.5*	Calcutta	E. I., E. B. S. & B. N	204	
	Presidency	24-Parganas District	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	: "	
		Khulna District Howrah Town	,, B. N. & H. A.	1	
		Howrah District	. " B. N. & H. A	: ::	
	Burdwan	3 Burdwan District		:	
		Birbhum District			
o KK	1	Chapra Town	. B. & N. W	682	
100		Saran District	E. I. "	236	
	li	Gaya Town		106	
engal	Patna	Muzaffarpur District	. B. & N. W	132	
ngar		i Darbhanga Town	E. I. "	. 15	3
	I Company	Darbhanga District		. 615	
	The second second	Patna City.		1,685	
		Patna District		. 50	100
	1	Monghyr Town		126	23
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur Town	and the second of the second o	169	45,000
		Bhagalpur Town Bhagalpur District Sonthal Parganas District		: "	
	Chota	Sonthal Parganas District			
	Nagpur.	Hazaribagh ,,		. 15	
	CORP. BULLISHED STREET, CO. C.		Total	4,321	388

⁽a) Including 3 imported cases and 1 death.
(b) "14" (cases "15 deaths.
(c) "7" "" "4" "
(d) "12" "" "5" "

⁽f) Imported.
(g) Including 1 imported case and 1 death.

cy ce.	Division,	Districts and States 50,000 inh	, and To	wns o	f over		Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
(Allahabad City .					E. I	392	39
		Allahabad District Cawnpore City				:	E. I., O. & R., B., B. & C. I. & G. I. P.	910	8
1							(I. M. Sec.)	43	3:
	Allahabad 1	Cawnpore District . Fatehpur "			200	:	E. I." . " . " . " "	114	100
	Allanabad	Banda " .	3000				G. I. P. (I. M. Sec.)	137	
i		Jhansi City Jhansi District .				:	G. I. P.	73	66
		Hamirpur "						•••	
		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -						72	37
		Benares Cantonment Benares City					B. & N. W. & O. & R		
		Benares District .			Som A	:	B. & N. W. & E. I.	47	33
1	Benares .	Ballia ,, Jaunpur City			19-11-19	:	B. & N. W	879	889
	2	launpur District .						161	161
		Ghazipur ", Mirzapur City	1000		00000	:	E. I. & B. & N. W. E. I.	323	290
11	l	Mirzapur District .						100	69
	(Bahraich District .						92	70
	12.00	Gonda " Partabgarh " .		10.0	198,21		B. & N. W. O. & R.	77	72
		Sultanpur				.!		102 26	101
1	Fyzabad .	Ajodhia Fyzabad City		•		:	O. & R.		
1		Fyzabad District .					* : : : : : : : :	231	199
	- (Bara Banki Town Bara Banki District	1000			: [B. & N. W. & O. & R.	580	•••
	,							300	579
	1	Azamgarh City . Azamgarh District					B. & N. W. & O. & R	1,260	1,20
	Gorakhpur 5	Gorakhpur City . Gorakhpur District	• •		•		B. & N. W	114	114
1	(Basti " .				:	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	265 181	152
1	r	Meerut City ,					N III	48	
	i i	Meerut Cantonment	inicality.						3
1		Meerut District , Muzaffarnagar City			100 (196) 100 (196)	:	" O. & R. & E. I.	42	30
	Meerut .	Muzaffarnagar District						69	6
1		Aligarh Saharanpur	: :				E. I. O. & R. & N. W.	148	
i		Hardwar Union . Roorkee Town .			g		O. & R		
		Bulandshahr District				:			::
1	, ,	Dehra Dun "	•	•			B. & N. W. & O. & R.		
1	ſ	Unao District .			0.00		O. & R	210	20
1		Lucknow City Lucknow District					O. & R., B. & N. W. & R. K	241	21;
	Lucknow .	Hardoi " .					O, & R "	52 81	61
	25 100	Sitapur ,,			n saidean Breitige	:	R."K	200	180
1	Ų	Kheri "						49	20
1	ſ	Etawah City .	•				E.I		
		Etawah District . Fatehgarh .					p"p.c	49	49
		Farrukhabad Town		3		:	, b, a c. i	227	227
	Agra .	Farrukhabad District Mainpuri			199	:		172 96	158
		Agra City Agra District	• •	10 Land			B., B. & C. I., G. I. P. & E I	***	***
		Etah	. 7	200	20	:	."" ." . : : : :	46	39
		Muttra District . Muttra City .	•	h. 19.				31	31
						1		34	34
1	(Bareilly City Bareilly District					R. & K		
	Rohilkhand	Shahjahanpur,, .					" & O. & R	4	5
	(Shahjahanpur City Bijnor District				:	: : : : : : : : :		=
	Kumaun . {	Naini Tal Garhwal District .			•		R.& K		•••
		Cariwa District .							
i							Total .	8,223	6,910
1	٢	Jullundur District					N. W	425	344
	Jullundur }	Hoshiarpur ,					N. W. & B., B. & C. I.	239	171
1	U	Kangra "							'
	(Amritsar City .					N. W		
	Lahore .}	Amritsar District .		•	•			56	44
1	(Gurdaspur " . Lahore " .				:		337	799
1	(Lahore "		ato more		20220144		337	

of tovince.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of over 50,000 inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Pla dea
	Rawalpindi {	Rawalpindi District Gujrat Gujranwala Sialkot Shahpur Jhang Multan Montgomery Mianwali B., B. & C. L.	7 315 238 659 559 30 23 	
Panjab {	Delhi	Gurgaon Delhi Hissar Karnal Simla Ludhiana Umballa Rohtak Rapurthala State Kapurthala State Kapurthala State Kanal State	50 60 61 2,680 145 142 104 40	
		Kalsia Maler Kotla Jind Faridkot M. W. & B. B., & C. I. Total	179 139 12 7,658	
	Nerbudda 3	Nimar District Hoshangabad Town Hoshangabad District Narsingpur Town Narsingpur Town Narsingpur District Chhindwara Khandwa Town Betul District Nagpur City Nagpur District Wardha Town Setul District Nagpur Oistrict Nagpur Oistrict Nagpur Oistrict Nagpur Oistrict Nagpur Oistrict Wardha Town G. I. P. & B., & C. I. & G. I. P.	62 (f)121 4 169 42 1 164 314 (a)2 (b)180	
Central Provinces (including Berar).	Nagpur .	War ha District Chaoda Bhandara Town Bhandara District Balaghat Balaghat Town Jubbulpore Town Jubbulpore District Damoh Town Damoh " B. N. E. I. & G. I. P. E. I. & G. I. P.	(c) 77 (c) 77 (e) 43 12 (b) 162	
ÕĒ	Chhattis-garh.	Saugor Cantonment Saugor Town Saugor District Seoni Mandla Bilaspur Raipur Sambalpur Akola Buldana Wun Basim Maraoti Bellichpur Maraoti Mental	(f)86 98 10 223 76 3 23 (f)393 152 2,522	
Assam	, Assam Valle	y Dibrugarh Town (Lakhimpur District) D. S		
Coorg		Total		
Mysore State.		Bangalore City Bangalore Civil and Military Station Bangalore District Mysore City Mysore District Kolar Kolar Tumkur District Shimoga Chitaldrug Kadur	57 70 76 5 48 65 35 15 84 42 42	

⁽a) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts and States, and Towns of over 50,000 inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	P'ag death
		Aucangabad District N. G.			
Hyderabad State		1 Bir "	& Barai	(348	13
S Pa		Indur .	생활병에 가게 있다는 나이 얼마가 그 그 사이가 되는 것 같아요. 그 그 사이를 살아 있다면 하는 것이 없다.	236	1
rab	•••	Usmanabad #	& Barsi	(2) 214	
yde		Parbbani " G. L.P.		(a) \ 156	(a) \ 10
H		Raichur		59	
		Nander , G. I. P. N. G. S	& N. U. S.	14	
		Indore City	Total .	1,028	8
		Indore State	[1987 P. 1982] ' 1982] (1982) ' (1982) ' (1982) ' (1982) (1982) (1982) (1982) (1982) (1982) (1982) (1982) (198	1	۲.
		Ujjain City	C. I. & G. I. P.	205	17
		Gwalior State		33	2
		Dhar State Bhopal City GIP		(6) 4 129	(6) 10
		Pathari State G.I. P.		62	6
Central India.		Bhopal State			
-		Mhow Cantonment	C. I. (Rajputana Malwa)	(310	(21
ntra		Indore Residency		***	
Ö		Rutlam City Rutlam State	C. t.	W (11	
		Dewas Town "		1 }	(6) {
		Dewas State Narsingarh State		41	_ 37
		Tonk State (portion in Central India)		[44]	44
ter male		Sehore G. I. P.		9	9
		Bagli	The state of the s	3	1 3
Story Establish		habua ,,	C. I.	6)4	(6) }
		laora Town		91	65
		Agar Military Station Manpur	36		
		Sitamau State			
		CHEROLOGICAL AND		. 5	(
			Total	948	
	- 1	Ajmer District			756
		Mewar State Partabgarh			•••
		Chitor (Udaipur State)		314	299
		Tonk State B., B. &	에는 사람들은 아니는 이 전투 하는 마음이 되었다면 하는 것 같아. 그런 사람이 되었다면 없이 안녕하는 사람이다.		
jputana	i	Marwar ,, Jaipur ,,		3	1
Aputana	1	Jaipur "Kishengarh Town "Bikanir State "		20	21
1		Jhalawar J. B.			•••
		Sirohi "		1	3
		Shahpura ,, Alwar			***
-	0.00	Banswara		77	46 54
-	,	Bharatpur ,,		***	***
p-1			The result for the first of the second state of the second state of the second	3	3
	r	Hamirpur-Sidhan (Akhnur Tahsil)	Total .	467	427
shmir .		Jammu City .			100 100
	1	Srinagar District		407	***
	ί	Srinagar City		191	183
-W. F.			Total .	598	395
rovince.	{	Abbottabad Town Hagara District		2000	
	(Peshawar			:::
luchis-		Sealed 1	Total .		
an.	}	Sonmiani Hirok			
	(Sibi N. W.			
			The state of the s		
		to a second seco	Total .		Total Control
1000			GRAND TOTAL .	7,243	28,919

(a) Figures from 23rd to 29th February 1904.
(b) Figures for week ending 27th February 1904.
(c) Imported.

H. H. RISLEY, Secr etary to the Government of India,

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, MARCH 12, 1904.

111

19,31,753 2,04,822 15,39,740

Decrease.

Increase.

FOR OFFICIAL YEAR.

13,53,702

13,42,797

:::

85,71,929 4,57,587 9,16,494

1,527

:

80,800

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10,000

12,757

47

73

1,400

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30

57

59,178 2,40,778

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. RAILWAY STATISTICS.

N.B.—As regards the in	N.B.—A	N.B.—As regards the n	the ngui	8		•			STEA SO SATE	atan ac arm are			RESULTS OF	RESULTS OF WORKING FOR OF	OR OF
					RESULTS	OF	KING DU	RING ISI	WORKING DURING IST HALF OF 15	-	-	1			
	AVERAGE EARN- INGS PER MILE PER WEEK.	EARN- MILE EEK.	Mean mileage	-	Total earnings for week	STEEL STREET	Earnings per mile open for week.	per mile week.	Total earnings from 1st January to	ngs from ry to			10tal carnings nom 1st April to	ngs nom	
RAILWANS.	During 1st-half	During	1903-	1906:	28th February 1003.	27th February	1903.	1001	28th February 1903.	27th February 1904	Increase.	Decrease.	28th February 1903.	27th February 1904.	Increa
	1903.	1902-03-		1				9	9	8	×	Q	R	×	•
	C4	OK.	Miles.	Miles.	۹.	æ	•	•	•	-		100			
State and Guaranteed Railways.	709	671	1,962	1,971	15,56,049 35,000 3,45,601	14,61,000 33,100 4,63,000	793 252 200	741 238 248	1,20,39,251 2,03,211 27,35,926	1,19,88,000 2,22,000 30,94,000	18,789	51,251	6,15,15,247 12,12,178 1,27,83,250	6,34,47,000 14,17,000 1,43,23,000	19,31 2,04 15,39
Bengal Central Bengal-Nagpur (incldg. Raipur-Dhamtari 2'6") Bengal-Nagpur (incldg. Raipur-Dhamtari 2'6")		534	1,569	1,569	11,64115	10,71,000	742 203 503	683 188 271	1,02,05,849 19,22,895 65,297	84,68,000	111	17,37,849 4,28,895 23,097	3,90,58,203 91,19,702 2,81,312	4,04,01,000 77,66,000 2,51,000	34.
		255	€.1	3,267 1,216 807	8,49,517 2,67,530 3,28,057	10,50,000 2,97,000 3,57,000	240 355	15 4 5 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	68,74,873 23,90,801 25,10,408	77,73,000	8,98,127	69,801	3,81,75,071 1,21,30,413 1,60,79,506	4,67,47,000 1,25,88,000 1,69,96,000	95.7
North and Robilkhand (incldg. m. g.) Eastern Bengal (incldg. metre and a 6°) Bombay, Baroda and Central India Madras	312 809 280 192	1 Keeling 12 1 Keeling 2011		565 495 845 845 845 845 845 845 845 845 845 84	3,46,792 2,48,858 1,111,777 4,263		752 280 226 133	281 232 232 159	27,58,647 19,06,745 7,64,426 33,922	25,99,000 20,04,000 8,23,000 35,000	97,255 97,255 58,574 1,078	1,59,647	1,42,14,795 1,08,21,337 40,15,184 2,24,404	1,50,81,000 1,10,20,000 41,02,000 2,34,000	77,
Rajputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Rutlam-Nágdá s' 6") Rajputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Rutlam-Nágdá s' 6") Palanpur-Deesa South Indian Tanjore District Board Tanjore District Board Southern Mahratta (incldg. GlM. Fron. sec.) Southern Mahratta (incldg. Tirhoot sec.) Bengal and NW. (incldg. Tirhoot sec.) Lucknow-Bareilly Assam-Bengal Burma Barmaputra-Sultanpur Burma Borma Borma-Hyderabad (British section)	276 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 20	8	68 1,784 336 1,124 19 1,1124 103 1,165 107 1,209 1137 231 68 1,209 231 601 68 1,269 531 1,269 531 1,269	1,784 1,124 1,124 1,105 296 1,330 1,330 1,330 1,337 1,337 1,337 1,337 1,337 1,337 1,337 1,337 1,337 1,44	5,51,536 079 2,14,866 1,314 6,53,8 1,29,053 2,59,501 4,669 5,3931 3,61,492 3,61,492 3,61,492 3,61,492 4,469	3,004 4,000 1,500 3,000 5,000 4,000	6 4 44 44 44	and the second s	119 43.40.019 35 18,19.555 86 18,19.555 13,861 13,61 13,61 13,61 140 245,218 140 25,100 74 299 27,42.534 299 28,900 28,900	36,38,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 174,000 174,000 175,000 1	22,539 22,539 74,082 74,082 6,782	7,02,019 86,930 86,5355 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9,17,25,620 98,72,949 (a)61,071 29,8,222 15,07,286 93,81,131 12,55,710 19,24,749 1,12,54,126 2,12,5396 4,53,896 4,53,896	1,97,30,000 1,10,13,000 1,10,13,000 1,10,13,000 2,58,000 6,03,000 1,10,8,24,000 1,10,8,24,000 1,10,4,30,000 1,24,30,000 1,24,30,000 2,3,5000 2,3,5000 2,4,000 2,3,5000 2,3,5000 2,4,000 2,3,5000 2,4,000 2,3,5000 2,4,000 2,3,5000 2,4,00	2000 000 0000

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901	285
128	762
4,79,200	76,27,800
5,59,738	76,83,507
4,527	16,732
4,378	25,852
901	256
119	281
DTAL	TAL
ř	GRAND TOTAL
	SRAN
ENSORGE PROPERTY.	
	TOTAL . 119 106 4,378 4,527

CALCUTTA, the 10th March 1904.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Calcutta, the 5th March 1904.

Second General Memorandum on the Wheat Crop of the Season 1903-04.

The reports indicate a considerable addition to the area under wheat. Compared with last year, the percentages of increase are about 6 in Bengal, 8 in the North-West Frontier, 11 in the Panjab, 20 in the Central Provinces, 104 in Berar, 69 in Hyderabad, and 9 in the Bombay Presidency (43 in Sind alone). The acreage in the United Provinces is not yet reported, but it was estimated in December to be 10 per cent in excess of last year's area. In the matter of outturn the reports are least favourable from the United Provinces, where the divisional estimates range from 75 to 90 per cent of the normal with the possibility of deterioration from rust induced by cloudy and unsettled weather. The Bengal crop is good, being estimated at 94 per cent of the normal, and the anxiety regarding the prospects of the crop in the Punjab and the North-West Frontier should have been allayed by the recent burst of rain over the whole of North-Western and Central India. The crop in the Central Provinces has suffered somewhat from want of rain, and 107 per cent is the revised estimate in lieu of the anticipated bumper crop. The injury from the same cause is believed to be greater in Berar which has reduced its estimate to 90 per cent. The outturn in Hyderabad is expected to be 87 per cent as compared with 85 per cent last year, and a fairly good outturn is anticipated in Sind and Bombay, except in parts of north Gujarat and the east Deccan where moisture was deficient and the Karnatak, where the crop has suffered from rust.

The provincial reports are summarised below:

In the Panjab the area under wheat is now estimated to be 7,899,500 acres against 7,789,300 acres in the first forecast and 7,111,700 acres finally returned last year. The winter rains began in the last week of December when fair to good rain was received in all except the south-western and south-eastern districts. Light rain fell in all districts except those of the Delhi Division, in the first week of January; and this was followed by a general fall in the middle of the month. Very good reports of the standing crop have been received from all districts except Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, and Delhi, where unirrigated wheat has suffered from the failure of the winter rains. Anxiety is felt over an increasing area owing to the absence of rain since the middle of January; and much depends on the rainfall of the next ten or fifteen days. (This was written on the 29th February, and since then there has been good rain over the whole of North-Western India.)

In the North-West Frontier Province the area was estimated last November at about 792,000 acres, and it was stated that, if the winter rains fell before the middle of January, sowings would be considerably iccreased. Favourable rain fell in the last week of December and the first fortnight of January, with the result that the estimate made at the end of January last, shows 893,000 acres, or an increase of over 100,000 acres. The increase is mainly in unirrigated sowings. The prospects of the crop are so far good on irrigated and fair on unirrigated lands, but more rain is required to bring the crop to maturity. (Abundant rain received since the 29th February when this was written.)

In the United Provinces after the wheat crop was sown no rain fell till the middle of January, when more or less general rain was received; but in many districts the falls were local and too light to be of much use. The rain was followed by bright weather, and no damage from rust was apprehended at the time; but February, though rainless, has been exceptionally cloudy, and some of the reports just received from the selected zamindars indicate that the disease is now spreading in various parts of the provinces. White ants and drought are also reported to have caused some damage to the unirrigated crop in places. In the Benares, Gorakhpur and Fyzabad divisions the wheat crop is not at present estimated at more than 75 per cent of the normal. In Meerut and Rohilkhand an outturn of 80 per cent is expected; and in the remaining divisions of Agra, Allahabad and Lucknow of 90 per cent. These estimates are made subject to the possibility of deterioration from rust if the weather continues cloudy. (Weather unsettled with some rain since the 26th February when this was written.)

In Bengal the season has, on the whole, been favourable for this crop, as the soil had plenty of moisture during the sowing and also in the first part of the growing season, except in Bihar, where the crop has suffered somewhat from drought at the latter part of the season and the area planted this year is estimated at 1,501,200 acres, against 1,417,000 acres sown last year and the normal area of 1,499,000 acres.

According to the estimates of local officers, the outturn for the whole province works up to an 89-per cent crop; but considering that the failure of winter rice in many districts, specially in Bihar and Chota Nagpur, induced the cultivators to sow wheat in September

and early in October, the dry weather that has prevailed since December will not materially affect the normal outturn, and the general outturn may be raised to 94 per cent of a normal crop.

In the Central Provinces the heavy and continuous rainfall during August and September interfered with the proper preparation of the land, and sowings were consequently delayed. In the Berar districts conditions were more favourable. Sowings, though late, were successfully made in a moist seed bed and germination was good. Prospects looked very favourable, but the almost entire absence of winter showers prevented the realisation of the early promise of a bumper crop. The total area reported to be sown with wheat in the Central Provinces is 2,738,000 acres, which is 20 per cent larger than last year's area and slightly above the decennial average. The estimate for Berar is 442,000 acres—104 per cent larger than last year's area, though 15 per cent less than the decennial average. The crop, though put down under quite favourable circumstances, received very little rain after the sowings were completed, and hence suffered on light soils; but the loss has not been great. For the Central Provinces as a whole the yield works out to 107 per cent of a normal crop. In Berar the district estimates give 90 per cent of a normal crop owing to the damage caused by the absence of cold weather showers being somewhat greater than in the Central Provinces. Taking both the Central Provinces and Berar together, the outturn works out to 104 per cent of normal.

In the Bombay Presidency (including Sind) the total area in the British districts is estimated at about 1,700,000 acres up to 15th February, which is about 9 per cent over last year's area, but 12 per cent under the decennial average. In Sind alone, which accounts for 449,000 acres of this total, the area is 43 per cent greater than last year's area, though 3 per cent under the average. Generally the acreage previous to the famine years is being slowly regained. Native States return 615,000 acres, which is 7 per cent over last year's area and 15 per cent in excess of the average. The crop has suffered somewhat from deficient moisture in north Gujarat and east Deccan, and through rust in the Karnatak. Elsewhere it is expected to yield a fairly good outturn.

In the Nizam's Territory, including the jagir area, for which figures are being included this year for the first time, the total area sown with wheat during 1903-04 is 1,037,010 acres, which is 60 per cent in excess of the corrected area of the previous year; but the corresponding jagir areas for the previous year have not been reported in all cases, and returns have not been received from all jagir areas. The area of the current year, excluding jagirs, of 805,000 acres is more than any year since the famine (1899-1900), and better than the scarcity year 1896-97, when the area was 772,990 acres. The estimated outturn of the current year's crop is 87 per cent of the normal, as against 85 per cent during the year previous. In parts a full crop is expected, but in others, owing to heavy rains, the sowings had to be suspended, which has affected the estimated outturn.

J. A. ROBERTSON,
Officiating Director General of Statistics.

J. WILSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

RAILWAY STATISTICS.

No. 59 R. Stat., dated Calcutta, the 8th March 1904.

PROGRESS IN THE INTRODUCTION OF, AND RESULTS OF WORKING, THE AUTOMATIC VACUUM BRAKE ON RAILWAYS IN INDIA DURING THE SIX MONTHS ENDED THE 30th JUNE 1903, TABLES NOS. I AND II.

Read again-

Government of India letter No. 62 R. Stat., dated the 19th October 1891. Government of India letter No. 424 R. Stat., dated the 21st October 1896. Government of India letter No. 225 R. Stat., dated the 19th June 1903.

ORDER.-Ordered, that tables Nos. I and II be forwarded, for information,

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, the Punjab and Burma.

The Honourable the Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces and Assam.

The Honourable the Resident at Hyderabad.

The Honourable the Resident in Mysore.

The Honourable the Agents to the Governor General for Rajputana, Central India and Baluchistan.

The Honourable the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner of the North-West Frontier Province.

The Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, Lucknow and Assam.

The Managers, North Western, Oudh and Rohilkhand and Eastern Bengal State in the margin.

in the margin.

Railways.

Ordered, also, that copies be forwarded for information of His Majesty's Government. Further that this order, with the tables, be published in the Supplement to the Gazette of India.

A. R. JACOBSON,

Officiating Under Secretary to the Government of India.

Documents accompanying.

Tables Nos. I and II, showing the railways on which the automatic vacuum brake was in use, the number and proportion of rolling stock fitted with the brake, the progress made in fitting stock since the previous half-year, and the results of working the brake during the six months ended the 30th June 1903.

Enclosure to P. W. D. letter No. 59 R. Stat. of 1904.

The same of the same and the same and the

Progress in the introduction of, and results of working, the automatic vacuum brake on railways in India, during the six months ended the 30th June 1903, tables Nos. I and II.

192,356 250,443 56,840 67,178 75,717 113,097 Statement showing, for the six months ended the 30th June 1903, the railways on which the automatic vacuum brake was in use, the mileage run by trains fitted with the brake, the number and proportion of rolling stock fitted, and the progress made in fitting stock since the previous half-year. Number of miles run by trains fitted to each case of failure. 122,017 43,629 59,085 49,027 286,091 (11) Total
number of
instances in
which the
brake failed
to act or
caused delay
in the
working
of trains. 00 13 12 20 23 11 14 0 26 10 11 (16) Percentage of mileage run by trains fitted on total train mileage. 23.88 31.84 41.40 36.20 21.61 57.90 30.27 55.21 27-32 29.03 (115) 738,924 730,844 2,754,875 686,375 858,272 806,133 ,514,842 1,538,845 3,601,225 436,294 429,834 649,940 2,336,069 2,562,361 Number of miles run by trains fitted. (14) 1.12 0.74 89 0 4.86 1.11 0.50 Percentage of braked and piped on total. 0.75 94.0 1.50 0.18 0.63 0.58 0.50 GOODS VEHICLES (excluding brake-vans and cranes). (13) 10,516 6,132 4,842 4,793 1,006 1,006 16,276 2,360 880,9 4,686 10,867 4,399 5,077 10,381 493 494 16,268 2,574 10,871 Not fitted. (12)118 118 10 10 10 10 102 104 28 29 108 108 Piped. (11) 67 25 25 153 15 15 Braked. 491 : (10) 99.99 81.23 00.08 31.22 70.41 82.80 82.92 65.63 81-75 86.13 87.50 0.00 20.49 79.83 Percentage of braked and piped on total. 65.72 68.99 2.88 82-08 COACHING VEHICLES (including all brake-vans). 6) 412 116 122 300 474 269 165 130 94 69 116 116 146 129 194 064 280 198 Not Etted. (8) TABLE No. I. 98 46 47 51 20 53 99 103 101 50 45 11 94 Piped. 3 1,414 1,416 1,773 25 1,851 480 53 1,428 647 491 1,431 426 443 557 561 595 Braked (9) 61.04 Percentage of fitted on total. 43.85 84.44 82-74 49-29 50.64 38.88 72.87 18.52 18.52 41-97 42.86 88.07 . : (5) LOCOMOTIVES. 28 116 146 386 54 53 28 512 112 105 121 394 522 35 35 22 22 101 Not fitted. (4) 20 10 74 82 548 649 383 396 129 333 358 94 64 81 84 134 Fitted. : (3) Second-half, 1902 Second-half, 1902 Second-half, 1902 Second-half, 1902 Second-half, 1902 Second-balf, 1902 Second-half, 1902 Second-half, 1902 Second-half, 1902 First-half, 1903 First-half, 1903 First-half, 1903 First-half, 1903 First-half, 1903 First-half, 1903 Period. First-balf, 1903 First-balf, 1903 First-balf, 1903 3 Railway (including lines worked). Baroda and Central India 1's Guaranteed State 5' 6" GAUGE Great Indian Peninsula Ouch and Robilkhand 3 North Western East Indian (a) Easter's Bengal Bengal-Någpur Bengal Central 96

3' 3\$" GAUGE.	C First-nail, 1908		0.00	1,043	64.61	7,637	454	3,226	71.49	634	427	62,212	1.52	2 10,154,211	29-98	86	98
Eastern Bengal	Second-half, 1902 .	•	69	51	53.64	356	47	204	66.39	6		2 2,986	20.0	189,520	19.86	9	6 . 26
7	C First-half, 1903	•	99	47	58.40	390	47	172	21.76	.:		2 3,342		-		-	
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	C First-half, 1903	¥	4	9	44.44	12	:	31	27.90	0 16	. !	123	3 11.51		31-22		
Assam Bengal	Second-half, 1902	•	44	6	83.03	198	:	13	69-66	2	:	1,465		4 (6)			•
	First-half, 1903	•	44	6	83.03	195	:	13	93.75	63	:	1,526		3 (8)			
Bengal and North-Western	Second-half, 1902 .	•	4	175	3.85	:	:	838	1	:	:	5,849					
	First-half, 1903	•	47	175	21.17	13	9	832	2.23		:	5,849	_				:
Rohilkund and Kumson .	Second-half, 1902 .	•		31	:	:		158	:	:	:	1.063					:
	First-half, 1903 .		10	31	24.39	:	:	165	:	:	:	1.154	h	•	i		i .
South Indian	Second-half, 1902	•	25	189	11.68	143	25	822	16-97	:	:	3,317	ı	314,352	17-22	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	i .
	First-half, 1903		25	189	11.68	146	25	819	17-27	i	:	3,341		316.366			
Butma	Second-half, 1902 .	•	101	108	48.33	255	46	699	35.00	94	20		2.32				68
	First-half, 1903	.1	128	108	64.54	282	. 20	920	38.55	127	10		3.06	100			14
TOTAL OF ALL BAILWAYS (3' 33")	-	•	240	1,418	14.47	959	118	6,129	14.95	112	7	1 00		1			57
2' 6" GAUGH,	First-half, 1903		324	1,410	18.68	1,051	128	6,088	16.22	145	7			-í	6-92		519
Bengal Nagpur-	Second half 1000																
Jubbulpore-Gondia extension .	Second-Hall, 1902	•	:	;	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	•			
	First-balf, 1903 .	_!	9	8	29.99	:	:	:	:	191	:		100-00				
TOTAL OF ALL BAILWAYS (2' 6"	Second-half, 1902		:	69	:	:	:	285			1	1.010				100 0 7	1
θαυσβ) (α)	First-half, 1903		9	16	61.9	:	;	328	:	161	:	1.063	:		:		:
TOTAL OF ALL RAILWATS (2'0" GAUGE)	-			49	:	;	:	214	:	:	:	837			j,		: :
	First-half, 1903	-1	:	53		:	i	217	•	:	:	836	;				1:
GRAND TOTAL, ALL RAILWAYS	Second-half, 1902	. 23	2,002	3,119	39.08	8,446	574	9,970	47.50	808	436	97,977	1.05	10,776,495	(e) 23-95		167
我 一种地	First-half, 1903	6	9170	0 000	41.90	0000											

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Excluding locomotives and vehicles in use on lines neder construction.

Brakes not brought into use,
The detailed figures in columns 4, 8 and 12 do not work up to the totals, as the latter represent the totals of all 3' 3\$" gauge railways,
Excluding the Thaton-Duyanzaik railway for which no information is available.
Calculated on the train mileage excluding that run on the Parlakimedi, Powayan, Thaton-Duyanzaik and Dandot Light railways for which information is not available.

TABLE No. II.

1	2			5
Railway.	Name or description of brakes which failed or caused delay in the instances specified in column 4.	Date of failure.	Instances under the three following heads, separately, of :— (i) Failure or partial failure to act when required in case of an accident to a train, or a collision between trains being imminent; (ii) Failure or partial failure to act under ordinary circumstances to stop a train when required; (iii) Delay in the working of trains in consequence of defects in, or improper action of, the brake; distinguishing whether they arose from neglect or inexperience of servants, or failure of machinery or material.	Number of miles run by trains fitted with the automatic vacuum brake.
5' 6" GAUGE.				
East Indian	Vacuum automatic		(i) and (ii)—Nil.	7 - 00 - 10
		7th January 1908	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 11 up passenger train lost 48 minutes between Cawnpore and Tundla stations, due to a defect in the train pipe.	
		9th January 1903	(iii) Failure of material.—An up troop special train detained 1 hour and 5 minutes at Sheoraphuli station, due to a defect in the brake of a Bengal-Nagpur railway bogie carriage.	2 - 200 2 - 20
		26th January 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—An up special train detained 20 minutes at Hooghly station, due to a defect in the train pipe.	
		30th January 1903.	(iii) Failure of materialNo. 19 up passenger train lost 26 minutes between Burdwan and Rampore Haut stations, due to a defect in the pipe of a horse box.	
		15th February 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 5 up passenger train lost 28 minutes between Mokameh and Buxar stations, due to some defect in the train pipe.	
	1	26th March 1903	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 3 up Bombay mail train detained 17 minutes at Simulia Block Hut station, due to the brakes not releasing correctly owing to the presence of cotton waste in the small ejector.	
		27th March 1903	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 7 up passenger train detained 38 minutes at Howrah station, due to a slight crack in the train pipe of a cattle wagon.	See page 509.
		5th April 1903 .	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 19 up passenger train lost 58 minutes between Rampore Haut and Sahebgunge stations, due to a leak in the vacuum apparatus of a brake van.	
		11th April 1903.	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 11 up passenger train detained 27 minutes at Bhadan station in locating defect and fixing rub- ber washers in the hose pipe couplings of a carriage.	
	. A	18th April 1903.	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 4 down Bombay mail train lost 15 minutes between Jubbulpore and Sihora Road stations, due to a leak from the train pipe nut immediately below the ejector.	
		5th May 1903 .	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 8 down passenger train lost 25 minutes between Bindki Road and Sirathu stations, due to brakes binding on the wheels, owing to a defect in the release valve of a second class carriage.	
1		7th May 1903 .	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 5 up passenger train detained 25 minutes at Bindki Road station, due to the opening out of the hose pipes between two carriages.	1

	1	2	3	•	5
	Railway.	Name or description of brakes which failed of caused delay in the instances specified in column 4.	Date of failure	Instances under the three following heads, separately, of: (i) Failure or partial failure to act when required in case of an accident to a train, or a collision between trains being imminent; (ii) Failure or partial failure to act under ordinary circumstances to stop a train when required; (iii) Delay in the working of trains in consequence of defects in, or improper action of, the brake; distinguishing whether they arose from neglect or inexperience of servants, or failure of machinery or material.	Number of mile run by trains fittee with the automatic vacuum brake.
5' 6"	GAUGE-contd.	personal and the state of the s			Trace Laborator
East	Indian—concld.	Vacuum automatic	22nd May 1903	. (iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 10 down loop mail train lost 15 minutes between Dumra and Jamalpur stations, due to leaks in the pistons of 3 carriages.	
	Programme of the state of the s	These of the second sec	26th May 1903	. (iii) Failure of material.—No. 12 down passenger train detained 15 minutes between Mooduncutta Block Hut and Karmatar stations, due to a break in the train pipe of a wagon.	
			26th May 1903	. (iii) Neglect of servants —No. 12 down passenger train detained 10 minutes at Khaga and 20 minutes at the level crossing outside the distant signal at Allahabad station, due to the opening out of the hose coupling between 2 carriages.	
	- 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12	A NAME OF STREET	28th May 1903	. (iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 7 up passenger train lost 65 minutes between Manauri and Bharwari stations, due to the break-	2,562,361
	Maria in analy	See the control of th	29th May 1903 .	THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF A STATE OF A STATE OF THE ST	
			17th June 1903.		
	1 page 100 1 112 pg 1	#200 P	28th June 1903.		
			29th June 1903.	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 6 down passenger train lost 46 minutes between Manaupur and Madhupur stations, due to the connection with the indicator in the guard's brake-van having slackened back.	-
Eastern	Bengal . V	acuum automatic		(i) and (ii)—Nil.	
			14th February 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 33 up passenger train started 22 minutes late from Sealdah station, due to a leak in the train pipe between the engine and tender.	
			19th March 1903	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 10 down local train detained 5 minutes at Tittaghur station, due to a leak in the pipe of a third class carriage.	46-17
			lst April 1903 .		See page 510.
The state of the s		7	th April 1903 .	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 21 up Darjeeling mail train lost 35 minutes between Sealdah and Barrackpore stations, due to wet steam having been allowed to pass into the ejector.	

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TABLE No. 11-contd.

1	2	3		. 6
Railway.	Name or description of brakes which failed or caused delay in the instances specified in column 4.	Date of failure.	Instances under the three following hears, separately, of :— (i) Failure or partial failure to act when required in case of an accident to a train, or a collision between trains being imminent; (ii) Failure or partial failure to act under ordinary circumstances to stop a train when required; (iii) Delay in the working of trains in consequence of defects in, or improper action of, the brake; distinguishing whether they arose from neglect or inexperience of servants, or failure of machinery or material.	Number of miles run by trains fitted with the automatic vacuum brake.
5' 6" GAUGE. Eastern Bengal— concld.	Vacuum automatic	22nd April 1903	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 178 down passenger train worked non-vacuum from Beliaghata to Budge-Budge station, due to a defect in the train pipe.	
		22nd April 1903	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 114 down passenger train worked non-vacuum from Garia to Baruipur station, due to a leak in the pipe of a brake van.	
		18th June 1903.	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 8 down mail train detained 5 minutes at Poradaha station, due to imperfect coupling of the universal hose pipe between a fish yan and the brake van.	42 9,834
		19th June 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 119 up mail train worked non-vacuum between Sonarpur and Beliaghata stations, due to a leak in the train pipe of a third class carriage.	
-		29th June 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 36 down mail train detained 10 minutes at Chooadangah station, due to the hose pipe of a composite carriage getting torn below the clamp.	
Bengal-Nágpur	· Vacuum automatic		(i) and (ii)—Nil.	
		2nd February 1903.	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 15 down passenger train detained 8 minutes at Kalimati station for locating brakes in the pistons of two carriages.	
		5th February 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 52 up Panch- kura local train detained 28 minutes at Bauria and worked non-vacuum to Ma- chada station, due to the pipe of the engine having burst in several places.	
		6th February 1903.	(iii) Failure of machinery.—An up inspection special train worked non-vacuum from Champa to Bilaspur station, due to the driver not being able to maintain steam on account of the continual choking of tubes.	
		8th February 1903.	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 15 down passenger train detained 5 minutes at Ghatsila station, due to leaks in the pistorubber neck rings and hose couplings of some carriages.	n
		13th February 1903.	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 4 up mail train lost 19 minutes between Khurda Road and mile 469, due to a defect in the vacuum. The train worked non-vacuum from mile 469 to Waltair.	
		25th February 1903.	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 5 down pas senger train lost 5 minutes between Khurda Road and Bhubaneswar stations due to the piston of a carriage truck having jammed in the cylinder.	1
	A provide a contract of the co	5th March 1903	train detained 5 minutes at Khargpu station distant signal, due to the displace ment of the hose pipe of a rear brake va	r -
usalinge in a		23rd Maich 1903	3 (iii) Failure of material.—No. 4 up mail traidetained 16 minutes at Khargpur station due to the bursting of the train pipe.	0,

***************************************	2	3		
Kailway.	Name or description of brakes which failed or caused delay in the instances specified in column 4.		Instances under the three following heads, separately, of: (i) Failure or partial failure to act when required in case of an accident to a train, or a collision between trains being imminent; (ii) Failure or partial failure to act under ordinary circumstances to stop a train when required; (iii) Delay in the working of trains in consequence of defects in, or improper action of, the brake; distinguishing whether they arose from neglect or inexperience of servants, or failure of machinery or material.	Number of miles run by trains fitted with the automatic vacuum brake,
6' GAUGE-contd.			State of the state	
Bengal-Nágpur	Vacuum automatic	28th March 1903	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 12 up passenger train detained 18 minutes at Surdiah station, due to leaks in 2 third class carriages. The vacuum was destroyed and the train worked non-vacuum to Sini station.	
		12th May 1903 .	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 1 down mail train detained 10 minutes at Gangajhiri station for releasing carriage brakes, due to failure of engine vacuum.	-9%
		14th May 1903 .	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 1 down mail train detained 4 minutes at Mehdibagh station, and 7 minutes at Kamptee station distant signal, due to inability to create vacuum in consequence of the brake blocks of 3 carriages gripping the wheels.	686,375
		31st May 1903 .	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 9 down Macháda local train detained 10 minutes at Machá- da station, due to the washer of the hose pipe having been allowed to double up while coupling.	
		29th June 1903.	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 10 up Panch- kura local train lost 16 minutes between Ulubaria and Bagnan stations in creat- ing vacuum due to a piece of waste having adhered to the train pipe.	
		30th June 1903 .	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 12 up passenger train detained 27 minutes at Gidni station, due to the valve in the front brake van having got off its face owing to a heavy storm and rain.	
dh and Rohilkhand	Vacuum automatic		(i) and (ii)—Nil.	
		15th January 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 6 down passenger train detained 25 minutes at mile 368, due to the piston packing rings of 2 third class carriages having perished.	(m) (1)
		24th January 1903.	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 6 down passenger train detained 17 minutes at Shahjahan-pur station, due to a second class carriage being deficient of a hose pipe rubber ring.	- 127 - 127 - 128 - 128
		26th January 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 5 up passenger train detained 23 minutes at Fatehganj station, due to the vacuum piston of the engine blowing.	* 200
		28th January 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 5 up passenger train detained 25 minutes at mile 421, due to the piston rubber bushes of two brake vans and 5 third class carriages blowing.	See page 512.
		18th March 1903	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 5 up passenger train detained 8 minutes at Bareilly station, due to a horse-box being deficient of both rubber washers.	
	Annual Control of the	24th March 1903	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 5 up passenger train detained 15 minutes at Lucknow station, due to the ball valve release lever and a spindle of a third class carriage having jammed with dust.	

1	2	3	4	5
Railway.	Name or description of brakes which failed or caused delay in the instances specified in column 4.	Date of failure.	Instances under the three following heads, separately, of: (i) Failure or partial failure to act when required in case of an accident to a train, or a collision between trains being imminent; (ii) Failure or partial failure to act under ordinary circumstances to stop a train when required; (iii) Delay in the working of trains in consequence of defects in, or improper action of, the brake; distinguishing whether they arose from neglect or inexperience of servants, or failure of machinery or material.	Number of mirun by trains att with the automa vacuum brake,
5' 6" GAUGB-contd.				200 1 2 2 1 Ave 20
Oudh and Rohilkhand — concld.	Vacuum automatic	26th March 1903	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 5 up passenger train detained 10 minutes at Rampur station, due to the pipe connecting the engine cylinder with the train pipe having got damaged.	
		lst April 1903 .	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 5 up passenger train lost 20 minutes between Bareilly and Bhitaura stations, due to the univer- sal coupling rubber washer of a North Western railway horse box being deficient.	
		19th April 1903.	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 150 down passenger train on Delhi branch detained 9 minutes at Bagsar station, due to the displacement of the dummy carrier of a 1st class carriage having prevented the coupling fitting tight.	806,133
		11th May 1903 .	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 6 down passenger train detained 15 minutes at Shahjahan-pur station, due to the universal hose pipe coupling of a reserved carriage being deficient of rubber washer.	000,100
		14th May 1903 .	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 5 up passenger train detained 10 minutes at Moradabad station, due to the piston rod packing of a third class carriage and the brake-van drawing air.	
		14th May 1903 .	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 10 down passenger train detained 10 minutes at Lucknow station, due to leaks in the vacuum diaphragms of 2 third class carriages.	
North Western.	Vacuum automatic	•••	(i) and (ii) -Nil.	
		24th January 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 10 down passenger train detained 10 minutes at Bhatinda station, due to the piston rod packing ring of a third class carriage drawing air.	
		1st February 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 8 down mail train detained 10 minutes at Meting station, due to a leak in the T joint of the train pipe of a third class carriage, and a hole in the hose pipe rubber washer of a second class carriage.	
		22nd February 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 2 down mail train detained 28 minutes at Saharanpur station, due to a defect in the universal hose pipe of a third class carriage.	See page 518.
		22nd February 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 1 up mail train detained 40 minutes at Saharanpur station, due to the universal hose pipe of an Oudh and Rohilkhand railway brake- van having perished.	
	Remarks	28th February 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 1 up mail train detained 15 minutes at Saharanpur station, due to a defect in the hose pipe of an Oudh and Rohilkhand railway brake-van.	,

1	2	3	4	8_
Railway.	Name or description of brakes which fuled or caused delay in the instances specified in column 4.		Instances under the three following heads, separately, of: (i) Failure or partial failure to act when required in case of an accident to a train, or a collision between trains being imminent; (ii) Failure or partial failure to act under ordinary circumstances to stop a train when required; (iii) Delay in the working of trains in consequence of defects in, or improper action of, the brake; distinguishing whether they arose from neglect or inexperience of servants, or failure of machinery or material.	Number of mile run by trains fitte with the automati vacuum brake.
5'6" GAUGE-contd.				
North Western— concld.	Vacuum automatic	28th May 1903	. (iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 12 down passenger train detained 5 minutes at Ghazia-bad station, due to adhesion of the vacuum piston of the engine.	
		12th June 1903.	(iii) Accidental.—No. 8 down mail train detained 10 minutes at Khairpur and 14 minutes at Setharja stations in releasing brake, due to the engine ball valve hose pipe getting burnt by live coal from the ash pan coming in contact with the hose pipe	1,538,845
		17th June 1903 .	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 17 up mixed train detained 13 minutes at Meerut Cantonment station, due to the universal hose pipe of 2 second class carriages being deficient of washers.	
Great Indian Penin- sula.	Vacuum automatic		(i) and (ii) - Nil.	
		3rd January 1903	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 16 up passenger train lost 21 minutes and worked non-vacuum between Talbahat and Bina stations, due to a leak in a third class carriage and in the train pipe of the engine.	* .
		21st January 1903.	(iii) Failure of machinery.—The driver of No. 14 up passenger train was unable to maintain sufficient vacuum between Bhopal and Misrod, due to a leak caused by the boiler being dirty.	
Agen		27th January 1903.	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 16 up passenger train detained 16 minutes at Bina station, to replace a Clayton washer on a third class carriage.	
	and the second of the second o	Blst January 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 14 up passenger train lost 15 minutes on the journey and worked non-automatic from Saiyan to Jhansi station, due to a leak in a Clayton coupling rubber washer of a second class carriage.	See page 51 L
		Oth February 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 5 down mail train lost 11 minutes between Hosbangabad and Bhopal stations, due to the auxiliary copper pipe of the engine breaking.	
Au 200 20 1 200 0	STATE OF THE STATE OF	25th February 1903.	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 15 down passenger train lost 10 minutes at Byculla and Kalyan stations, due to the pipe of the rear brake-van rising off the plug.	
	STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA		(iii) Failure of material.—No. 30 up passenger train lost 17 minutes between Shahabad and Sholapur stations, due to a leak through the Clayton coupling washer of a third class carriage.	*
		Walle Brown	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 16 up passenger train detained 47 minutes at Agra Fort station, due to the hose pipe of three carriages being deficient of Clayton coupling washers.	

TABLE No. 11-contd.

1 .	2	3	4	- 5
Railway.	Name or description of brakes which failed or caused delay in the instances specified in column 4.	Date of failure.	Instances under the three following heads, separately, of :— (i) Failure or partial failure to act when required in case of an accident to a train, or a collision between trains being imminent; (ii) Failure or partial failure to act under ordinary circumstances to stop a train when required; (iii) Delay in the working of trains in consequence of defects in, or improper action of the brake; distinguishing whether they arose from neglect or inexperience of servants, or failure of machinery or material.	Number of a run by trains with the autor vacuum brake
5' 6" GAUGE—contd. Great Indian Penin- sula—concld.	Vacuum automatic.	29th April 1903.	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 28 up passenger train worked non-automatic from Lakh to Dhond station, due to a bolt and washer of the clappet valve metal disc having worked loose and dropped down the train pipe into the drip trap, and the driver being unable to maintain sufficient vacuum.	
		25th May 1903 .	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 2 up mail train detained 5 minutes between Ghat Kopar and Bhandup due to displacement of the flexible pipe of the rear brake-van.	\ \frac{2,754,875}{1}
And the second of the second o		27th June 1903 .	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 110 up local train detained 5 minutes at Sion station, due to a nut having jammed the clappet valve	
Bombay, Barola aud Central India.	Vacuum automatic.	10th January 1903.	 (i) and (ii)—Nil. (iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 8 up ordinary train lost 4 minutes at Barejadi, 6 minutes between Barejadi and Mehmadabad and 15 minutes at Anand station, in releasing and adjusting the brake blocks of a third class carriage which were getting jammed with the wheels. 	
		29th January 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 4 up ordinary train lost 13 minutes at Goregaon station due to the breakage of the train connection pipe of the vacuum cylinder of a bogic carriage, and 10 minutes at Bandra station, due to the blocks having jammed the rear wheels of a carriage.	
		24th February 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—The driver of No. 8 up ordinary train could not maintain vacuum, due to the rubber pipe connectio on a saloon carriage having torn.	1 1
The control of the co		27th March 1903	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 169 down loca train lost 3 minutes at Grant Road-sta tion, the driver not being able to create vacuum, owing to one of the hose coupling pipes between two carriages becoming slack from improper coupling.	e g See page
Barrell Carrell	and the second of the second o	See 211, 1981 1	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 4 up ordinar train lost 16 minutes between Surat an Navsari stations, due to skidding of the wheels of a third class carriage from imperfect fitting of brake blocks.	e
Tariff Carrier profess		27th April 1903	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 5 down ordinar train detained 16 minutes at Sayan station owing to a leak in the train pipe.	y n
	1077 1077 1077 1079 1079 1079 1079 1079		(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 8 up ordinar train lost 35 minutes between Palgha and Virar stations, due to the brak blocks of the rear wheels on a bogie thir class carriage having jammed on the wheels.	e d
		20th May 1903	detained 5 minutes at Bandra station owing to deficiency of a rubber washer in the back flexible coupling pipe of carriage.	n

1 2		8	the state of the s		
Railway.	Name or description of brakes which failed of caused delay in the instances specified is column 4.	of Date of fullure	Instances under the three following heads, separately, of: (i) Failure or partial failure to act when required in case of an accident to a train, or a collision between trains being imminent. (ii) Failure or partial failure to act under ordinary circumstances to stop a train when required; (iii) Delay in the working of trains in consequence of defects in, or improper action of, the brake; distinguishing whether they arose from neglect or may perience of servants, or failure of machinery or material.	Number of mile run by trains fitte with the automati vacuum brake.	
5' 6" GAUGE-concld.					
Bombay, Baroda and Central India—concld.	Vacuum automati	c 21st May 1903	. (iii) Failure of material.—No. 1 down mail train detained 10 minutes at Bandra station, due to the brake blocks of the brake van having jammed on the wheels owing to the suspension link from sole bar to the brake block having bent.		
Marie (173 m. m.) or (173 m.) Marie (173 m.) or (173 m.) Marie (173 m.) or (173 m.) Marie (173 m.) or (173 m.)	TELLON CONTROL	25th May 1903	train detained 10 minutes at Vasad station, due to the brake blocks of 2 third class carriages having jammed owing to a leak through the piston packings.	***	
i i stanta Carrinda ya Mala Izina Manazaria i ini kata i Isina da ya kata ili ili ili	er Francisco (filosofic) Militario (filosofic) Amening partition (filosofic)	3rd June 1903	. (iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 14 up passenger train detained 12 minutes at Amargarh station, to release the brake blocks of a carriage which were getting jammed.		
venus into the second		16th June 1903	train detained 8 minutes at Broach station to release the brake blocks of a saloon carriage which got jammed owing to the brake pull rod being out of order.	730,844	
	har har see all all and all all all all all all all all all al	22nd June 1903			
de la companya de la		22nd June 1903	이 아니라 그렇게 하는 아들 사람들이 하면 이번 아름다면 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 그렇게 하는데		
Madras	Vacuum automatic	Sell or her Kultur	(i) and (ii)—Nil.		
	Total Transport	16th January 1903.	[] [[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[
A CANADA SA		15th February 1903.	이 마음에 가장을 하지만 하는 아이들은 사이들은 사이들이 되었다면 하는 것이 없는 사람들이 되는 사람들이 되는 사람들이 되었다면 하는데 하는데 얼마나 되었다면 하다.		
		27th March 1903	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 1 down train detained 10 minutes at Tada station and worked non-vacuum to destination, due to a leak in the joint of the train pipe.	344,944	
		22nd May 1903 .	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 7 down passenger train detained 7 minutes at Avadi station and worked non-vacuum to destination, due to the breakage of the universal pipe horns between the brake-van and the engine.		
3' 33" GAUGE.	State the state of the				
Eastern Bengal . V	cuum automatic	st January 1903	(i) and (ii) -Nil. (iii) Failure of material.—No. 75 up mail train detained 4 minutes at Sonaili station, and 12 minutes between Sonaili and Barsoi junction stations, due to a leak in the coupling pipe of a luggage van.	ee page 518.	

. 1	*	3		- 5
Rail way.	Name or description of brakes which failed or caused delay in the instances specified in column 4.	Date of failure.	Instances, under the three following heads, separately, of :— (i) Failure or partial failure to act when required in case of an accident to a train, or a collision between trains being imminent; (ii) Failure or partial failure to act under ordinary eircumstances to stop a train when required; (iii) Delay in the working of trains in consequence, of defects in, or improper action of, the brake; distinguishing whether they arose from neglect or inexperience of servants, or failure of machinery or material.	Number of miles run by frains fitted with the automatic vacuum brake.
3' 23" GAUGE—contd. Eastern Bengal—contd.	Vacuum automatic	8th January 1903	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 22 down mail train detained 7 minutes at Chorkai station, in creating vacuum due to the coupling lug of a composite carriage breaking.	
	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	12th January 1908.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 22 down mail train detained 5 minutes outside the south distant signal of Parbatipur junction, due to the gear of a composite carriage breaking.	
		18th January 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 15 up passenger train lost 9 minutes between Parbatipur junction and Shampur stations, due to the train pipe of the brake van blowing in consequence of the twisting of a rubber washer.	
		19th and 20th January 1903.	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 15 up passenger train lost 10 minutes between Sara and Santahar Junction stations, and 15 minutes at Santahar Junction station, due to non-release of the brake of a third class carriage.	
		20th and 21st January 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 16 down passenger train detained 10 minutes at Parbatipur junction station, and 15 minutes at Nattore station, due to a leak in the train pipe of a third class carriage.	
		27th January 1903.	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 75 up mail train lost 17 minutes between Parbatipur and Badarganj stations, due to the coupling pipe of a fish van not having been coupled up.	
		2nd February 1908.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 75 up mail train detained 4 minutes at Sonaili station, due to a leak in the coupling pipe of a carriage.	
		3rd February 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 75 up mail train detained 28 minutes at Kaunia station due to a leak in the coupling pipe of a carriage.	,
		3rd February 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 72 down mai train detained 15 minutes at Lalmanirha station, due to a leak in the train pip coupling of a third class carriage.	t
	20 May 20	9th February 1903.	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 21 up maintrain detained 10 minutes at Santaha station, due to the non-release of the brake of a third class carriage.	r
	1000 (1000) 1001 (1000) 1000 (1000) 1000 (1000) 1000 (1000)	18th February 1903.	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 15 up passenge train detained 30 minutes at Sara, 1 minutes at Atrai, 7 minutes betwee Atrai and Raninagar and 8 minutes a Raninagar, due to a defect in the engin vacuum pipe.	8 n tt
	The state of the s	3rd March 1903	train detained 12 minutes at Badarga station, due to some defect in the pipe a composite carriage.	nj 1
		5th March 1903	. (iii) Failure of material.—No. 72 down material detained 13 minutes at Lalmanirh station, due to the train pipe of a salo carriage being out of order.	at

4	2		3	
Ratiway.	Name or description of brakes which feiled or caused delay in the instances specified in column 4.	Date of failure.	(ii) Failure or partial failure to act under ordinary ru	mber of miles in by trains fitted ith the automatic acuum brake,
Si" GAVOR—contd. Eastern Bengal— concld.	Vacuum automatic	14th May 1903 .	(iii) Inexperience of servants.—No. 72 down mail train detained 15 minutes at Mogalhat station, due to the staff not being able to uncouple the train pipe when attaching a saloon carriage to the train.	
		*23rd May 1903 .	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 16 down passenger train lost 33 minutes on the journey from Lalmanirhat to Shampur station, due to the brake piston of the brake van drawing air and preventing the maintenance of the vacuum.	
		30th May 1903 .	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 16 down passenger train detained 20 minutes at Parbatipur station, due to some defect in the brake of an intermediate class carriage.	
		1st June 1903	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 15 up passenger train detained 4 minutes at Badarganj station, due to the jamming of a piston and non-release of blocks.	} 191,9 2 0
		9th June 1903	. (iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 75 up mail train detained 7 minutes at Barsoi Junction station, due to the pipe of the brake van drawing air in consequence of its not having been properly fixed on the dummy plug.	191,320
		16th June 1903	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 15 up passenger train detained 5 minutes at Shampur station, due to non-release of the brake block of a 3rd class carriage.	
		24th June 1908	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 15 up passenger train lost 8 minutes between Parbatipur and Badarganj stations, and 5 minutes at Badarganj, due to the brake block of the brake van being hard on in consequence of some jute having got into the passage in the ball valve.	
		29th June 190	(iii) Failure of machinery.—No. 15 up passenger train lost 12 minutes between Parbatipur and Shampur stations, due to the non-release of the brake block of the tender.	}
		•	(i) and (ii) Nil.	1
South Indian .	Vacuum automat	18th May 190	No 94 feet me	316,366
	The Control of the Co	27th May 190	OB. (iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 38 mail train detained 15 minutes at Trichinopol station, due to careless application of the brake.	n y
Power	Vacuum autom	atic	(i) and (ii) Nil.	h
Burma	TRUCKE ROOM	1st January	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 73 up local tradetained 20 minutes at Rangoon static owing to the necessity for changing the engine at the last moment; the trunning of cylinder of the engine being four broken.	See page

TABLE No. II .- concld.

Statement showing, for the six months ended the 30th June 1903, all cases in which the automatic vacuum brake failed to act, when required to be brought into action, or caused delay in the working of trains—concld.

1	2	3	•	
Ballway.	Name or description of brakes which falled or caused delay in the instances specified in column 4.	Date of failure.	Instances under the three following heads, separately, of :— (i) Failure or partial failure to act when required in case of an accident to a train, or a collision between trains being imminent; (ii) Failure or partial failure to act under ordinary circumstances to stop a train when required; (iii) Delay in the working of trains in consequence of defects in, or improper action of, the brake; distinguishing whether they arose from neglect or inexperience of servants, or failure of machinery or material.	Number of miles run by trains fitted with the automatic vacuur brake.
3' 33" GAUGE—concld. Burma—concld.	Vacuum automatic	4th January 1903	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 1 up express train worked non-vacuum from Pyu to Toungoo station, due to cinders being sucked into the ejector and the valve through the hose pipe being off the dummy whilst attempting to create vacuum.	
	AND DEED NO.	5th January 1903	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 4 down express train lost 47 minutes and worked non- vacuum between Shwemyo and Toungoo stations, due to a perished India rubber coupling washer drawing air.	
	The Paragraph of the Control of the	24th January 1903.	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 3 up mail train lost 30 minutes between Nyaunglebin and Tawwi stations, due to a small piece of cinder being sucked into the cone of the small ejector of the engine.	
		25th January 1903.	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 2 down mail train detained 19 minutes at Toungoo station, and worked non-vacuum to Pyu station, due to the driver having failed to put on the barometric valve cover, after removal to clean it.	
	might There are a second transfer of 18 and miles, a second are miles, a second	28th February 1903.	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 1 up express train lost 20 minutes between Kywebwe and Oktwin stations, due to failure of vacuum on account of cinders having been sucked in through the train pipe when the engine was uncoupled at some road side station for water.	
	Property of Comments	23rd March 1903	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 69 up local train worked non-vacuum on the return journey from Insein station, due to cracking of the train elbow pipe under the frame which prevented the creation of the necessary vacuum.	}481,074
	STATE OF THE STATE	30th March 1903	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 3 up mail train lost 9 minutes between Pyuntaza and Toungoo stations, due to a leak in the piston rod packing ring of a coaching vehicle.	
	ura a color de la color de	3rd April 1903 .	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 4 down express train lost 9 minutes, due to failure of a universal coupling washer of a coaching vehicle.	
	The state of the s	18th May 1903 .	(iii) Neglect of servants.—No. 1 up express train lost 20 minutes, due to the hose pipe of the engine having got burnt.	
		20th May 1903 .	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 2 down mail train lost 10 minutes, due to a rent in the vacuum chamber hose pipe.	
104.012		22nd May 1903 .	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 3 up mail train lost 15 minutes, due to a leak in the train pipe of a coaching vehicle.	
		8th June 1903 .	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 2 down express train lost 43 minutes, due to the vacuum chamber of the engine dropping off on account of breakage of the securing band.	
		23rd June 1903 .	(iii) Failure of material.—No. 3 up mail train lost 20 minutes, due to a leak in the hose pipe of the tender.	1000000

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE FIRST HALF OF FEBRUARY 1904 OF:

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAE AND BAJEA
RAGI
KANGNI

MAIZE GRAM AND PULSE GHI SUGAE SALT TOBACCO TURMERIC GRASS AND STRAW JAWAR STALKS BHUSA SHEEP, GOATS, AND BULLOCKS

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF FEBRUARY

					ICE,	Rich		WHE	\T	FLOU (WHEA		BARLE	Y	JAWA	R
Distri	CTS			1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903
Burma-*													•		
Tenasserim— Mergui Tavoy Moulmein and	Amhe	rst		: :	::	29.23 35.55	35·96 28·44 28·32	55-65	55.65		=	::	=	::	::
Pegu (deltaic)— Rangoon Thôngwa Bassein				*	=	21:33 31:68 28:07	21.92 29.63 27.95	27.12	82 	E	.	::	Ξ	::	:::
Pegu (inland)— Henzada Toungoo	:			:		28·19 26·89	27 34·97	=	=	=		=	=	::	::
Tpper Burma— Mandalay Bamo Pakôkku	:					33°16 58°1	35.96 33.17	37·21 	32·65 	::	::	=	=	::	::
Arakan— Kyankpyn Akyab	:		:	:	-	28.57	33-33	=	=	=	=	=	=	:::	
Assam— Brahmaputra— Goálpára Gauhati			•	. 11 25	15	27·5 25	30 27*5	:::	=	=	=	:	=	:::	
Bengal-* Eastern- Chittagong Dacca			:			27·5 25	30 27.5	27.5	25		:	27.5	20		:
Deltaio-						25	30		1						
Midnapur .	•		•			40	37.5	30	30			25	23'75	23.75	25
Calcutta .	•		•			40	0.0								
Central— Bardwan Pabna			:	: ::		29.53 24.06	29·37 30·47	24.22	22-19	/:: .	::	#	:::	:	
Northern— Rangpur						21.43	27.5	33.23	32.5						
Orissa— Cuttack						18.75	23.12	26.25	28.12						
Bihár, south— Patna						25	28.12	23.12	26.25			14:37	19:37	16.87 {	11
Bihár, north— Bhágalpur Muzaffarpur			;	: .::	:	28*75 25	25·62 27·5	28.75 25	28.75 28.59		::	15·78 14·53	17.5 15.94	::	
United Provin	ces:										7 (19)				
Eastern- Benares			•	. 15.99	17.92	27:13	28.44	25.78	26.51	32.97	32:34	17.5	18:33	17:92	
Central— Cawnpore Jhansi				18.59	17.76	33·33 43·23	29.63 36.35	24·22 28·75	25.78 31.04	29.63	29.63	16·3 18·33	18:59 18:18	15.68 14.22	
Western- Meerut						36.46	36.46	25	26.51	30.78	31.99	16:33	17.76	15.21	
				23*5			47.03	25	26.67	28.54	31.98	15.68	18:59	15.1	
Agra . Submentane, we Shabjahanpur	et —				18.18		83-33	24.63	25			15.1	15.99		
On Ourse															
Southern— Lucknow				. 193	7 18-18	33-23	31.98	24.58	25*78	30.73	30.73	15.99	16.67	17:29	
Northern— Eyzabad				. 17.5		37.5	37.5	25.62	25.47		\	16.87	17.76	16.87	

^{*} The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

BA.	JRA .	R	\G1	MA	IZE	Gı	RAM	ARHA	R DÁL	G	ні	
1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	DISTRICTS
												Burma-
				735-1/25								Tenasserim-
.404		***		***	***		•••		***		***	Mergui
						40.76	40.76	50	50		-	Tavoy Moulmein and Amherst
												Pegu (deltaic) -
	,			•••	•••	23.88	25.4	25.4	29.63			Rangoon
					-	37.65	28.19					Thôngwa Bassein
										- ""		
								45.71	48.12			Pegu (inland) - Henzada
	•••					36.99	38.1		•••			Toungoo
						31.53	05	AT-MO	Estable and			Upper Burma-
							25	47.76	44:14	=	:::	Mandalay Bamo
***						30.05	20	41.29	41'29			Pakôkku
			1									Arakan—
	:::					38.1	40	50	57:14			Kyaukpyu
					•••				0, 14	***		Akyab
							and a					Assam-
						:						Brahmaputra -
										-		Goálpára Gauhati
				1					200			Bengal-
						30	30	43.75	42.5	360	310	Eastern— Chittagong
						28.75	30	28.75	30	400	400	Dacca
						100				HALL ST	934.34	Deltaic-
lan I						{ 25 to	23.75 to	37.5	{ 35 to	325	295 to	
00.08		•••	***	00.1	01.01	(30	28.12)	L 37.5)	300	Midnapur
26.25	23.75			22.5	21.25	25	27.5	4.5	42.5	390	390	Calcutta
						(22:5		Í	1047			Central—
						3 and	25	35	38 75	320	280	Bardwan
						26.56	25.31	37.5	40.78	530	530	Pabna
				***			2001		2010	000	200	
				20	22.5	26.67	27.5	37.76	37.5	328.85	360	Northern - Rangpur
							i ng •	300 044	100	12-		
						22.5	19.69	26.15	19 69	337.5	318.75	Orissa— Cuttaok
												Bihár, south-
		13 12		15	15.62	18.12	16.56	26.25	24.37	270	260	Patna Patna
												Bihár, north-
		14:13	15:04	18*59 13:91	14:37	21.09	18.75 20	35 30·78	31.25	316.87	363-12	Bhágalpur
***		14:3	15.94	10 01	15.94	40	20	80.18	26.56	290'94	255.94	Muzaffarpur
				Name of								United Provinces:
			100									(a) AGRA—
												Eastern—
16.67	16.04			15	15.88	17.71	16.04	84.27	80.36	325.99	308.8	Benares
14.27					11.00	17.4	10.10		00.01	201.00	000.00	Central-
13:33	17.03			14.01 12.5	15.36	17:4 15:99	18·18 18·38		22.24	290.88 304.84	266·67 256·25	Cawnpore Jhansi
	472.7					10 115 11 61 10 2 11 61 11						Western -
16:67	20.94			15:36	19.06	18.18	21:04	28.18	28.59	304.74	278 28	Meerut
15.68	20.22			17:03	•••	18:18	20	38.07	38.07	280.62	246.15	Agra
						20.24			00.54	000	000	Submontane, west-
""	17.4			•••	15.99	20.21	21.04	•••	22.24	320	280	Shahjahanpur
												(A) OTRH—
												(b) OUDH-
17:76	15.99			15:00	15.86	19:37	19.06	25.78	24.22	305	290	Southern- Lucknow
	10.00	•••		15:36	19.00	19.01	10.00	2015	-122	000	200	
18.75				15		18.75	18.28			340	300	Northern — Fyzabad
40 (0)		***	949	A.V	***	20 10	-CHO	The second second second	A STREET, STRE	THE REAL PROPERTY.	AND DESCRIPTIONS OF THE PARTY O	The state of the s

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF FEBRUARY-continued

					SUGA:	R, RAW lúr)	SA	LT	Товас	CO LEAF	TUR	MERIC	GR	ASS	ST	RAW
Dis	TRIC	TS			1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1908	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903
Burma-					100											10000
Tenasserim— Mergui . Tavoy . Moulmein s	nd A	mher	st :		E	E	13·56 22·54 18·77	13:56 22:54 18:77	::	:	=	=	:	:::	:	
Pegu (deltaic) Rangoon Thôngwa Bassein .	·- :	:	•	:	A THE REST OF THE REST OF THE REST	::	19.05 22.46 21.61	19.05 20.19 22.61	* 	Ξ	=	=	=	:: :::	Ξ	
Pegu (inland Henzada Toungoo)- :	:	:	:		Ξ	21·26. 24·24	20:91 24:81	:::	T.	=		::	=	=	:
Upper Burma Mandalay Hamo Pakôkku	- :		:	:			22.54	22.86 24.71	::	=	ij	:::		::	=	:
Arakan— Kyankpyu Akyab .	:		:		=	=	25	36.36	=	-		::		H	:	:
Assam— Brahmaputra- Goálpára Gauhati	- 0	:	:	:	55 	55	=			II						:
Pengal-										•						
Eastern— Chittagong Dacca	:	.:	·		62·5 70	42·5 50	26·25 32·5	33·75 3 7 ·5	120 75	110 75			3.12	 3·12	::	
Deltaic- Midnapur Calcutta	•				42.5 to 45 42.5	37·5 to 41·25 42·5	28.75 to 29.37 26.25	34·37 33·12	86.25 and 117.5 90	57.5 to 80 70			 11 [.] 25		6 :2 5	12:5
Central— Bardwan Pabna .	•				40 42·5	40 41·25	30 32*66	33·12 36·87	112.5	80		=		:::	7·5 10	5 10
Northern- Rangpur	•		•		44.43	50	33.23	88.75	62:19	100	/-	•••	1*87	1.56	7.5	4.37
Orissa— Cuttack	٠	•	•		41.25	45	25	80	42.5	42.5	-		4.37	5.31	4:37	5
Bihár, south— Patua					82.5	27.5	30	86-25	40	40		-	3.12	3.12	3.12	2:5
Bihár, north— Bhágalpur Muzaffarpur	:		•	:	36·25 26·56	37·5 20·94	31·56 31·87	35 40	50.62 80	50 80	::	:	=		::	
United Provis (a) AGBA— Eastern—	nce	1:			Satt of		- 12									
Benares Central—	•		•		37.66	36.46										
Cawnpore			•		86.35	33.33			50	62.5	52.5	52.2				
Jhánsi .	•	•	٠		40	44.87		-			53:23	50	-			
Western- Meerut .														.		
Agra .		•			38.07	36.35			80	123.07	45	55	5	3.75	5	4*01
Shahjahanpur	st—	•	•			33.33	•••/				Sand	55 and }				
-Hauo (d											(60	60)		"		
Southern- Lucknow	•	•	•		34.69	32-5			60	60			5	3.96		
Fyzabad					81.25	30										

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

JAWA	R STALK	8	BHUSA	,	SHEEP, PER SCOR		GOATS ER SCOT	RE B	ULLO	UGH KS, PEI	R
1904	1908	19	04 1	903 19	04 19	03 19	04 1	903	1904	1903	DISTRICTS
::	=			PERSONAL CONTRACTOR					:: ::		Burma— Tenasserim— Mergui Tavoy Moulmein and Amherst Pegu (deltaic)— Rangoon Thongwa
::		:::	:					CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE			Bassein Pegu (inland)— Henzada Toungoo
::	=======================================	:::			::		:			:	Upper Burma— Mandalay Bamo Pakôkku
::	::	11	15,5 pc	:::	:		=	Children Committee Committ		:	Arakan— Kyaukpyu Akyab
	:::	::	=	=			:::				Assam— Brahmaputra— Goélpára Gauhati
.	::	Ξ	=		=	:	=	:		=	Bengal— Eastern— Chittagong Daoca
*				-							Deltaie— Midnapur Calcutta
	=	::	::	==	:::	:::	:				Central— Bardwan Pabna
	-		AGRA COLORS					-			Northern— Rangpur Orissa—
				-	-		-				Cuttack Bihár, south— Patna
	::		::	=	:::	=	:			:	Bihár, north— Bhágalpur Muzaffarpur
				 			••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			. (0	Inited Provinces: a) Agra— Eastern— Benares Central—
	-	-		70	70 					• • [Cawnpore Jhánsi
	-			60 50 and 60 50 and 55	60 40 and 60 50 and 60			30 { 40 and 60	26 40 and 60	25	Western— Meerut Agra Shahjahanpur
				40	40	-				8	Outhern— Lucknow
		.						30	80		Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF FEBRUARY-continued

				1	Ric		RIC		WHE	AT	FLO (WHE		BAR	LEY	JAW	AR
Distri	CTS				1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903
Rajputana-					- 1											
Eastern-					12.5	12.5			32.03	36.41			20	25	16.67	22:11
Panjab-				3.85	1, 100,0					40 13						
Southern— Ferozpur					19 06	16.72	44.37	44:37	22.19	27.5	29:37	33-28	14.22	18-12	13.75	17:3
Central— Lahore	1				20	24:12	41.04	43.28	22.24	26.25	26.51	29.95	13.12	17.5	14.32	18.4
South-eastern- Delhi					*6.000	19.06	38.12	33-33	25.78	28.54	30.78	· 31·56	14.84	17:4	14:32	19.0
Submontane -				1.00	20	23:54	38.07	89.01	21.61	25	25.78	28.59				
Northern- Ráwalpindi					20	22:19	42.08	51.82	23.49	29.06	26.67	30.78	17.03	20	15.99	15.9
Western- Multan .	•	•			19.01	18:18	30.78	30.78	27.55	28.54	34.01	34.01	17.76	19.69	15.99	18.1
Sind and Balue	chis	tan	-			1										
Karáchi . Shikárpur		:	;	:	***	::	37.81	37.5	26.25	31·25 27·19 34·37)		=	15 (22.5	,	10.00	***
Quetta .								•••	to 33.12	36.25	57.5	57.5	23.75	} 28.44	18.75	23.1
Bombay-					- 53											
Deccan and Kar Dharwar Sholapur Poona	náta :	k- :	÷	:		::		32·81 	80 83	····	::	=		::	:::	
Khandesh and N	.E.	Dece	can-							•••				-	19:43	-
Dhulia . Gujarat—	•	٠	•		***					**					27.88	187
Surat . Ahmadabad	:	:	:	:	***	:::	****	=	II					-	•••	
Central Provin	nces	3-(0	a)			000			181				1 500.00	*		
Western- Nagpur .			•				31	84	26	29	83 25	40			18.2	21
Central- Jubbulpere							28.5	36.37	26.62	28.5	32	36.37			14.75	16
Eastern- Raipur .	•	٠		¥.	, (100 1)	192	22'5	31	22.5	24	28	30		-	14.25	
Berar-									91.05	44.00		1			18.25	20
Básim . Akola . Ellichpur Amraoti .	•	:			***	::	61.5	75 61·5 45	31·25 49 34·75 32·5	44.62 45.75 40 37.5	53 44:37 38	50 47 43·5	=		28 22:87 17:5	221 24 231
Madras-						60 A S						12.0				
South, central— Coimbatore Salem							=	::		:::	:::	::	=		===	19:
Central— Bellary . Cuddapah			:			15.9	=		=		=	=	-	-	15·5 15·3 	147
Karnul . East Coast, cent	· ral-		•		100											
Nellore . East Coast, sout			•				07:0	20.7								
Madras . Tanjore . Trichinopoly		:			21.6	20·9 19·5	32.8	39·1 28·4	=		::	1 2	:::	===	-	
Southern- Madura												-	-		15:1	16
Mysore-															10.98	141
Mysore . Bangalore					212	21.18		32·94 37·66		48·76 42·44		5 56.83			10.00	1 "

⁽a) The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of cleaned rice or chanual

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

BA	JRA	ь	AGI	M	AIZE	G	RAM	ARH	AR DÁL		GHI	
1904	1903	1904	1908	1904	1908	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	DISTRICTS
22:19	20			17:84	21.01	24.06	26.56			305	255 9	Rajputana – Eastern — Ajmer
		,										Panjab-
7:34	19.06			12:97	15.94	18.28	18-12	40	40	815	285	Fouthern— Ferozpur
f03	20.78			13'33	18.91	15:26	19-74	37:24	37:2	386-87	297.81	Central— Lahore
4	21.04			14.84	19.06	174	22-19	33.33	30.16	340	290	South-eastern— Delhi
				13.8	18-59	14:37	20		-		**	Submontane— Amritsar
106	22.5		••	174	20.47	17*4	22:19	34.79	30	290.88	277.5	Northern— Rawalpindi
76	21.04		-	16.67	18.18	18:38	. 24.22			336.82	200.88	Western— Multan
											entrales en pener	Sind and Baluchistan-
	=	:::	:::	::	 (22:5	18.18	25·31 	::	::	330 333:12 340	302·5 295	Karáchi Shikárpur
				21.25	to 24.37	} *		40	39-37	{370	to 315	Quetta
												Bombay-
77	-		=	Ξ	=	24.37		=	::	=		Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar Sholapur Poona
53	18*23 22*97	::	=	::	::	=	=		29-17			Khandesh and NE. Deccan- Ahmednagar Dhulia
25	18.75	:::	=		=	=		=		:::	:::	Gujarat— Surat Ahmadabad
1							703-7					Central Provinces
						22	26	39	39	350	317	Western— Nagpur
						18	22.25	83:25	36.37	275	260	Central — Jubbulpore
		-				22.5	24	32	32	265	250	Eastern — Raipur
										•		Berar-
	25 25 25 25			=	:	32°5 25°75 21°25	30 30·75 27·5	50 40 37·5	41.62 44.37 37.5	290.87 320	295 266·62 300	Básim Akola Ellichpur Amráoti
												Madras-
	14:4	"15	15.9		::	::	39-2	26.9	26.9	299.6	326 325·3	South, central— Coimbatore Salem
	13.2	=		=			33·6 	-	20.7	349·2 263·2	285.7 233.2	Central — Bellary Cuddapah Karnul
		15.6	17:9					29.7	22:1			East Coast, central - Nellore
	=		17.1	-		28.1	30.9	::	::	812.7	236-3	East Coast, South— Madras Tanjore Trichin poly
	19-9							27.8	25.6			Southern— Madura
												Mysore-
		14.57 12.1	15.67		=	12·59 14·96	13.67	76·8 58·78	54.87	309:75 343:.5	398.48	Mysore Bangalore

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF FEBRUARY-concluded

Distr	TOT				(G	R, RAW	SA	LT	TOBACC	O LEAF	TUR	MERIC	GB.	ASS	STR	AW
Dista					1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903
Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer .		•	•		50	50				•			5	5	3-33	3:3
Panjab- Southern- Ferozpur					40	40			80	80	57-19	100	3:28	3.28 °	5	5
Central- Lahore .			•		38.07	41.04			53.33	57-19	66.67	78:07	8.02	12.5	6.67	10
South-eastern- Delhi					84.79	30.78			61.56	80	66.67	80	6.67	5	5.62	3.7
Submontane- Amritsar	٠				36.35	25.57			50	40		80			5.31	8.91
Northern- Rawalpindi					36.15	40					61.56	67.5	13:33	8.12	8-91	6-25
Western- Multan .					44.43	43.23			80	80	66.67	80	4.01	7.97	5.81	10
Sind and Bal	neh	ista	n-								et vindele Lista vindel					
Karáchi					65	//i						•••		••		
Shikarpur	•		,	ii (*)		40.47			-	***			••			
Quetta .	٠		•	•	•••	-		•••	-						••	
Bombay-						1.2				1.0						
Deccan and Ka Dharwar	rná	tak-													,	
Sholapur Poona		:	:	:	50.88	48-23		:::	=	*	=				. ::	
Khandesh and	N . Z	To Do	****													•••
Ahmadnagar Dhulia			:	:	:::	=	::	:::	=		=	-::	∷.'	=	· · ·	Ξ
Gujarat-					1200	W. Mary										
Surat . Ahmadabad	:	:	:	:	=	=		::	-	:::	::	::	::	=		
Central Prov	inc	es-						erentini.								
Western- Nagpur .											/					
Central— Jubbulpore							33-25	42 -	66.62	80	57	57				
Eastern- Raipur .]		30	40 •	130	150	50	58				
Berar—															a charge	
Básim . Akola . Ellichpur		:		:	=	52-87	40			123.75	61.2	66.62	4		 9	
Amráoti .	:	:	:	:		61.54	34 30		133·25 160	160 140	46	61.2	8	10		
Madras-					74 196					Coyles						
South, central— Coimbatore					Carlotte of	*								4		
Salem .	:	:	:			32	:::		115.6	111.8	27.4	21.7			6.9	6.9
Central- Bellary .						85.7					100				eggan i	
Cuddapah	:		:								28	24.6				
Karnul . East Coast, cent	•		•	•	T.		••-		49.4	49.4	32.9	25.1				
Nellore .	•	•	*					•••				-			2.9	44
East Coast, south	-				62.6	41.1			123.4	123'4	32.1	31.3				
Tanjore .						***			***							
Trichinopoly Bouthern-	•	•						•	82.4	113.1				•••		
Madura .	•	٠			-				106.8	106.8		-			4.3	4'3
Mysore Bangalore		•			40.48 51.43	55 08 40 71			260·28 808·57	274·28 308·57	68:34 34:29	68·57 49·3	5 7.61	5 9·1	4 6.86	4 7:81

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

JAWA	AR STALK	8	BHUSA	PE	SHEEP,	PR	CORE	BULL	LOUGH OCKS, P	ER
1904	1903	190	4 190	3 190	1903	1904	190	Control Control		DISTRICTS
2.5	3:33			140				80	80	
				00	50		- "	75	75	Ferozpur
•••				100	100		-	112:1	112	5 Central— Lahore
5.62	5		-	80	70			120	120	South-eastern — Delhi
	-									Submontane— Amritsar
8.91	7:29			70	70			80	80	Northern— Ráwalpindi
4.01	7.97			50	50			70	70	Western— Multan
::	:::		=	.::		::	=	:::	=	Sind and Baluchistan- Karáchi Shikarpur
		8.12	14.69	40 to 140	0 40 to 140					Quetta
::	:	:	:::	=	=	:: ::	=	=	:	Bombay— Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar Sholapur Poona
::	=	::		=	:::	:::	:::	=	:::	Khandesh and NE. Deccan— Ahmadnagar Dhulia
-	::-)c	#:	=	=	=	:: .	::	=	:	Gujarat — Sarat Ahmadabad
.	-			60	60			100	100	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
•	-			55	55			35	35	Central— Jubbulpore
					-			40		Eastern— Raipur
	 4 	=	=	60 60 60 65	65 50 65	=	::	100 60 150 75	80 150 75	Berar— Básim Akola Ellichpur Amráoti
	1.9	::		75	75	75	75	::	50	Madras — South, central — Coimbatore Salem
	2.5			80	80	80	80	100	100	Central— Bellary Cuddapah Karnul
										East Coast, central - Nellore
			=	55 80 	67·5 80 	55 80 	67·5 80	=	=	East Coast, south — Madras Tanjore Trichinopoly
		-						40	40	Southern – Madura
5		.		100 160	140		{	to	William A A	Iysore – Mysore Bangalore

J. A. ROBERTSON
Offg. Director-General of Statistics

E. N. BAKER

Secretary to the Government of India

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF FEBRUARY 1904 (The figures

						Ric	Œ		JAWA	ROR	BAJR	A OR
District 6	WHI	BAT	BAR	LHY	Best	sort	Com		(Andro sorgh	pogon	(Penni typhoid	BU setum
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- mont
urma—									To copied a	(Strail 1)	257.0	
Tenasserim— Mergui Tavoy Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	 6 13	Ξ	::	12 8 8 7	12 8 8 7	10 6 13 6 9 —	10 6 13 6 9 0				::
Pegu (deltaic)— Pegu . Rangoon . Thongwa . Bassein .	13 12	13 12	:		9 3 16 - 10 11 11 6	9 8 15 8 10 11 8 9	10 4 17 4 11 9 13 9	10 4 16 12 11 9 9 6		-	=	
Pegu (inland) - Tharawadi - Henzada - Prome - Toungoo - Thayetmyo -		:: ::		::	10 — 10 6 12 4 10 6 10 —	10 — 9 11 11 3 10 6 10 6	10 12 13 13 15 9 13 8 13 12	10 12 13 4 13 15 13 8 13 7				
Upper Burma — Mandalay	10 8	10 8	=	::	10 9 8 - 9 2 12 12	11 2 8 - 9 2 12 12	11 13 9 12 9 13 14 —	11 6 9 12 9 13 14 —	33 12	33 12		=
Arakan— Sandoway Kyaukpyu Akyab	:	:	:::	∷.	17 8 14 9 12 —	17 8 13 2 12 —	21 — 15 9 13 —	21 — 14 2 13 —	:	=	=	=
ssam-							1	7 M		-		
Surma— Sylhet	10 —	9 12	:::	::	9 - 12 12	9 — 12 12	17 8 19 2	17 8 19 2		1	-	:
Hill tracts - Khési and Jáintié Hills Géro Hills Manipur Négé Hills Lushai Hills	7 - 	7 -	***	::	5 — 4 — 23 8 14 8 4 4	5 8 4 — 22 — 15 — 4 4	15 — 27 — 16 —	10 14 26 16 6 8		=======================================	:	:
Brahmoputra — Goálpára Kámrúp Darrang Nowgong Sibságar Lakhimpur	17 — 10 — 9 — 9 —	16 — 10 — 8 — 8 —	::		5 8 9 8 9 - 6 - 6 8	5 8 10 - 9 - 8 - 6 - 6 8	16 — 18 — 16 — 14 —	16 — 16 — 18 — 16 — 14 — 11 8	=	=		
Bengal -	war and								1.			
Eastern— Backerganj					***		15 —	12 - and 15 -	}	-	-	
Noakhali			-			-	16	17				
Chittagong	-				=		14 - 14 14	16	3		II.	
Dacca Maimensingh	44 0	16 - 11 8	14 - 11 -	16 -			16 — 16 —	16 -	= ==			1:
Deltaic - Khulna					1.		16 -	. 16 -		1		
04 P		,			-		12 -	12 -		-		
Midwapur	. 11 8	11 8		-	-		16 -				-	16
	. 13 —	12 12			and the same	5.000	11 '			1.	16 -	
Calcutta Hooghly Nadia (Krishnagarh) Jessore Faridpur	12 4 12 10 16 — 10 —	12 10 16 - 11 4	20 -	20 -	4	=	9 10 10 12 16 16	- 10 - 7 12 - 15	8	17 -	- 14 -	

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee)

RAGI (EUA OB. (Eleusiye cana)	OR K ITA 'MI (Se	ARUN, LIAN LLET taria dica)	CH CE KAI OR 8	BAM, ENNA, IOLA, DALAY, UNAGA Vicer tinum)		AIZE Mays)	CA:	IAR OR HUR, DJAN PEA vianus licus)		SALT	DISTRICTS
Half- month of eport	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	half-	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	of	half-	Half month of	h vious	
		=	=	 9 5	 9 5		=	 7 9	7 9	18 14 15 15 16 4	15 1	Tavov
=	=	=	=	9 5 15 12 9 18	9 5 15 12 9 13	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	 - -	8 8 14 12 	8 8 14 10		12 8	Rangcon Thôngwa
			=	8 8 10 8 12 12	8 8 10 8 11 10	=	:	8 2 8 2 8 10	8 2 8 2 8 10	14 4 16 2 16 2 10 15 11 10	17 11 16 2 10 15	Henzada Prome Toungoo
	=		=	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 6 \\ 6 & 3 \\ 12 & - \\ 10 & 2 \end{array}$	12 6 6 3 12 - 10 2	 18 11	* 18 11	8 3 7 1 7 9 7 14	8 10 7 1 7 9 7 14	14 8 12 6 14 3 14 4	14 3	Bamo Pakôkku
	=	=		10 -	10 —	=	Ξ,	 7'-	 7 –	18 10 18 — 14 —	18 10 18 — 14 —	Arakan— Sandoway Kyaukpyu Akyab
=	:		=	14 — 18 —	14 — 13 —		•	9 8 9 7	9 8 9 8	12 8 12 8	12 8 12 8	Assam— Surma— Sylhet Cachar
				9 8 8 — 8 — 6 —	8 8 8 - 8 - 6 -	13 -	13 —	6 - 5 8 6 8 7 - 5 4	6 - 5 8 6 8 7 - 5 4	8 8 8 - 8 - 8 - 6 8	8 8 8 - 8 - 8 - 6 8	Hill tracts— Khási and Jáintiá Híl's Gáro Hills Manipur Nágá Hills Lushai Hills
				14 8 13 — 13 — 11 — 11 — 12 —	13 - 12 8 13 - 11 - 11 - 12 -		2	11 — 10 — 10 — 8 8 9 — 9 —	10 8 10 - 10 - 8 8 9 - 9 -	12 - 11 - 11 - 10 - 11 - 10 -	12 — 11 — 11 — 10 — 11 — 10 —	Brahmaputra— Goálpára Kámráp Darrang Nowgong Sibságar Lakhimpur
	-			13 4	13 · 4					13 —	13 —	Bengal— Eastern— Backerganj
		:	art verification	12 —	12 - 12 14 		=	10 —	9 12	13 — 14 — 10 10	13 — 14 — 10 10	Noakhali Chittagong Tippera
	=	=	=	14 — 18 4	14 — 13 4	=	=	14 — 10 —	14 — 10 —	12 <u>-</u> 12 12	12 - 12 12	Dacca Maimensingh
			and the second	15 —	12 12 14 8	-		9 2 11 —	9 2 11 –	13 5 12 5	13 5 12 5	Deltaic— Khulna 24-Parganas
				12 12	12 - }			10 —	9 —	11 8	11 8	Midnapur
				16 4	16 12 2	200			11 5	12 14	12 14	Howrah
			1	8 8 7 8	13 8 17 8 16 —		7 -		8 10 10 — 10 — 16 — 8 —	11 — 13 — 13 5 12 — 12 —	11 — 13 — 13 4 12 — 12 —	Calcu:ta Hooghly Nadia (Krishnagarh) Jessore Faridpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF FEBRUARY 1904-continued (The figures

									Harris Service	Ri	CE	*	JAWA		BAJR	
Distr	TO TO				W	HEAT	BAR	LEY	Best	sort	Comi	non	(Andro	pogon	(Penni typhoid	setum
Distr	IOTE				Half- month of report	half-	of	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Bengal—continu Central— Bankura	ed	Bru a			13	12 8					14 -	15 —		•••		
Bardwan					12						13 4 13 8	13 2 13 8	=	::		
Birbhum Murshidabad Santhal Parge Pabna Bogra		:	•	:	12 1 12 1 11 - 16 1 14 1	12 8 12 - 16 8	18 —	18 — 16 — 26 —	=	=	13 — 14 — 16 8 17 4	13 - 13 8 16 8 17 4		=	=	
Rajshahi					12 -	15 12	16 8	16 8			14 4	14 4				
Malda .					14 -	14 -					14 8	14 8			22 —	20 -
Northern— Rangpur Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	:	:	:	:	11 4 13 - 11 -	13 4	:	15 —	=	=	14 10 15 — 14 —	14 10 15 8 13 8	=	=	:	- :
Hills— Darjeeling		•	·			-	-		*		12 8	12 8		-		
Orissa— Puri Cuttack .	:	:	:	:	11 3	12 1	. ::	=	=	=	19 11 19 11 (18 —	18 6 19 11	=	=	=	:
Balasore		٠			11 (11 6	-				19 to	18 -			•••	
Chota Nagpur- Singhbhum					12 -	12 -					15 -	16 —				
Mánbhum			٠		13 -	19.		20 —	*		13 —	13 —		-	24 —	20 -
Ránchi .					{ 8 1; to 13 -	to	111 -	11 -			14	14 4				***
Palámau Hazáribágh	:	:	:	:	14 1	0 14	20 4	20 <u>4</u> 18 <u>-</u>	::	::	13 8 12 12	14 1 12 12	::	::		
Bihár, south— Monghyr Gaya	:	:	:	:	17 - 14	17 -		24 — 22 —	::	=	12 — 18 1	13 — 13 9	1	24 — (23 —	, ::	::
Patna .	•	•	٠		17 -			29 —			15 12	15 8	23 —	{ to	}	
Shahabad	•	٠	•		16 -	15 8	24 -	26 —	* ***		14 8	14 —		***		
Bihár, north— Purnea					13 -	13 -					15 —	15 —	-		/	
Bhágalpur					13 1	13 14	25 4	20 —			13 14	13 14				
Darbhanga Muzaffarpur Sáran	:	:	:	:	18 1: 15 - 16 -			34 — 27 — 25 —	=	=	16 8 15 - 16 -	16 8 15 — 15 —		=	=	::
Champáran					16 -	15	30 -	80 -	****		17 —	17 -			•••	
United Provin (a) AGBA— Eastern—	сев															
Mirzapur Benares Ghazipur Jaunpur Allahabad		•	:	:	14 - 14 10 15 17 - 14 1	14 10	21 11 24 8	21 8 21 11 24 2 24 — 22 —	7 18	6 — 7 13 7 4 6 — 6 —	14 1 13 12	13 1	21 11 19 8	24 — 21 11 19 8 26 —	23 5 23 4	23 - 22 - 23 - 26 -
Central— Bánda . Fatehpur					15 8 16 -	16 -	21 -	18 — 21 —	5 4 10 —	5 4 10 — 6 —		10 — 12 —	25 -	26 — 25 —	25 -	25 - 25 -
Hamirpur Jalaun . Cawnpore Jhansi .		•		:	15 8 16 - 16 4 14 4	15 15	24 — 30 —	18 6 20 - 24 - 27 5	7 -	7 -	8 -	9 6	25 — 25 — 28 —	25 — 25 — 26 14	22 — 27 — 30 —	25 22 27 23
Etáwah . Farukhabad Mainpuri Etah .	•		•	:	16 1: 16 1: 17 : 17 -	16 1: 16 1: 17	22 4 21 13 21 —	22 8 21 13 23 8 23 -	5 7	5 7	12 -	11 8 10 15 12 —	25 8 21 13 23 8	24 8 22 8 24 8	25 8 22 8 23 8	25 - 24 23 25 -
Western- Meerut .	No.		•		15	15 8	28 8	23 8	4-	4 -	11 -	11 -	25 —	25 —	23 —	23 -
Agra Muttra Aligarh Bulandshahr	•		•	:	15 16 17 17	- 16 8	27 —	25 — 25 — 24 — 24 —	8 — 7 — 5 — 5 —	8 — 7 — 4 8 5 —	12 -	10 -	26 - 25 -	25 -	26 — 25 —	25 - 25 - 25 - 25 -
Submontane, ea Ballia . Azamgarh Gorakhpur Basti .	et— •				15 4 15 4 16 4 15 -	14 12	23 4 23 7	25 — 22 12 23 8 25 —	6 4 8 8 12 1 8 8	6 4 8 8 11 10 8 8	12 8 14 13	14 13	21 9	21 8	16 4	20 -

tate the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee)

MARU LAGI (H corac	Cleusine	MIL (Set	KUN,	CHE CHO KAD OR SU (Ci	ALAY,	(Zea 1	IZE Mays)	CAD. PR		Sz	LIT	Distriors
Half- nonth of eport	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
		,				, jk z						Bengal—continued Central—
			•••	14 —	16 —			11 —	12 —	13 4	13 -	Bankura
			=	15 -	16 8 15 8			10 8 16 —	11 4 16 —	14 -	14 -	Bardwan Birbhum
			=	16 — 16 —	16 — 18 —	20 -	22 —	12 8 20 —	12 — 19 —	11 8 11 8	11 8	Murshidabad Santhal Parganas
				15 — 15 12	15 — 15 —	=		10 8 15 12	9 12 15 -	12 <u>-</u> 12 12	12 <u>-</u> 12 12	Pabna Bogra
				18 12	19 8			12 12	10 14	12 12	12 12	Rajshahi
				17 —	17 —	28 —	24 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	{ 11- and	Malda
					14.0	10					(12 -	Northern -
	•••			14 6 17 —	14 6	18 —	18 —	9 -	9 — 11 —	12 13	13 —	Dinajpur
	•••		71	14 —	14 —			9 4	9 4	12 —	12 -	Jalpaiguri
13 —	13 —			18 —	12 8	20 —	20 —	6 8	6 8	10 —	10 -	Hills— Darjeeling
										Liberator .		Orisea—
		-		15 12 17 1*	15 12 17 11*		***	9 13 14 7	9 13	16 -	16 - 15 -	Puri Cuttack
				14 -	14 —			10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	Balasore
												Chota Nagpur-
				13 —	13 —	20 -	25 -	10 —	10 8	11 -	11 -	Singhbhum
				15 —	15 —	22 —	22 -	11 —	11 -	12 —	12 —	Mánbhum
32 —	32 —			16 —	16 8	23 —	22	{ 7 8 to	7 4 to	} n -	11 -	Ránchi
				20 4	20 4	25 —	25 5	12 6	8 -	12 6	12 6	Paláman
27 8	26 —		•••	17 12	18 —	22 —	22 8	9 12	9 8	10 8	9 8	Hazáribágh
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				21 8	22 8	22 9	22 9	11 8	12 1	13 2	13 2	Gaya
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95		12 8 18 14	12 8	17 2 18 14	17 2 19 12	23 12 25 4	24 2 24 4			11 9	11 9	Gorakhpur
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RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF FEBRUARY 1094 -continued (The figure

			R	CICE	JAWAE OR	BAJRA OR
Districts	WHEAT	BARLEY	Best sort	Common	CHOLUM (Andropogon sorghum)	CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoideum)
and the second s	Half- month vious of half- report month	Half- Pre- month vious of half- report month	Half- Pre- month vious of half- report month	Half- month of half- report month	Half-month vious of half-report month	Half- month vious of half- report month
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Hills— Naini Tal	. 12 - 11 - . 15 - 15 - . 10 - 10 -	0.00	4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 5 - 5 -	8 - 8 - 11 - 11 - 9 - 7 -	24 — 24 —	16 - 14
(b) OUDH— Southern— Partabgarh Sultanpur Rae-Bareli Unao	. 16 — 16 — . 16 12 17 — . 17 — 17 — . 16 — 16 — . 16 — 16 4 . 16 — 16 8	21 — 21 — 21 8 23 8 24 — 24 — 22 — 22 — 24 — 23 8 26 — 27 —	8 - 8 - 6 8 10 - 5 8 5 8 6 - 6 - 5 - 5 -	13 8 13 8 14 — 14 8 14 8 14 8 11 — 12 — 12 — 12 — 10 — 10 —	22 — 22 — 23 — 23 — 23 — 23 — 23 — 22 — 23 — 22 — 23 — 22 —	22 — 22 — 24 — 24 — 26 — 22 — 22 — 24 —
Barabanki Gonda Bahraich Sitapur Kheri	. 15 12 15 14 . 15 8 15 — . 16 4 16 8 . 18 — 18 — . 17 — 17 — . 16 12 16 12	22 8 25 8 20 - 20 - 25 - 34 - 33 - 28 - 27 - 28 - 28 -	6- 6- 7- 7- 5- 6- 6-	10 — 10 — 11 — 12 8 14 4 14 — 10 — 12 — 12 —	24 — 28 8 22 — 19 — 28 — 28 — 33 — 32 — 30 — 28 — 29 — 32 —	21 — 20 8 25 — 20 — 22 — 22 — 27 — 26 — 28 — 28 — 26 — 26 —
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Jaipur	. 14 2 14 1	24 7 23 11	5 14 5 15	6 15 7 1	28 14 28 12	24 3 23 2
Bharatpur Alwar Deoli Nasirabad Bálmer	16 14 16 4 16 13 15 8 17 9 17 9 14 6 14 5 14 8 14 12 13 8 13 8 13 8 13 6 14 1 14 7	28 2 28 2 24 114 25 — 28 4 28 2 23 4 22 1 30 4 31 4	8 - 8 - 6 -	11 4 11 14 9 2 9 - 7 - 7 - 8 7 8 7 6 - 6 - 9 - 9 - 8 - 8 8	31 4 29 6 31 54 30 11 30 4 30 4 26 — 25 7 36 4 36 12 29 — 30 — 20 4 18 —	26 14 25 10 30 132 29 11 28 12 27 8 23 3 21 13 29 4 29 4 21 — 21 — 18 — 17 5
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Panjab— Southern— Hissar Ferozpur	# 183 m	32 - 32 - 28 - 23 -	= = =	12 — 12 — 8 —	38 — 32 — 28 — 28 —	26 — 26 — 22 — 22 —
Central — Lahore Gujranwála Gujrát Jhelam	18 14 18 9	29 8 27 8 27 8 27 — 32 — 25 — 25 8 24 —		8 14 8 14 10 8 10 8 12 — 11 — 9 — 9 —	27 8 28 8 24 — 24 — 24 — 24 — 21 — 24 —	22 8 24 8 23 - 23 - 23 - 23 8 23 - 21 -

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee)

PAGT (UA OR Eleusin icana)	ie Oi	CANGNI E KAKUN TALIAN MILLET (Setaria stalica)	KA OR	GRAM, HENNA, CHOLA, ADALAY, SUNAGA (Cicer ietinum)		IAIZE 1 Mays)	CA (C	HAR OR HUR, DJAN PEA ajanus udicus)		SALT	DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	mon'	th vion	s mont	th viou	s month	vious half-	month	vious half-	mon of	th vic	re- ous
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RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF FEBRUARY 1904-continued (The figures

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DISTRICTS	WHEAT	•	BARI	LEY	Best	sort	Comm	on	(Androj sorgh	ogon	(Penn typhoi	isetum
	month v	Pre- rious half- nonth	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- mont
Panjab—continued South-eastern— Gurgáon Delhi Rohtak Karnál	15 8 1 16 - 1	15 4 15 — 16 — 17 4	24 8 26 - 24 - 25 -	24 8 25 — 23 — 24 —	:	:::	8 — 10 — 10 — 9 —	8 - 10 - 10 - 9 -	26 8 27 — 28 — 32 —	27 8 26 — 29 — 30 —	24 - 22 - 24 - 23 -	24 - 22 - 24 - 23 -
Submontane— Ambala . Ludhiána . Jalandhar Hoshiárpur Gurdáspur . Amritsar . Siálkot .	19 - 1 19 - 1 19 - 1 19 - 1 18 - 1	17 12 19 — 19 — 18 12 18 — 18 — 17 —	20 8 28 — 24 — 24 — 25 — 24 — 25 —	26 8 24 — 23 — 24 — 25 — 25 —		:	12 8 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 13 -	11 12 10 — 10 — 10 — 10 — 10 — 12 —	34 - 30 - 31 - 26 - 24 - 26 - 26 -	27 8 27 8 24 - 24 - 24 - 25 - 26 -	20 8 25 — 20 — 23 — 25 — 26 —	24 21 20 - 20 - 22 - 25 -
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Northern— Rawalpindi	.17 — 1	16 8	23 8	22 12			9 8	9 8	25 —	23 —	21 —	19
Western— Shahpur Jhang Multan Montgomery Muzaffargarh Dera Ghazi Khan	16 — 1 14 4 16 — 1 16 8	19 8 16 — 14 — 16 8 16 8 15 —	28 — 22 — 22 — 22 — 23 12	28 - 22 - 21 - 22 - 23 12	:: :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		9 8 10 - 12 8 8 5 13 - 12 8	9 8 12 — 12 8 8 5 13 — 12 8	23 — 26 — 24 — 22 — 26 4	23 — 27 — 22 — 21 — 26 4	23 - 21 - 22 - 20 - 20 - 23 12	23 - 20 - 18 21 20 - 21
NW. Frontier Province— Hazára Pesháwar Kohát Bannu Dera Ismail Khan	17 - 15 15 23 7	14 2 16 — 15 12 22 8 17 4	19 10 27 — 24 12 33 12 25 —	19 8 27 — 22 5 32 8 21 91	5 — 6 3 5 12 15 — 5 —	5 — 6 3 5 7 14 6 5 —	9 12 9 12 11 5 16 4 7 13	9 12 9 12 11 5 15 10 7 13		19 — 25 — 32 8 34 —	16 - 19 - 21 5 25 10 28 6	16 - 18 - 21 24 26
Sind and Baluchistan— Karáchi Hyderabad Thar and Párkar (Umarkot) Shikárpur Upper Sind Frontier Quetta	13 — 13 — 15 — 12 8 12 — 10 to	12 - 13 - 13 - 15 - 12 8 12 - to	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	 16 —	9 — 8 — 12 — 10 — 9 8	9 8 12 10 9 8 5	11 — 10 — 13 — 14 — 10 8	11 — 10 — 13 — 13 — 10 8	20 — 24 — 25 —	19 — 20 — 23 — 24 — 20 —	19 — 19 — 15 8 24 — 28 8	24 -
Bombay— Konkan— Karwar Ratnagiri Alibag Bombay Tanha	11 11 10 2 9 4 8 7	11 11 9 7 9 4 8 7 10 15	,	 	10 2 8 - 9 - 6 6 9 4	10 · 2 8 - 9 14 6 6 6 9 4	10 11 9 14 8 7	11 2 10 11 10 18 8 7 10 8	14 11	14 11	17 14 15 12 14 9 19 18	15 14
Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar Belgaum Satara Sholapur Bijapur Poona	14 8 11 10 18 10 18 —	12 9 14 3 11 7 17 11 18 — 10 6			18 6 11 9 7 15 10 8 11 6 8 2	11 8	12 10 9 7 11 11 12 3	14 13 16 9 4 12 11 11 11 9 5	22 13 23 5 35 12 34 11	25 6 24 14 23 4 35 12 36 8 25 3	24 6 21 8 2 33 15 3 37 8	24 21 33 41
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Káthiawár- Rajket	. 18 -	18 —			6 -	6 -	8 8	8	8 25 -	25 -	_ 20 -	_ 20
Central Provinces— Western - Nimar Assigarh Cantonment Hoshangabad . Betul Chhindwara Nagpur Wardha .	. 13 1 . 14 11 . 14 10 . 16 14 . 15 — . 12 18	13 1 14 11 14 10 16 14 15 — 12 13			5 13 6 4 10 - 10 - 7 1	10 - 8 1	8 10 11 9 10 - 13 6 2 12 8	10 1 9 1 13 12	11 19 10 25	6 22 6 3 28 1 1 20	13	

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee)

RAGI	BUA OR (Eleusin	or IT	ANGNI KAKUN, ALIAN ILLET Setaria alica)	CH CI KA OR	BAM, ENNA, HOLA, DALAY, SUNAGA Cicer etinum)		AIZE 1 Mays)	C.	HAR OR HUR, ADJAN PEA ajanus adicus)		SALT	DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	h vious	montl of report	h vious	Half- month of report	vious half-	Half- month of report	viou half-	s month of	vion half	s mon	th vio	us (-
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S.,,				16 —	16 —			9 —	9 —	85 —	85 —	Káthiawár— Rajkot
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RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF FEBRUARY 1904 -concluded (The figures

		20 0 3 0 0 0		Rice	JAWAR OR	BAJRA OR
Dietricis	WHEAT	BARLEY	Best sort	Common	(Andropogon sorghum)	CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoideum)
	Half- month vious of half- report month	Half- Pre- month vious of half-	of hal	ous month vious	of half-	Half-month vious half-report month
Central Provinces-continued		A STATE OF THE STA				
Central— Narsinghpur Saugor Damoh Jubbulpore Mandla Seoni Bálághát Bhandára Chánda	14 8 15 — 18 — 20 — 19 — 19 — 16 4 15 —		10 11 10 8 - 8 12 - 12 9 - 10 8 - 8	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	28 — 30 — 25 10 24 — 26 — 27 — 21 — 21 — 	
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Berar— Buldána	12 12 12 7 9 — 9 8 9 8 9 8		6 — 6 7 — 7 5 2 6 5 — 5 7 — 9	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	21 15 20 12 18 8 20 — 16 — 17 — 23 —	
Nizam's Territories — Secunderabad Boláram Chadarghát	7 9 7 9 7 9 8 — 7 10½ 7 9		E 14 E	14 10 8 10 9	23 12 24 8	
Madabar Coast— Malabar				12 3 12 3 12 2 12 2		
South, central— Coimbatore Nilgiris Salem			11.	9 14 9 14 9 14 9 14 12 13 12 —	4	
Central— Bellary				15 2 14 — 12 13 12 13	34 11 33 11 3 25 2 25 2	31 5 31 5
East Coast, north— Ganjam Vizagapatam Godávari				13 10 13 10 14 - 14 -	0	31 10 31 10
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East Coast, south— Madras Chingleput N. Aroot S. Aroot	The state of the s			10 3 10 6 12 6 12 6 15 6 16 7 11 6 11 6	8	23 3 23 3
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Mysore - Bangalore Kolar - Tumkur Hassan - Kadur Shimoga Chitaldrag	8 - 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 - 8 -	2 10 9 10 9 8 - 8 - 8 - 9 - 8 - 10 - 12 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 11 14 11 14 11	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 22 — 20 — 20 — 30 — 30 —	- 11
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state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee)

RAGI	BUA OR (Eleusine acana)	OR ITA	ANGNI KAKUN, ALIAN ILLET etaria alica)	CH CI RAI OR	HRAM, ENNA, HOLA, DALAY, SUNAGA Cicer etinum)		AIZE Mays)	CAI	AR OR UR, DJAN EA janus icus)		SALT	DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	vious half-	of report	vious half-	of	vious half-	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	of	h vious	
=======================================				21 5 22 - 24 - 21 8 26 - 20 - 13 8 15 - 13 10	23 - 24 - 21 8 26 - 20 - 13 8 15 -			13 11 10 - 9 2 11 8 10 - 10 - 8 12 10 -	13 11 10 - 9 2 11 - 10 - 8 - 7 - 8 12 8 -	12 - 10 1 11 - 10 - 11 -	12 1 10 1 8 11 1 10 1 11 - 9 - 8 -	Saugor Damoh Jubbulpore Mandla Seoni Bálaghát
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	=	-		16 — 18 15 14 8 14 8 16 — 12 —	16 — 18 14 15 — 14 8 		:	9 - 10 15 9 - 9 - 11 - 11 -	9 — 10 10 9 — 9 — 12 —	9 — 10 4 11 — 10 — 13 — 11 8	9 — 10 1 11 — 10 — 12 —	
27 8	29 —		=	13 14 13 2 15 5	13 2 13 — 14 1	=	=	17 2 10 15	17 2 9 114	9 6 9 10 8 12	9 6 9 9 9 2	Nizam's Territories— Secunderabad Boláram Chadarghát
1.1.	:	:	:				=			13 13 11 14	12 14 11 14	Madras— Malabar Coast— Malabar S. Canara
24 5 25 14	22 11 26 10	Ξ	ä	ä	Ē	=	=	=	 !!!	10 5 10 13 12 11	10 5 10 10 12 11	South, central— Coimbatore Nilgiris Salem
33 — 32 10 	29 2 31 - 32 10 25 -	=	=	:	=	::	=		:	12 11 14 6 14 — 11 5	13 3 14 6 14 — 11 —	Central— Beilary Anantapur Cuddapah Karaul
30 10 28 5 31 —	29 14 28 5 29 2	Ξ	=	::	=	=	=	:::	==	13 3 15 10 15 6	18 8 15 10 15 6	East Coast, north— Ganjam Vizagapatam Godavari
24 5 25 11	23 13 25 11	::		=		=	=	3		15 10 16 18	15 10 16 13	East Coast, central— Kistna Nellore
22 3 21 5 27 — 22 — 24 2	22 6 21 5 27 — 22 —		::	:	=	::				15 10 15 10 14 2 15 2	15 10 15 10 14 2 15 2	East Coast, south — Madras Chingleput N. Arcot S. Arcot
28 2	24 6									15 2	15 2	Tanjore
22 3 25 3	22 8 25 14		:::			::				16 6 16 8	16 6 16 3	Trichinopoly Southern— Tinnevelly Madura
92 — 36 —	27 5 32 - 26 - 38 - 40 - 36 - 42 - 36 -	: 80 —		8 15 11 - 10 - 9 - 10 - 10 - 12 10 10 -	8 15 11 — 10 — 8 8 10 — 10 — 12 1 10 —			5 12 6 12 8 — 7 — 6 10 8 — 6 — 7 —	5 12 5 12 8 — 7 — 8 — 8 — 9 7	11 2 11 8 11 - 10 8 9 - 9 - 11 9 10 -	11 2 11 8 10 - 10 8 10 - 9 - 11 9 10 -	Mysore — Mysore Bangalore Kolar Tumkur Hassan Kadur Shimoga Chitaldrug
29 8	30 —							7 —	6 4	10 8	11 8	Coorg —
	***	**		11 3	11 3	•••		9 5	9 5	32 —	32 - A	den

J. A. ROBERTSON
Offg. Director-General of Statistics

E. N. BAKER
Socretary to the Government of India

Palcutta, March 11, 1904

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1 Sec. 12



SUPPLEMENT

re Gazette of Andia.

No. 12. }

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1904.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The Supplement and Part VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 a.m. on Thursday, the 17th March 1904, based on the India Daily Weather Reports of the period.

The weather during the week under review has been feebly unsettled and showery over North-West India and North-East India and over Malabar, but has been fine and quiet elsewhere.

In North-West India showers occurred on the 12th and 13th and on the 16th and 17th. On the former occasion the falls were light, the largest amounts reported having been o'20" at Dehra Dun, on the latter occasion the rainfall was heavier, Murree reporting 1'19", Cherat 1.17", Minimarg 1.02", Sonemarg 0.96", Dera Ismail Khan 0.72" and Srinagar, Dras, Astor, Peshawar and Khushab over 0.50". Both falls were confined to the hill and submontane regions of Upper India.

In North-East India the rainfall was received mainly on the 11th, 13th and 15th, though some light local showers occurred on the other days of the week. On the 11th the heaviest falls were 1:58" at Silchar and 1:52" at Dibrugarh, on the 13th the heaviest falls were 0:02" at Silchar at Sibsagar and 0.38" at Dibrugarh, and on the 15th the heaviest falls were 0.99" at Silchar and about 0.30" at Chittagong and Barisal. Rain fell in Lower Bengal on the 11th, but the other times the fall was confined to Assam and East Bengal.

In Malabar rain fell on the 11th and 13th, but the showers were apparently very

The weather was disturbed and showery throughout the week in Persia and Baluchisan. At the close of the week the barometer was low over Bengal and a period of showery unsettled weather appeared probable over that province and Assam.

The rainfall table shows that effective rain was received during the week over the Bengal, Assam, West Himalayas, North-West Dry and Baluchistan divisions, and the Calicut and Cuttack sub-divisions, the average total rainfall ranging from o'10" in the Cuttack subdivision to 0.81" in the Narayanganj sub-division. Elsewhere there was no rain of importance during the week.

The seasonal rainfall is in excess over the Ludhiana, Lahore, Ranchi, Jubbulpore and Madura sub-divisions and the North-West Dry, Central India, Gujarat and East Coast (South) divisions, and is normal over the Bengal, Brahmaputra and Baluchistan divisions and the Dinajpur, Burdwan, Simla, Calicut, Bellary and Mysore sub-divisions. Elsewhere the rainfall is short of the average.

(541)

		RAINFALL D	ATA FOR WE	EK ENDING	RAINFALL DA	TA FROM 4TH 17TH MARC	DECEMBER H 1904.	SEASON PERCENT DEPARTU FROM NOR
RAINFALL DIVISION WITH REPRESENTATIVE STATION.	Rainfall sub-division named after repre- sentative station.	Average actual rainfall.	Average normal rainfall.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date.	Average normal rainfall.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.
		Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inches.	Inches.	,	
Burma Coast (Rangoon) Burma Wet (Bhamo) Burma Dry (Mandalay)	 (Narayanganj .	0,91 0 0,01 0	0'17 0'07 0'05 0'74	-0°17 -0°05 +0°07	0.13 0.18 0.01 3.33	1.47 1.10 0.64 3.30	- 0.74 - 0.92 - 0.03 + 0.03	- 50 - 84 - 98 + 1
 Delta of Bengal Brahmaputra Valley (Sibsagar) 	Calcutta	0.10	o'29 o'87	0'19 0'23	2·56 4·47	2·16 4·18	+ 0'40 + 0'29	+ 19 +
6. Himalayas and Sub-Himalaya,	Dinajpur . Darbhanga . Bahraich .	0'04	0°24 0°14 0°24	-0'20 -0'14 -0'24	1'41 0'13 0'74	1.68 1.59 2.68	- 0'27 - 1'46 - 1'94	- 16 - 92 - 72 -
7. Indo-Gangetic Plain, East	Burdwan .	0 0	0.00	-0.00 -0.31	2,33	2'07 1'56	+ 0.26 + 0.26	+ 13 +
8. Himalayas and Sub-Himalaya, West.	Simla . Ludhiana .	0'54 0'13	0°70 0°25	-0.15 -0.19	9.88 6.42	9°39 5°35	+ 0.49	+ 20 +
9. Indo-Gangetic Plain, West o. NW. Dry Area (Bikaner) 1. Baluchistan (Quetta)	Cawnpore .	0.01 0.50 0.60	0°11 0°19 0°25 0°45	+0.12 +0.01 +0.01 -0.18	0.85 3.97 4.65 6.30	2.99 2.27 5.43	- 1'13 + 0'98 + 2'38 + 0'87	+ 33 +
			and the second			20 de 2000 en 1945 1945 1970 de 2000 en 1945	rent err	
2. East Coast, North	Waltair Cuttack Ranchi Raipur	0.10	0'11 0'33 0'28 0'25	-0.11 -0.23 -0.25	0°10 1°35 2°72 0°65	1'48 2'29 2'15 1'59	- 1.38 - 0.94 + 0.57 - 0.94	- 4I + 27 +
	Jubbulpore .	0	0.08	-0.08	2.91	1.76	+ 1.12	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
4. Central India Plateau	Jhansi Jaipur Indore .	0 0 0	• 0.06 0.08 0.03	-0.05 -0.08 -0.08	1.49	1'90 1'15 0'72	+ 0 64 + 0 64 + 0 62	+ 30 +
5. West Coast	{Calicut .	0'77	0'45	+0'32	0.01	4'11 0'20	+ 0.00	- 95
6. Gujarat	{ Ahmedabad . Rajkot	0	0.02	-0.02	0.83	0'25 0'25 1'13	+ 0.00 + 0.20 - 0.20	+232 +
	(Bellary	0	0.08	—o·o8	Sa en Catala espera		TE STEEL	8 +
18. Deccan	Bijapur Hyderabad Mysore	0 0	0'06 0'22 0'11	-0.06	0.04	0.64 0.60 0.28 0.21	- 0.06 - 0.24 - 0.24	- 93 - 95 + 2 †
20. East Coast South (Madras)	Madura	0'03	0°23	-0.55 -0.55	5'30	3.88	+ 1'4	+ 37

W. L. DALLAS,

for Meteorological Reporter to the Government of indian Observators

J. WILSON,

Secretary to the Government of In

SIMLA: The 17th March 1904.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 12th March 1904.

Madras.—There was light rain in Bellary and in parts of the Circars during the week but none elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are generally sufficient. Ploughing, sowing, and transplanting are in progress in parts. The standing crops are generally fair. Harvests continue with fair outturn. Pasture is scanty in parts of the Circars and the Deccan. Fodder is procurable. The condition of cattle is good. Prices are almost stationary.

Bombay.—There was slight rain during the week in parts of Karachi, Larkana, Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Ahmednagar and Bijapur. The standing crops have been damaged by locusts in parts of Colaba, Ratnagiri, and Satara; by blight in parts of Larkana and Dharwar; by insects in parts of the Upper Sind Frontier; and by recent rain in parts of the Panch Mahals; and are generally in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting of spring crops continues in parts of Karachi, Gujarat, the Konkan, Khandesh, Nasik, Sholapur, the Carnatic, Rajkot and Baroda. Threshing is completed in Poona and continues in parts of Surat, Nasik, Ahmednagar, and Satara. Cotton is slightly damaged by blight in parts of Dharwar; is in fair condition in parts of Ahmedabad and Panch Mahals; and in good condition in parts of Larkana and Broach. Picking is completed in Poona and is in progress in parts of Gujarat, Satara, Carnatic and Baroda. Preparation of lands for next season are in progress in parts of the Konkan, Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Poona, Satara, the Carnatic, Rajkot, and Wadhwan. The fodder supply is sufficient. Agricultural stock and water-supply are generally sufficient. Prices have fallen in one district; risen in four districts; and are stationary elsewhere.

Bengal.—Rain is reported from every district except Jalpaiguri, Rangpur, Bogra, Mymensingh, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, and Purnea. The fall was heavy in Rajshahi and moderately heavy in parts of Lower Bengal, Orissa and Chota Nagpur. Slight damage to crops has been caused by hail in Gaya, Bhagalpur and Palamau. Prospects are otherwise good. Harvesting of spring crops, pressing of sugarcane, and transplantation of summer rice continue. Ploughing and sowing are in progress. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. The price of common rice has risen in two districts, has fallen in five and is stationary in the remainder.

United Provinces.—Rain has fallen in twenty-three districts, Saharanpur, having received over four inches. The harvesting of spring crops continues and the sowing and irrigation of extra crops has begun in places. Extracting of opium is in progress and fields are being prepared for the autumn crops. Slight damage by hail to the poppy crop is reported in Budaun and to other standing crops in eight districts. Scarcity of fodder is reported in Budaun, Bahraich, and Gorakhpur. Markets are well supplied and prices are stationary.

Punjab.—Good rainfall in all districts except Delhi and Jullunder where it was slight. The price of wheat is rising slightly in Amritsar and Mooltan; the prices of other food grains are fluctuating. Sowings of extra spring crops are in progress in most districts. Ploughings and sowings of sugarcane and cotton crops are going on in certain districts. Land is being prepared for autumn sowings in the Lahore district. The condition of the standing crops is reported good to fair in all districts except Delhi where the crops are said to be below average. The recent rain has greatly benefited the standing crops. Crops have been slightly damaged by hail and also by excessive rain in lowlying lands in parts of Hissar and Sialkot; they have also been damaged by excessive rain in lowlying lands in Amritsar. Hail fell in Ferozepore but did no damage. Cattle are generally in good condition throughout the province. Fodder is said to be sufficient in all districts except Delhi and in parts of Rawalpindi.

North-West Frontier Province.—The rainfall of the week averaged half an inch in Peshawar and $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in Dera Ismail Khan. Showers have fallen in other districts and the rain though generally beneficial has caused some injury to lowlying crops and a break is now wanted. Prospects are generally excellent. Stocks of food grains and fodder are ample. Prices are falling in Peshawar.

Burma.—There was slight rain in three Northern districts during the week. Ploughing for early wet weather paddy has begun in Mandalay and Kyaukse. Plucking of tobacco is in progress. Transplanting of dry weather paddy and harvesting of the miscellaneous

crops continue. The price of paddy has risen in the Upper Chindwin, Katha, Bhamo and Mandalay districts and has fallen slightly in Rangoon and five other Lower Burma districts.

Central Provinces.—Light showers have fallen in six districts. The harvesting of winter crops is in full swing and threshing has commenced. The outturns are generally good. The damage caused by the recent hail is reported to have been somewhat severe in a few villages in the Saugor and Mandla districts, and slight in a few villages of Nimar and Balaghat. The preparation of land for autumn sowings continues. Prices of wheat and gram show a slight tendency to rise.

Assam.—Rain fell in all districts during the week. More rain is wanted for tea in Kamrup. Tea pruning, sugarcane pressing, ploughing for rice and jute, and sowing of early rice are in progress. Gathering of mustard is finished in most districts. The outturn of sugarcane and mustard is fair to good. Fodder is insufficient in parts of Sylhet and in the Hills. Prices—common rice—Silchar, Sylhet, and Tezpur 18; Dhubri, Gauhati, and Nowgong 16; Sibsagar 13; and Dibrugarh 12 seers per rupee.

Mysore.—Prices are steady. The standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are healthy except in parts of Mysore and Chitaldrug. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg .- Prices of food grains are normal. Fair water and fodder are sufficient.

Hyderabad.—There was no rain during the week. The spring harvest and weeding of late rice continues. The standing crop is good. Lands are being prepared for autumn sowings in parts. Prices—wheat 12½; rice 11¼; and jowar 31½ seers per halli rupee.

Rajputana.—Rain fell in parts during the week. Agricultural operations are generally satisfactory. The condition of the standing crops and of cattle is generally good. Some damage has, however, been caused by rain and hail storms in parts. The damage to the opium crop in Kotah is serious. Fodder is ample. Prices are favourable.

Central India.—There was no rain during the week. Agricultural operations are in progress. Crops have been damaged in parts of Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal, Baghelkhand, and Bhopawar by recent rain, but are good elsewhere. Agricultural stock is good except in parts of Indore and Bhopawar. Pasturage is generally good. Prices are normal in Gwalior, Indore, and Baghelkhand; rising in Bhopal; and stationary elsewhere. Opium is fair in Bhopal, Malwa and Bhopawar, and good in parts of Indore and Gwalior.

Kashmir.—The weather is generally rainy. Prices are stationary.

Jammu.—There was slight rain during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 14 to 26 and maize from 20 to 36 seers per rupee. The condition of the standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Nepal.—Rainfall 0'04. The weather has been somewhat cloudy and cold. The price of rice is 5½ seers for the rupee.

J. WILSON, Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. HOME DEPARTMENT.

SANITARY. PLAGUE.

Calcutta, the 17th March, 1904.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 12th March

y f	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of over 50,000 inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plagu death
	(Bombay City Dholera Port	. B., B. & C. I. & G. I. P	1,081	92
	1	Ahmedabad City	B, B. & C. I.		
		Gogha Port		122	7
		Broach Port	B., B. & C. I. & B. G. J. P.	99	7
		Broach District Panch Mahals District		120	9
	- 1	Mahikantha State		145	9
		Kaira District .	, n n	1,970	1,25
		Palanpur State		14	1,23
	d	Bulsar Port	" "	198	11
	Northern.	Surat Town and Port Surat District		7	
	Nort	Ihara Port		195	12
		Bandra Port	B., B. & C. I.	10	
		Vesava Port			**
		Kelva " Trombay "			•••
		Tarapur ,	B., B. & C. I.	(a)2	(a)
		Manori ,	P. P. c.	(4)2	(a)
	1	Dhanu	er vicine i e dell'eran tanà e rema e con a con a seletta data.		100
		Bhiwndi ,,	CONTROL OF SEVERAL SECTION OF THE SE	(a)2	"(a)
	-4	Shirgaon,	B., B. & C. I.		***
		Bassein "	_ n_ n		
		Thana	\$\$\$\con\$\$\dot\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	2	
	- 11	Umbergaon Port	[2] [10] 대한 10 (10) [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10]	5	
		Thana District	101010		•••
	- 1	Ahmednagar District	Dhond and Manmad (G. I. P.)	13	
	_	Khandesh ,	B., B. & C. I. & G. I. P.	373	1,03
	Central	Poona City		558	38
	Š	Poona District	0.2 2	96	8:
		Sholapur Town	(G. I. P.	333	221
	Y	Sholapur District	" S. M. & Barsi	72 442	354
		Panvel "		7	(
		Eshoi "		5	4
		Revdanda "			
	525 200 0	Kolaba District		46	43
		Vizedrug "			
		Harnai ,	Committee of the control of the cont	20	16
	ALCOHOLD BY THE	Vengurla			
	the (Jaitapur "			
	10	loigad			•••
		Deogad "			
		Belgaum	S. M	418	322
		Hubli Town			
		Karwar Port		482	359
		Akola Port			
		Kanara District	S. M	5	3
		Savantvadi State	S. M. & G. I. P.		***
	CHELLADOWER PRO	Karachi Town and Port	N. W	570	483
		Karachi District		164	145
Cink	, a	Hyderabad Town	N. W. & J. B.	26	14
Ü		Thar and Parkar District	J. B	31	24
		Sukkar District	N. W		***
		Chairpur State	,	1	1
-	5 1 /	kalkot State		"	775
ities		Aundh		15	
Pol	cha	Mandyr			
		dundra "		6	6

or Province.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of over 50,000 inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.
		Cutch State	B. B. & C. I	116
		Savanur		10
		Bher	B. G. J. P.	
		Porbandar Port		72
		Bhavnagar Town and Port	B. G. J. P.	
		Mongrol Port		
		Jodia "		
Sind		Verawal Port		46
		Vawania "	B., B. & C. I., Morvi & B. G. J. P	729
pue	*		S. M	33
	100	Kolhapur Town Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country Sachin State	B.,"B. & C. I.	325
Presidency	Political charges	Dharampur State		***
esid	ical	Srivardhan Port		***
	#6	Barimandla ,,		
Bombay	a	Nandgaon " · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
alm.		Janjira Janjira State		
Zi.		Velan Port	B., B. & C. I.	
		Billimora ,	B., B. & C. 14	116
		Baroda State		503
		Kodinar Port.		2
		Jath "Bijapur "		12
		Surat ,		27
		Aden	Total .	11,416
		Salem Town	Madras	
		Salem District		(e)83
	Share was	Bellary Cantonment	S. M.	1
		Bellary Town Bellary District	S. M. & Madras	(6)207
		Coimbatore Town	Madras, S. I. & Nilgiri	(c)108
	Service of	Coimbatore District	Madras	6
		North Arcot	S. I. & Madras	(d)112
		South Arcot District	S. I. & Madras	
Presidency		Tinnevelly District	s.ï	
side		Malabar " · · ·	Madras	
Pre	1 (Cuddapah "		13
25	1	Ermala		
Madras		South Canara District	Madean & C I	
×		Chingleput District	S. I. & Madras	
		Kurnool "	S. M. & Madras	(g)8
		Tanjore ,,	S. I	
		Anantapur ,,	Madras & S. M	(a)58
		Madura "Cochin State"		
	,		Total .	642
		Calcutta	E. 1., E. B. S. & B. N	252
	(Nadia District	E. B. S. & B. C. & R. K.	(h)4
	Presidency }	24-Parganas District		
	-	Howrah Town	B. N. & H. A	2
1	Burdwan	Hooghly District	, B. N. & H. A.	I
	1	Burdwan District		(f)1
	7	Birbhum District		
		Champaran District	B. & N. W	
		Saran District		809
	1	Gaya Town		321
engal	Patna	Gaya District Muzaffarpur District	P. & N. W.	318
		Darbhanga Town	B. I. "	138
		Darbhanga District	B. 1.	632
		Patna City		48
(i	Patna District		(g)1,717 60
	Bhagalpur }	Monghyr Town		240
	(Bhagalpur Town		84
	Chota 5	Bhagalpur District		(f)3
	Nagpur. 2	Palamau District		8
		Hazaribagh ,,		
	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE		Total	5 077

⁽a) Including 2 imported cases and 2 deaths, (b) " 9 " cases " 6 deaths, (c) " 5 " " " I death. (d) " 11 " " " 11 deaths.

⁽f) Imported.

(g) Including 1 imported case and 1 death.

(h) ,, cases and 1 death.

or province.	Divisio	Districts and States, and Towns of over . 50,000 inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plag death
	Allahabad	Banda "	E. I. E. I., O. & R., B., B. & C. I. & G. I. P. (I. M. Sec.) E. I. G. I. P. (I. M. Sec.) G. I. P.	541 *119 40 154 191 2 	
	Benares .	Jaunpur City Jaunpur District Ghazipur	B. & N. W. & O. & R. B. & N. W. & E. I. B. & N. W. O. & R. E. I. & B. & N. W. E. I.	132 39 38 1008 207 493 3	10
	Fyzabad	Sultanpur ,, Ajodhia Fyzabad City Fyzabad District	B. & N. W. O. & R. O. & R.	105 107 100 121 74 33 257	 2
Conted Provinces	Sorakhpur -	January District	3. & N. W. & O. & R	537 1528 93 480	 14
	leerut .	Meerut City Meerut Cantonment Meerut District Muzaffarnagar City Muzaffarnagar District Aligarh Saharanpur Hardwar Union Roorkee Town Bulandshahr District	I. W. "O. & R. & E. I. "I. & R. & N. W. & R.	147 42 183 149 130	
Lu	ucknow .	Unao District Lucknow City Lucknow District Hardoi "Rae Bareli "Sitapur "Kheri "R.	& N. W. & O. & R. & R. & R., B. & N. W. & R. K. & R	227 275 251 44 238 214 30	2 2 2 2 1 3
Ag	gra .{	Farrukhabad District Mainpuri	원리 아내는 아내는 병원 전에 가지하는 사람이 되었다.	104 300 204 91 3 80	 30 19 8
	maun . {	Barelly District Shahjahanpur , Shahjahanpur City Bijnor District	& C. & C. & R	32 4 	32 13
Juli	lundur {	Ferozepur ,,	W. & B. & C. I.	767 451 405	8,504 529 786 247
Lah	ore .}	Amritsar City Amritsar District Gurdaspur Lahore		59	46 (a) 975 283

or or rovince.	Division.	Districts and States, and Towns of over . Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	Plague
		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	20	99 A
(. [Rawalpindi District N. W.	388	1 22
		Gujran "Gujranwala "	340	33
551	Rawalpindi	Sialkot n	554 622	366
		Shabpur " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	168	483
		hang "	102	51
	Multan .	Multan n		-
	7	Montgomery ,,		•••
unjab 4	ì	Gurgaon , E. I., O. & R., B., B. & C. I., N. W. & S. P.	66	33
		Hissar	73	30
	Delhi .	Karnal	38	20
	1	Simla , N. W.		-
		Umballa , N. W. & E. I.	(h)1,145	(h)780
	i	Rohtak	143	130
	(Patiala City Patiala State N. W., E. I., B., B. & C. I. & J. B.	412	41
		Kapurthala State	195	14
		Kalsia , E. I	362	4.
	1	Maler Kotla ,, i	. 137	9
	i	Faridkot " · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 15	
	建筑	Total	9,176	6,43
		Nimar District	. 85	4
	A COLOR	Hoshangabad Town	132	10:
5.300		Nossingpur Town	. 2	
	Nerbudda	Narsingpur District	324 (f)4	(f)
		Chhindwara ,, Khandwa Town	. 34	
		Richard Control of the Control of th	. (a)2	(a)
		Nagpur City	(b)310	(b)26
		Wardha Town	. 2	- 11 11 11
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Wardha District	(f)171 25	(1)14
	Nagpur".	Charda ,, Bhandara Town	63	60
9 -		Bhandara District	. (c)64	(c)53
rar		Balaghat "	(d)30	(d)2
rovinces g Berar).		Daiagnat 10mm	(a)I	
Pro Dg		lubbulpore District E. I. & G. I. P	. 231	16
tra		Damoh Town		
Central Pr	Jubbulpur	Sauger Cantenment		
	,	Saugor Town G. I. P. (I. M. Sec.)	123	110
		Saugor District		
	1	Mandla " · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(1)
	Chhattis-	Bilaspur ,, B. N	(f)4 (a)1	(a)1
	garh.	Raipur ,, Sambalpur ,,	,	
		Akola " G. I. P	63	17
		Buldana " · · · · · · " · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		Basim "	(f)70	(f)s
		Amraoti " G. I. P.	(g)335	(g)25
		Ellichpur ,,		
		Total	2,799	2,290
	A Valle	y Dibrugarh Town (Lakhimpur District) . D.S		
ssam	Assam valle	Total		-
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	
Coorg		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		
		Total	1	
		Bangalore City S. M. & Madras	61	7
		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	. 107	7
ē.		Mysore City S. M.	. 2	3
Sta	+	Mysore District	53	59 77 77 30 30 31 16
Mysore State.		Kolar Gold Fields	. 24	1
узо		Tumkur District S. M	. 14	17
2 %		Shimoga "Chitaldrug "	31 5	
	1	Kadur "	41	35
	A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY	Hassan	. 1 18	
				A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

⁽a) Imported.
(b) Including 3 imported cases and 3 deaths.
(c) , 7 , cases and 5 ,
(d) , 1 case and 3 deaths.

⁽f) Including I imported case and I death.
(g) , 2 ,, cases and 3 deaths.
(h) For week ending 5th March 1904.

Total Psychembar Psychemb	Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts and States, and Towns of over 50,000 inhabitants.	Traversed by what railways.	Plague seizures.	P'agu deaths
Indoore State	Hyderabad State.		Bir Hyderabad Indur Usmanabad Lingsagur Paribani Raichur Gulburga	G. I. P. & Barsi N. G. S. G. I. P. & Barsi S. M. G. I. P. G. I. P.	(a) 55 1 50 47 101 200	(a) {21 4 4 3.6 6 18
Ajmer District B., B. & C. I. (c)2 (c) Partabgarh			Indore State Ujjain City Gwalior City Gwalior State Dhar State Bhopal City Pathari State Bhopal State Mhow Cantonment Nimach Indore Residency Rutlam City Rutlam State Dewas Town Dewas State Narsingarh State Tonk State (portion in Central India) Sehore " Sailana Piploda District Bagli State Ihabua " Jaora " Jaora Town Agar Military Station Manpur	B., B. & C. I. B., B. & C. I. & G. I. P. G.I. P. B., B. & C. I. (Rajputana Maiwa) B., B. & C. I. " G. I. P. B., B. & C. I.	(b) { 213 86 7 47 403 (b)10 (b)10 7 17 116	(b) (c) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d
Hamirpur-Sidhan (Akhour Tahsil) Jammu City Iammu Province Srinagar District Srinagar City N. W. Total Abbottabad Town Hazara District Peshawar Total Sonmian; Hirok Sibi N. W. N. W. Total Total Total	putana		Mewar State Partabgarh Chitor (Udaipur State) Tonk State Marwar Jaipur Kishengarh Towa Bikanir State Jhalawar Sirohi Shahpura Alwar Banswara Bharatpur Bharatpur Bharatpur Bharatpur Bharatpur Bharatpur Bharatpur	B., B. & C. I. B., B. & C. I.	(c)2 386 7 41 81 131 (c)2	95 (c)1 330 3 29 106
Abbottabad Town Hazara District Peshawar Total Sonmiani Hirok Sibi	hmir .		Jammu City	N. W.	773 517 98	289 116
Sonmiani Hirok Sibi	W. F. vince.	. 1	Hazara District		615	405
	chis-	{	Hirok	¢.`w		

(a) Figures from 1st to 7th March 1904.

(b) Figures for week ending 5th March 1904.

(c) Imported.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. RAILWAY STATISTICS.

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B. - As regards the figures in column Total earnings, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAIL PART Pa	4	_	Avenage sand				Resu	LTS OF WOR	KING DU	RING 181	ESULTS OF WORKING DURING IST HALF OF YEAR	SAR.		A	RESULTS O	RESULTS OF WORKING FOR OFFICIAL YEAR	FUR OFFICE	AL YEAR .
State and Guaranteed Railweys. Railweys Bergal (needly, Repur.) Datastri of \$7. The state of Guaranteed Railweys. State and Guaranteed Railweys. State and Guaranteed Railweys. Railweys Bergal (needly, Repur.) Datastri of \$7. The state of Guaranteed Railweys. State and Guaranteed Railweys. Railweys Bergal (needly, Repur.) Datastri of \$7. The state of Guaranteed Railweys. State and Guaranteed Railweys.			NGS PER N	ILE K.	Mean m work		Fotal earning endin	for week	Sarnings open to	per mile r week.	Total earni	ngs from			Total ear	Total earnings from		
State and Cutranteid Railway. Estate and Cutranteid Railways. Estate Brengli (inclig. Foresher). Estate Brengli (inclig. Fores	ATIMAN	Q ts	-	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1903.	1904.	7th March 1903.	5th March 1904-	1903.	1904	7th March 1903.	sth March 1904	Increase.	Decrease.	7th March 1903.	5th March 1904.	Increase.	Decrease.
State and Gintzantede Railways. 709 479		1	OE.		Miles.	Miles.	œ	œ	ot	œ	œ	æ	œ	OK.	æ	æ	Dg .	
Creat Indian Peninsula system 1,559 1,459 1,450 1,45			709 172 184	671 183 169	1,962 139	1,971 139 1,866	15,58,380 22,029 3,41,171	14,08,000 25,900 4,20,000	794 158 198	714 186 225	1,35,97,631 2,25,240 30,77,097	1,34,02,000 2,47,000 35,01,000	21,760	1,95,631	6,30,73,627 12,34,207 1,31,24,431	6,49,58,000 14,42,000 1,47,31,000	18,84,373 2,07,793 16,06,569	111
North Western (incldg. Newshern-Dargia o') 283 2455 3158 3158 1418 1418 1418 1418 1418 1418 1418 1			691 227 320	534 217 283	1,569 916 21	1,569 924 21	11,63,542 2,21,040 7,522	9,52,000	742 241 358	607 159 276	1,13,69,391 '21,43,935 72,819	94,60,000 16,51,000 47,200	111	19,09,391 4,52,935 25,619	4,02,21,745 93,40,742 2,88,834	4,15,82,000 80,03,000 2,66,000	13,60,255	13,37,742 22,834
Bombay Baroda and Central India Sep 657 461 505 3.69/679 3,11,000 265 249 21,28/26 249 21/26 249/26	North Western (incldg. Nowshera-Dargai 2 6") Oudh and Rohilkhand (incldg. m.'g.) Eastern Bengal (incldg. metre and 2' 6")	•••	283 265 312	255 229 380	3,158	3,267	7,71529 2,61,603 2,70,105	10,93,000 2,07,000 2,82,000	235 307	335 220 315	76,46,502 26,52,404 27,86,516	Felding (3,23,484	64,404	3,89,46,700 1,23,92,016 1,63,55,614	4,78,40,000 1,28,56,000 1,72,78,000	88,93,300 4,53,984 9,22,386	111
Rajputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Rutlam-Nágdá s' o'') . 276 266 1,784 1,784 5,165735 3,657000 290 217 48,55044 40.14,000 34,300 200 217 48,55044 40.14,000 1338 20,4514 1,724 2,28,870 2,04 184 2,04,431 19,4000 1338 20,4000 (British section) 108 112 1,124 2,128,870 2,07000 204 184 20,4431 19,4000 14,500 204 184 20,4431 19,4000 14,500 204 184 20,4431 19,4000 14,500 204 184 20,4431 19,4000 14,500 204 184 20,4431 19,4000 14,500 204 184 20,4431 19,4000 14,500 204 184 20,4000 14,500 204 184 20,4431 19,4000 14,500 204 18,079 14,500 204 18,070 204 18,070 204 18,070 204 18,070 204 18,070 204 18,070 204 18,070 204 18,070 204 18,070 204 204 204 204 204 204 204 204 204 20	and Central India		809 280 192 171	657 259 173 152	461 888 494 32	505 900 495 32	3,69,679 2,35,347 1,05,230 0,237	3,11,000 2,24,000 1,04,000 0,100	802 265 213 195	616 249 210 190	31,28,326 21,42,092 8,69,656 40,159		 1,01,908 58,344 941		1,45,84,474 1,10,56,684 41,20,414 2,30,641	1,54,19,000 1,18,60,000 42,06,000 2,41,000	8,34,526 8,03,316 85,586 10,359	1111
Lucktnow-Barelly			276 39 209 209 209 108 108 108 108	268 36 191 82 103 115 115 115	1,74 1,124 1,9 1,165 296 296 231 231	1,784 1,124 50 99 1,165 2,96 1,330	5,16,725 2,28,870 1,7529 1,37,744 29,703 2,51,722	3,67,000 400 2,07,000 4,200 7,700 1,55,000 37,900 2,14,000 2,5,500	290 30 204 204 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 1105 11	217 23 23 184 84 84 133 128 128 106	48.56.744 5.698 20,45.431 15,626 63,834 11,63,662 2,77.921 21,58,295 2,82.250	12, 23, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	 24,974 5,466 86,338 18,079 54,705		4 7 7	2,01,05,000 25,700 1,12,21,000 1,83,000 67,88,000 17,148,000 1,11,24,000 13,09,000	59,649 2,88,634	31-43-145 3-61-5
30 1,723 1,500 57 50 14480 11,500 2,980	Lucknow-Bareniy Assam-Bengal Burma Brahmaputra-Sultanpur Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British		3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	202 79 79 337	1,311 59 124	740 1,337 59 124 17	43.397 3.34.297 4.080 10,164 5.687	45,900 3,84,000 4,300 9,100 3,800	255 69 82 83 83 83	287 73 73 73 224	4,05,391 30,76,831 37,14 99,164 34,971		84,609 2,63,169 10,050 14,836 2,629		19,68,146 1,15,88,423 2,27,048 4,64,060 2,75,084	23,17,000 1,28,14,000 2,45,000 5,46,000 2,43,000	3.48,854 12,25,877 20,952 81,940	
			62	57	30	30	1,723	1,500	57	50	14480	11,500	ı	2,980	84,050	82,300	1	1,750

A. R. JACOBSON,	Offg. Under Secretary to the Govt.

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25.5 4 43 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
222 1327 1537 1538 1538 154 154 155 155 155 157 157 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158

CALCUTTA, the 17th March 1904.

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SUPPLEMENT

of Andia.

No. 13. }

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1904.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A Supplement to the Gazette of India will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made Part VI of the Gazette.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if scribed for separately on a payment of five Rupees if sent by Post. The Supplement and Part VI of the Gazette can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if derivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the publication of which in the Gazette of India is required by Law, or which has been customary to publish in the Calcutta Gazette, will be included in the Supplement. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the Gazette must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR 1904-1905.

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LAND REVENUE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 01	Jast	years						
OPIUM .					•			•	162	596
SALT			15109	•				•	163	597
STAMPS .									165	598
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extensive imports of petroleum, silver, copper, and spirits. The increase under Other heads of Revenue occurred chiefly under Forests in Burma and Madras; that under Excise chiefly in Burma and Berar.

The decrease under Land Revenue was due to over-estimate of collection in

Bombay and Burma; under Irrigation, to an over-estimate in the Punjab.

6. As regards expenditure, the more important variations in figures as between the Accounts and the Revised Estimate, are increases of £190,892 under Army Services; £169,407 under Other Public Works; £49,343 under Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments; and of £39,151 under Railway Revenue Account; and decreases of £101,831 under Direct Demands on Revenue, and of £114,640 under provincial surpluses added to the provincial balances and charged as expenditure. These items

account for the greater portion of the total differences noted.

The increased expenditure under Army Services occurred under effective charges both in India and in England; in India, under Supply and Transport, Ordnance, and Miscellaneous Services; and in England, under "Stores," due to larger payments than anticipated, on account of indents. The increase under Other Public Works was due to unexpectedly heavy expenditure in the last two months of the financial year. Under Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments, the increase occurred chiefly under Education, and was due to larger payments than were anticipated on account of grants-in-aid to certain schools. The increase under Railway Accounts was chiefly on account of working expenses on the North Western and Great Indian Peninsula Railways, and was due to increased train mileage compensated by improved earnings. Savings under Assignments and Compensation, Land Revenue, and Forest, are the principal causes of the decrease under Direct Demands on Revenues. The decrease under Provincial Surplus is the result of larger expenditure than anticipated in Bengal, the United Provinces, and Madras.

Revised Estimate, 1903-1904.

7. The Revised Estimate of Revenue shows an anticipated increase over the original estimate of £6,712,400 and, allowing for an increase in expenditure (including Provincial surpluses and deficits) of £4,949,900, results in a total anticipated surplus of £2,711,200 as compared with the Budget Estimate which showed a surplus of £948,700. This considerable excess surplus is due to an increase of revenue in greater or less proportion under all heads, except Telegraphs, the returns from which have unfortunately disappointed us, yielding £30,200 less than the estimate, £22,779 less than in 1902-1903, and £53,909 less than in 1901-1902.

REVENUE.

8. The following are the increases in the Revised over the Budget Estimate, under the different heads, and allowing for the failure under Telegraphs, they result in a total increase of revenue of £6,712,400:-

									£
Land Reven	ue .							四部4所 大艺 • 6	152,700
Opium .									1,354,900
Salt						中以多种	STATE OF	F 200	206,700
Stamps									41,200
Excise	Seldi-Arie-1	96.1	10.6146	Same a		1.00	1.00	de estic	420,400
Customs		923							316,200
Other Heads									176,900
Interest .									86,600
Post Office									39,400
Mint .									2,345,500
Receipts by	Civil Der	artm	ents		659919	KING	and all gr		190,700
Miscellaneou		Lagran de	15 3 1 1 1 1	5.00		A THE P		Libra	40,200
Railways	200 / 007					din da	Separati	200	1,106,100
Irrigation	and Million and the						and the		161,400
Other Public	c Works						B.Q.E.S.A. (.) Y		71,100
Receipts by		Depa	rtmen	t					32,600
	Landage Ad	45				237 19 4 8	1631 303	14.903.6	6,742,600
Telegraphs	(decrease)) .					和原的	q-las	30,200
Maria de Carrest Posteros as as ha	en de la companya de La companya de la co	7 K 8			Ne	t incre	ase		6,712,400

It will be observed that by far the most important items of increase in Revenue are under Opium, £1,354,900; Mint, £2,345,500; and Railways, £1,106,100. The increase under these three heads alone amounts to no less a sum than £4,806,500

approximating three-fourths of the total excess over the Budget Estimate.

The very important increase under Opium is due to the phenomenal rise in prices realised at sales during the past year. In view of the prices obtained during the previous year, we did not feel justified in assuming for 1903-1904, a higher price than R1,100 per chest, whereas the actual average obtained has amounted to no less than R1,462 per chest, reaching the extraordinary high level of R1,765 for the month of February last. The following figures illustrate the course of the market throughout the

Average sale-price of opium per chest during the financial year 1903-1904.

										CHOROLOGY CO			1000
				R	a	. p.					R	0.	p.
April		经用的特别	BREAT.	1,240	5	T	1 October						11 P. 3/8526
May				1 255							1,446		
				1,255			November				1,498	13	0
June			1700	1,267	4	2	December	3335			1,492	HATELS SEED	110 110 110 110 110
July				1,297	2	T	January				ATTACAMENT TO THE PROPERTY OF		
				20 NO LEGISLA	0.00/25/19		January				1,626	9	0
August				1,388	1/11/19/19	10	February			20.0	1,765	0	T
Septemb	er			1,567	1	8	March		ALC: N		Charles State of the	Q	0
			A	verage	fer	the	year R1,461-1	5-10.			1,697	0	0

It is absolutely impossible to foretell the course of events in the highly speculative opium market, and we are bound to be cautious in our estimates, as the course of the market depends not only on the opium crop, but also on the situation in China,

which for some time past has been unusually perturbed.

As regards possible Mint profits, we must always be in the dark until requirements for coin have declared themselves, and it is quite impossible to estimate beforehand what such requirements may amount to in any particular year. To exemplify the uncertainty of the demand I submit the figures showing the annual coinage of rupees in the Mints, excluding coinage to replace withdrawals of old issues, since the commencement of operations for increasing the rupee circulation :-

								R
1900-01	程为数别片·松弛性	8• 73	Ciolori.	MM 1.1	ALC: NO		EDMLSE	13,40,73,058
1901-Q2	0451451 V* 1.1871	OM: US	M. 35	est god		desc		3,25,87,221
1902-03	CONTROL TIE	Or as		Sir Lin	00. DOM	1000	10.00	 21,11,378
1903-04	(11 months	only)			•			9,42,81,408

It will be observed that annual requirements have varied from [R21,11,378 to R13,40,73,058, with a similar variation in profits. It must be remembered, however, that whilst mint profits are necessarily tabulated in our revenue returns, they do not increase our available resources, as profits from rupee coinage are transferred to

the Gold Reserve Fund.

Maries received

The unanticipated increase in railway revenue is equivalent to approximately 51 per cent on the estimate. In this matter also we have always to deal with uncertainties, since returns are entirely dependent on seasonable conditions affecting yield and movements of produce, and also to a greater or less extent on the prices for such produce which may prevail in European markets. I submit figures showing the fluctuations in net railway revenue returns during the last five years, including the estimates for the coming year :-

```
1900-1901. 1901-1902. 1902-1903. 1903-1904
                                            1904-1905
                                (Revised). (Budget).
  £ 325,124
           840,616
                      228,949
```

The other differences in excess of anticipated revenue, though important in themselves both as regards improvement of revenue and evidence of general prosperity, are relatively of minor significance. Taking them in order of importance, the increase in Excise returns, as compared with the results of 1902-1903, somewhat exceeds £498,800, and is equivalent to an augmentation of about 21 per cent in two years, following on smaller increases in the two previous years when the stress of famine was still making itself severely felt in some parts of the country. Increase of revenue is undoubtedly in great part due to improved administration and greater attention to preventive measures, but it is also due, and probably to a very large extent, to improvement in the condition of the people. Satisfactory as is from one point of view a growth of revenue, we could not regard with satisfaction any increase which might possibly be attributed to increased consumption of alcohol in excess of the legitimate requirements of those classes among

the population to whom from long habit and custom, alcohol in moderation is a virtual necessity. There is no desire on the part of the Government of India to increase revenue by encouraging indulgence in alcohol. It is a matter in which we feel our full responsibility, which undoubtedly requires constant careful watching, and to which at the present moment we are devoting special attention in the interests of temperance

and morality.

Our Customs revenue, though falling short of the realizations in 1902-1903, has exceeded our expectations. Important increases are to be found under the heads of Manufactured Articles (8½ lakhs), Spirits and Liqueurs, Sugar (ordinary duties), White and Coloured Piece Goods, and Other Metals and Manufactures of Metals. The total increase under the heads above enumerated amounts to 26 lakhs, but it is more than counterbalanced by a falling-off of approximately 93 lakhs on Petroleum, nearly 7 lakhs under Grey Shirtings, and other minor differences. Any decrease in revenue returns is in a sense unfortunate, but we may console ourselves as regards any loss on petroleum and cotton cloths by the reflection that there is no falling-off in the consumption of those articles, and that where duty-paying foreign imports have diminished, they have been replaced by home production.

The excess over our estimate for revenue from salt is a matter for unqualified congratulation, being almost entirely due to increased consumption. Under Receipts by Civil Departments the increase occurred under 'Marine,' and was partly due to a change in accounting, and partly to recoveries on account of the employment of Royal Indian

Marine vessels in connection with the operations in Somaliland.

As a matter of percentage, the increase in Land Revenue is trifling; I submit once more figures showing returns for a series of years, and it will be seen that the average annual increase since 1898-99, the last year before the ravages of famine, is approximately 1.17 per cent:-

for Charles and the second	and the second second	£	and the second s
1898 99		18,306,208	1902-1903 18 436,845
1899-1900		17,205,056	1903-1904 . 19,262,400
1900-1901		17,503,031	1904-1905 . 19,591,600
1901-1902		18,288,018	and the state of t

The increase under Irrigation, which amounts to nearly £188,000, as compared with 1902-1903, and to nearly £419,000, as compared with 1901-1902, is in the main due to the extension of irrigation undertakings which bring direct prosperity to individuals and indirect prosperity to the State at large; the remaining ite ns of increase are of minor importance.

*EXPENDITURE.

9. Expenditure has exceeded the original estimate by £4,949,900; of this considerable excess no less a sum than £4,797,600 falls under the heads of Mint, and Provincial Surpluses and Deficits. The increase of expenditure under Mint may be neglected, being fully compensated by increased receipts. The increase under Provincial Surpluses and Deficits includes grants to Provincial Governments amounting to £1,726,700, of which £1,000,000 is in connection with the new provincial settlements, Bengal receiving £33,3,300, the United Provinces £200,000, Madras £333,300, and Assam £133,400. The variations under other heads of expenditure are of relatively minor importance, fairly balancing one another and resulting in a total increase of £152,300; the more important items are: Direct Demands on Revenue—increase £240,300, attributable to heavy expenditure on opium cultivation and establishment, in consequence of an abnormally large crop; Railway Revenue Account—increase, £292,400, due to heavier working expenses for increased traffic and increased trainmileage, and more than compensated by increased receipts; Other Public Worksincrease, £97,400, due to sanction of additional grants for civil works during the course of the year; Army Services—increase, £164,400, due to expenditure for the missions in Tibet, Aden, and Seistan, partly counterbalanced by savings arising from the absence of troops in Somaliland and China; and Miscellaneous Civil Charges,—increase, £68,800, due to the writing-off of agricultural advances granted during the late famine, and which

have proved irrecoverable.

The only head under which a really important decrease of expenditure is noted is Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments £ 368,100; minor savings aggregating £342, 00 have been realised under the heads of Interest, Post Office, Telegraphs, Famine Rel ef and Insurance, Irrigation and Special Defences. The excess of estimates over expenditure under Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments in 1901-1902 was £312,001, and in 1902 1903, £439,557, indicating apparently a regrettable tendency in some provinces to continually exaggerate requirements. Endeavours will be made to find a remedy.

Budget Estimates, 1904-1905.

10. Our estimates of receipts and expenditure for the forthcoming financial year result in an anticipated surplus amounting to £918,700, but it is to be noted that in calculating this result, allowance is made for a decrease in Provincial balances of

REVENUE.

17. The principal items of estimated increase in revenue, as compared with the Revised Estimate of 1903-04, are as follows :-

Land Revenue	1 994		er en e						£
Stamps .				•		• trn	•	m•louis	. 329,200
Excise .						•	7.18	W. 3023	. 49,000
Other Heads								one de h	. 124,500
Railways	ertenes	AB ETYCOL	100	•	•		•	•	. 94,700
		grade Marieta	Sydenesia in Substituti						. 176,400

These with minor improvements under Post Office, and Irrigation, make up a

total anticipated increase of revenue amounting to £794,600.

The increase in Land Revenue is largest in Burma and Madras, but it is fairly general, and is important in Assam, the Central Provinces, Berar, and Bombay. The chief cause of general increase is recovery after the recent famine; some re-settlements have however been made, and in the Pui jab irrigation has been extended. Under Stamps and Excise, a normal increase has been allowed for. The increase estimated under Railway receipts is based on the anticipated improvement in traffic on certain lines, and increased working mileage.

12. On the other hand, we anticipate a falling-off in receipts under the following

Opium	•		631 2					pod Establish San Johan			£
Mint											78 ,600,
Other P	ublic	Work					100		•	•	2,516,100
Receipts						•		•	•	•	68,000
		Lintai	, Dep	artine	nt.	90.4				•	172,500
					esta constr- La constr-			Тот	AL	H. Fan	3,538,200

These, with minor decreases in Salt, Customs, Interest, Telegraph, Receipts by Civil Departments and Miscellaneous Receipts, result in a total falling-off of £3.713,800. We cannot anticipate a continuance of the abnormally high prices latterly obtained for Bengal opium, and we have based our estimates for the coming year on an assumed price of R1,250 per chest, as compared with the average of R1,144-8-11 obtained in 1502-1903, and R1,461-15-10 in 1903-1904. The heavy fluctuations in this year important source of revenue are noted in the following table. very important source of revenue are noted in the following table:

	Market Anna						Fig. 1 (1) and a plant in out the property of the con-
midustrainak	State Later						Average price per chest.
.0.0 .0.							R a. p.
* 1898-1899	and the second	•	20033	•	1.0	Or t a	1,055 7 5
1899-1900	1344 Stylenbore	•	d- Process		Page Cal		1,220 15 5
1900-1901	(22) U. 3 18	•	deren i		TRACTS	in the same of the	1,360 10 10
1901-1902		•					1,296 15 5
1902-1903	•	•	•	•		•	1,144 8 11
1903-1904		•		•			1,461 15 10
1904-1905	(Estimate)	•	•	•		•	1,250 0 0

1,250 0 0 The decrease under Mint is, as I have already noted, due to the fortuitous circumstances influencing receipts under this head,

A 61070%

The decrease under Other Public Works is chiefly due to special receipts from sales of buildings, and the falling-off in receipts by Military Department is mainly attributed to anticipated smaller recoveries for stores, etc., to be supplied to the Imperial Government.

EXPENDITURE.

13. The total increase in expenditure on revenue account is estimated at £1,391,300.

The more important heads of increase are:—

Direct Demands on the Revenues .		. 198,400
Post Office · · · ·		. 116,000
Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments		. 916,800
Railway Revenue Account		, 676,800
Other Public Works		. 524,500
Army Services		. 1,258,400
Special Defences	•90	. 228,300

These with minor additions under Telegraph, Famine Relief and Insurance, and Irrigation result in a total increase of expenditure amounting to £4,028,500. The most important increase, that of £1,258,400 under Army Services, is almost wholly accounted for under the two heads of Increased Pay to British Troops, approximately £493,900, which becomes payable from April 1904, and £700,000 for new armament, guns, and rifles; the latter is fortunately a non-recurring charge. There are other minor differences of increase and decrease in Military charges, but excluding the two items I have specially noted, the aggregate Military estimates do not materially exceed those of the closing year.

The large increase of £916,800 under Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments occurs chiefly under Education, Police, Medical, and Political. Should we have another really prosperous season, additional expenditure under Railway Revenue Account will in great part be covered by increased receipts, but whereas certain expenditure is inevitable, we cannot, in framing our estimates, allow for more than normal profits to counterbalance them. The addition of £116,000 to Post Office charges is due to the progressive development of the Postal service. The increase of £524,500, under Other Public Works, is chiefly due to the expenditure to be met by Local Governments out of the special grants given to them towards the close of the current financial year, and that of £228,300 under Special Defences, to the adoption of a definite programme for improving Coast Defences. The other items of increase are of relatively small importance.

14. Against such items of increase there are decreases under the following heads:-

a walio ya kwa dana kata wa kwa iliana iliana kwa kwa kwa kwa kwa kwa kwa kwa kwa kw		£
Mint		. 2,385,000
Miscellaneous Civil Charges	Lodo. o	. 129,700
Interest		. 122,500

The decrease under Mint is approximately counterbalanced by the smaller entry for receipts under the same head; that under Miscellaneous Civil Charges is chiefly due to a considerable sum, considered irrecoverable, having been written off on account of takavi advances made during the late famine.

Summary of Budget Results.

15. We may now consider the situation as regards our estimates for items classified in the Accounts as non-chargeable to revenue. We carry forward to this second part of our statement, which includes Capital and Debt transactions, Deposits, Remittances, and Advances, a surplus of £918,700. Our total estimate for capital expenditure on Railways and Irrigation amounts to £8,940,900, of which sum £6,310,300 is for account of State Railways; £1,797,300 for the account of Railway Companies; and £833,300 for Major Irrigation Works. In addition to the above, we have to find

£1,088,800 for discharging Permanent Debt, and £333,300 for discharging Temporary Debt. We have also to make a net payment of £1,407,500, under Deposits, Advances, Thus the total of our capital requirements amounts to £11,770,500.

16. To meet these requirements, we estimate that in addition to the surplus of 6018,700, we shall have at our disposal a sum of 62,917,200, to be raised by Railway Companies. We further propose to increase our permanent debt by £4,500,000, including a loan of 3 crores of rupees, to be raised in India, and we also anticipate the realisation of £688,100 by addition to the unfunded debt. The above sums amount in the aggregate to £9,024,000, and the balance required to meet the total expenditure of £11,770,500 will be found by the reduction of the total of closing balances in India and England by £2,746,500.

17. The final estimated results show closing balances on March 31st, 1905, in

India of £11,060,616 and in England of £4,696,287.

18. As regards the loan to be raised in India, we reserve the right to alter the amount to any extent that may appear desirable. The present intention of the Secretary of State is to draw Bills to meet requirements for sterling payments to the amount of £16,500,000. This figure is omitted from both sides of the account as above summarised. Our estimate of payments during the coming year on account of Council Bills is £ 16,769,700.

Coinage, Currency, and Exchange.

19. During the year now drawing to a close our coinage operations have been on a very large scale, and the issues of new rupees, including recoinage of withdrawn issues, have amounted to no less than a sum of R13,94,91,408 in addition to which we coined for Native States rupees to the value of R12,15,682. I submit the figures of coinage during the last four years :-

						14
1900-1901		•	• • • • • • •		•	17,14,79,318
1901-1902	٠		•			4,95,20,460
1902-1903						11,27,22,680
1903-1904	(11	months	only)			14,07,07,090

20. There have been very heavy demands for currency in connection with the disposal of the bumper rice crop in Burma, the large cotton crops in Bombay and Central India, and the generally good crops of cereals and seeds. The demands for currency began this year somewhat earlier than usual, and the strain on our resources was at its height towards the close of the first week of January, fully six to seven weeks before the usual period. A certain nervous anxiety prevailed for a time in financial circles, particularly in Calcutta, induced by the rapid and unusually early decrease in the stock of silver coin held in the currency reserve, which fell on the 7th of January to so low a figure as R7,50,76,000. Although the strain came, as I have pointed out, unusually early and surprised many, Government had taken measures in good time to meet possible difficulties, and within one week from the date of low-water mark, that is by January 15th, and notwithstanding the continuance of very heavy demands, we added approximately a crore to the amount of rupees in the Currency Reserve, and by the end of February we held in the Currency Reserve approximately 10\frac{3}{4} crores, or about 3\frac{1}{4} crores more than on January 7th. In this connection, I may mention that the withdrawals of rupees from the Currency Reserve during the single month of December amounted to no less than R4,05,23,000. The nearest approach hitherto to this extraordinary figure was in January 1903, when the withdrawals reached R3,77,17,000.

21. I submit a table which I think will be found of interest, showing month by

month the gain or loss in the stock of rupees held in the Currency Reserve during the last four years, such gain or loss being calculated without reference to the additions which have been made from time to time by new coinage. It will be observed that the total loss during the period has amounted to approximately 213 crores, and I may mention that the amount of new rupees coined for Government, exclusive of recoinage of withdrawn rupees of 1835 and 1840 issues, has during the four years amounted to approximately 263 crores. The withdrawals of rupees from the Currency Reserve do not in mately 263 crores. The withdrawals of rupees from the Currency Reserve any way necessarily correspond with amounts of new coinage, but there will in existing the connection between them. There will only be a circumstances be a certain general connection between them. There will only be a direct correspondence when gold is taken from the Currency Reserve to purchase silver for coinage; but silver may also be purchased from the proceeds of Council drafts, or

locally, and moreover, differences will arise on account of coinage for Native States, and coinage to replace withdrawn rupees of early issues. The two latter sources of difference have been allowed for in the following statement:—

[In thousands of rupees.]

		1900-01.	1901-02.	1902-03.	1903-04.	Average.
		Gain+loss	Gain+loss	Gain + loss	Gain+loss	Gain+loss
April		-2,21,73 +10,37 +1,00,13 -68,40 -2,06,69 -1,94,51 -1,90,43 -1,03,08 -1,76,25 -2,04,44 -2,04,06	-1,77,62 +17,84 +2,59,98 +51,30 -80,48 -77,73 +76,55 +2,93 -1,95,18 -83,60 -1,10,69	-85.07 +45,50 +1,57,57 +91,34 -53,18 -1,09,34 -47,60 -88,25 -2,14,29 -3,77,17 -1,93,86	-2,14,76 -18,26 +91,55 +21,02 -1,15,00 -2,25,77 +12,30 -1,97,82 -4,05,23 -2,12,86 -2,02,10	-1,74,79 +13,87 +1,52,31 +23,97 -1,13,84 -1,51,84 -37,30 -96,56 -2,47,74 -2,19,52 -1,77,68
March		+1,62,98	+34,51	-3,14		+ 64,78
Total gain or los Add on account of of Native Stat 1900-01, and with	es in	-12,96,11	-2,82,19	-8,77,49	-14,66,33	— 9,80,53
of old issues	·	+3,73,69	+ 1,16,58	+8,07,25	+4,52,10	+4,37,40
Net gain or los	s .	-9,22,42	-1,65,61	-70,24	-10,14,23	-5,43,13

good crop prospects, we had already in the month of October commenced the purchase of silver and the coinage of rupees, and when the crisis came we had considerable stocks of bullion both in the Mints and in course of delivery from England, whilst further parcels were under orders. I think that it is not sufficiently recognised by the banking and commercial community that a low stock of rupees in the Currency Reserve, which might give some reasonable cause for apprehension in the absence of preparations for a rapid increase should necessity arise, is not an indication of danger when such preparations have been made, as on the present occasion. Danger point when there has been no prevision and no preparation, is not danger point when all due precautions have been taken to meet a strain.

23. In connection with the large coinage during the last few months, I think I should take this opportunity of expressing my warm appreciation of the manner in which the Mint Masters and all those responsible for the conduct of minting operations have worked to satisfy public requirements and to maintain the high reputation of the Mint staff. Work at the Mints is conducted under many difficulties owing to the fact that when coinage operations were resumed some four years ago, after a long period of comparative idleness, the machinery and appliances were found to be in many respects inadequate and unsuitable to meet the strain of very heavy work. Proposals have been under consideration for the establishment of a combined Mint with new machinery, and with all the latest improvements, but various objections have been raised to the scheme, and, meanwhile, the Mint staff are to be congratulated on their success in coping with the difficulties arising from the imperfections of existing arrangements.

24. Large as was the sale of Council Drafts during the year 1902-1903, the amount has been very greatly exceeded during the current year. It has already reached £22,592,900, and it is estimated that it will attain the altogether phenomenal figure of £23,700,000; and in addition to this quite abnormally large sale of Council Bills, the imports of gold up to the end of February reached a figure approximating 12 millions

The Secretary of State by his drawings, and the Government of India by measures taken locally, have done all in their power to meet the demands of trade. The question of how this should best be done, has been and is likely still further to be, a matter for some discussion; here I would only say that I adhere to my opinion that it is impossible

to admit the direct responsibility of Government to immediately, and in all circumstances meet abnormal demands. Government have every right to expect that those who make it their special business and derive a profit from financing the trade of the country, will consider beforehand what are likely to be their requirements and make due preparation to meet the wants of their customers. We on our side will do all we can, and it is our intention in view of a probably permanent increase in demands for rupees during the winter season, to increase the standard of the stock of silver coin which it has hitherto been considered sufficient to hold in the Currency Reserve at the beginning of October, and further, to take permanent measures to enable a rapid addition to be made to that

stock without the risk of delay in importing silver bullion for coinage.

As regards the events of the last few months I may point out that opinions in the most competent financial circles in India were by no means unanimous in anticipating the great demand for coin which arose. As late as December 15th none of the Presidency Banks had found it necessary to raise their rate above 4 per cent, and this rate is primarily dependent on the rates at which money is being offered in the open market; by January 5th all the Presidency Banks had, however, been obliged to raise rates to 6 per cent. This very rapid rise does not appear from the figures before us, to have been in any way due to low balances held by the Presidency Banks at the beginning of the period of pressure. It was caused by the extraordinary trade demands which the Presidency Banks alone appear to have been in a position to satisfy, and I have not heard of any case in which accommodation was refused to regular customers when good security was forthcoming. Similarly, Government showed no hesitation throughout the crisis, in exchanging gold and notes for rupees when demanded. I must insist on the fact that the Currency Reserve is maintained for the purpose of securing the stability of the note circulation and exchanging sovereigns, and as long as all obligations in this respect are fulfilled the public have no claim to further assistance from its resources.

25. During the year, the Gold Reserve Fund has increased from £3,810,730 to £6,382,200, of which amount £6,376,500 are invested in Consols, the National War Loan, and Local Loans Stocks. In addition to these resources, the last returns show

a sum of £10,494,556 held in gold in the Currency Reserve.

26. Our exchange operations, as indicated by the rates obtained for Council Bills, have naturally been very favourable during the closing year. The estimated average rate for the rupee for 1903-04 is 16.053d. as compared with the rates noted below for the four preceding years:—

1899-1900.	1900-1901.	1901-1902.	1902-1903.	1903-1904 (Estimate).
16.067d.	15'973d.	15.987d.	16.002d.	16.053d.

Balance of Trade.

27. I have been much surprised to learn that there are considerable misapprehensions abroad on the question of the balance of trade. It is impossible to arrive at precise figures showing the exact situation, but I have considered all available sources of information and have had the following statement prepared:—

	1900-1901.	1901-1902.	1902-1903.	Total of three years.
	£	£	£	£
Secretary of State's budgeted drawings.	16,440,000	16,500,000	16,500,000	49,440,000
Excess value of Exports over Imports . Deduct—Transfer of Rupee Paper to	10,983,073	17,989,511	18,611,170	47,583,754
India, net	-9 08,260	1,212,670	1,152,470	1,456,880
Excess balance of Exports	11,891,333	16,776,841	17,458,700	46,126,874
and South African Forces	1,471,048	521,028	153,266	2,145,342
Total excess under classification of "Exports"	13,362,381	17,297,869	17,611,966	48,272,216
Deficit over period	3,077,519	+797,869	+1,111,966	1,167,784